

- Supports Provisions of IEEE 1394-1995 (1394) Standard for High-Performance Serial Bus†
- Performs the Function of a 1394 Cycle Master
- Supports 1394 Transfer Rates of 100, 200 and 400 Mbit/s
- Provides Three Sizes of Programmable FIFOs
- Provides PCI Bus Master Function for Supporting DMA Operations
- Compliant With PCI Specification 2.1
- Provides PCI Slave Function for Read/Write Access of Internal Registers
- Supports the Plug-and-Play (PnP) Specification
- Provides an 8-/16-bit Zoom Video (ZV) Port for the Transferring of Video Data Directly to an External Motion Video Memory Area
- Operates from a 3.3-V Power Supply While Maintaining 5-V Tolerant Inputs
- High-Performance 176-Pin PQFP (PGF) Package

description

The TSB12LV21 (PCILynx) provides a high-performance IEEE 1394-1995 interface with the capability to transfer data between the 1394 phy-link interface, the PCI bus interface, and external devices connected to the local bus interface. The 1394 phy-link interface provides the connection to the 1394 physical layer device and is supported by the on-board link layer controller (LLC). The LLC provides the control for transmitting and receiving 1394 packet data between the FIFO and phy-link interface at rates of 100 Mbit/s, 200 Mbit/s, and 400 Mbit/s. The link layer also provides the capability to receive status from the physical layer device and to access the physical layer control and status registers by the application software.

An internal 1K-byte memory is provided that can be configured as multiple variable-size FIFOs and eliminates the need for external FIFOs. Separate FIFOs can be user configured to support 1394 receive, asynchronous transmit, and isochronous transmit transfer operations.

The PCI interface supports 32-bit burst transfers up to 33 MHz and is capable of operating as both master and target devices. Configuration registers can be loaded from an external serial EEPROM, allowing board and system designers to assign their own unique identification codes. An autoboot mode allows data-moving systems (such as docking stations) to be designed to operate on the PCI bus without the need for a host CPU.

The DMA controller uses packet control list (PCL) data structures to control the transfer of data and allow the DMA to operate without host CPU intervention. These PCLs can reside in PCI memory or in memory that is connected to the local bus port. The PCLs implement an instruction set that allows linking, conditional branching, 1394 data transfer control, auxiliary support commands, and status reporting. Five DMA channels are provided to accommodate programmable data types. PCLs can be chained together to form a channel control program that can be developed to support each DMA channel. Data can be stored in either big endian or little endian format eliminating the need for the host CPU to perform byte swapping. Data can be transferred to either 4-byte aligned locations to provide the highest performance or to nonaligned locations to provide the best memory use.



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† This serial bus implements technology covered by one or more patents of Apple Computer, Incorporated and SGS Thomson, Limited.

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description (continued)

The RAM, ROM, AUX, ZV, and general purpose I/O (GPIO) ports collectively implement the local bus interface. These ports are mapped into the PCI address can be accessed either through the PCI bus or internal DMA transactions. Internal transactions do not appear on the external PCI bus, thereby conserving PCI bandwidth. DMA packet control lists or other data that may be stored in external RAM or ROM attached to the local bus interface. This further reduces PCI use and generally improves performance. The ZV local bus port is designed to transfer data from 1394 video devices to an external device connected to the PCILynx ZV port. This interface provides a method of receiving 1394 digital camera packets directly to a ZV-compliant device attached to the local bus interface.

Built-in test registers, a dedicated test output terminal, and four GPIO terminals allow observation of internal states and provides a convenient software debug capability. Programmable interrupts are available to inform driver software of important events such as 1394 bus resets and DMA-to-PCL transfer completion.

The 3.3-V internal operation provides reduced power consumption while maintaining compatibility with 5-V signaling environments. The PCI interface is compatible with both 3-V and 5-V PCI systems.

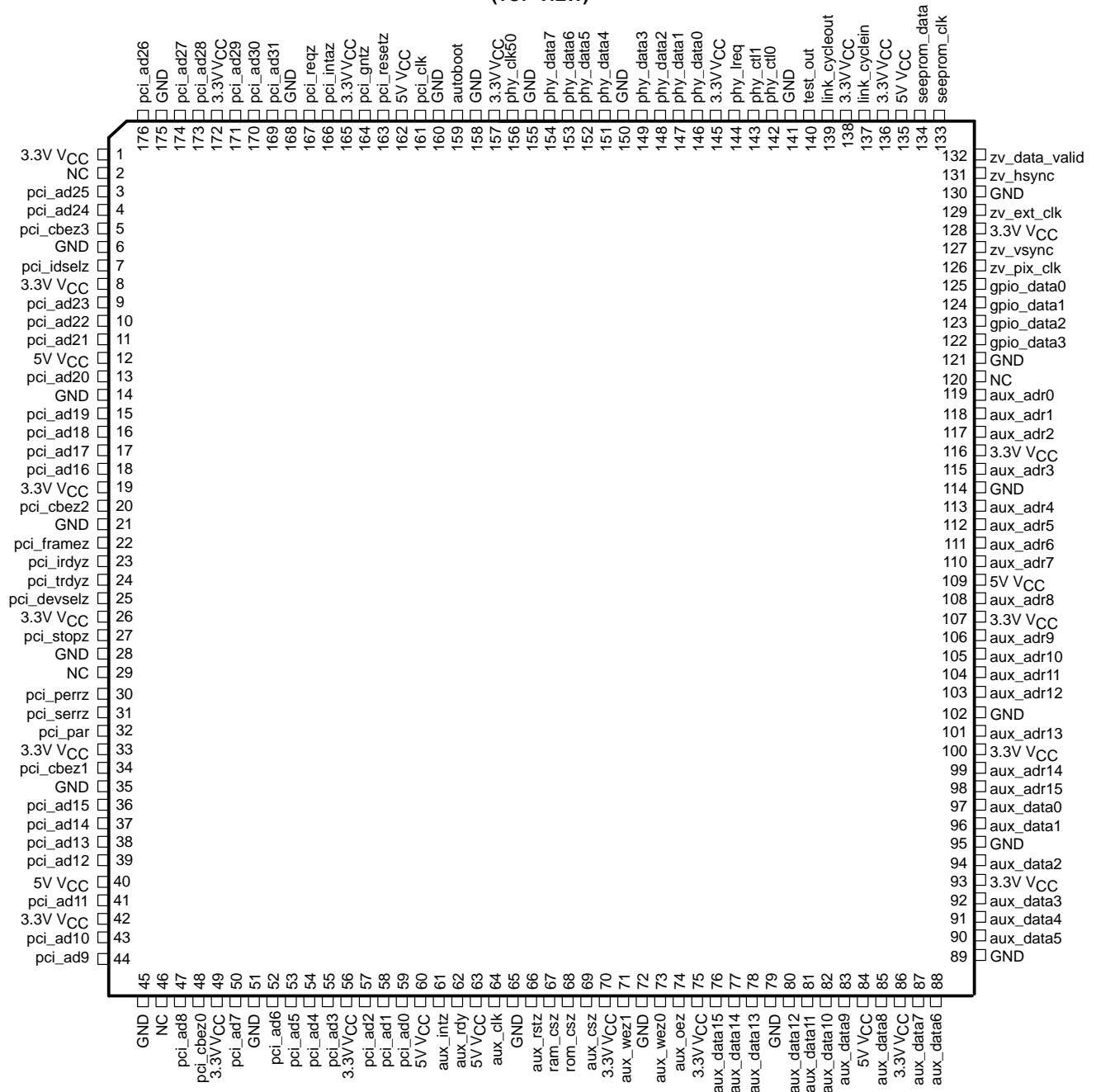


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PGF PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



NC – No internal connection



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Terminal Functions

Terminal		I/O	Description
Name	No.		
3.3V V _{CC}	1,8,19,26,33,42,49 56,70,75,86,93,100 107,116,128,136,138, 145,157,165,172	I	3.3-V power input
5V V _{CC}	12,40,60,63 84,109,135,162	I	5-V power input
autoboot	159	I	Autoboot to select autoboot mode
aux_adr15–0	98,99,101,103–106 108,110–113,115 117–119	O	Auxiliary port address lines
aux_clk	64	O	Auxiliary port clock out (output at frequency of PCI clock)
aux_csz	69	O	Auxiliary port chip select
aux_data15–0	76–78,80–83,85,87 88,90–92,94,96,97	I/O	Auxiliary port bidirectional data bus to external logic
aux_intz	61	I	Auxiliary port interrupt
aux_oez	74	O	Auxiliary port output enable
aux_rdy	62	I	Auxiliary port ready indication (from external logic)
aux_rstz	66	O	Auxiliary port reset out
aux_wez1–0	71,73	O	Auxiliary port write strobes (to external logic)
GND	6,14,21,28,35,45 51,65,72,79,89,95 102,114,121,130,141 150,155,158,160,168 175	I	Ground
gpio_data3–0	122–125	I/O	Auxiliary port general purpose programmable I/O signals
link_cyclein	137	I	Optional external 8-kHz clock
link_cycleout	139	O	Cycle timer 8-kHz cycle clock out
N/C	2,29,46,120		Not connected
pci_ad31–0	169–171,173,174,176 3,4,9–11,13,15–18 36–39,41,43,44,47,50 52–55,57–59	I/O	PCI multiplexed address/data bus signals
pci_cbez3–0	5,20,34,48	I/O	PCI multiplexed command/byte enable signals
pci_clk	161	I	PCI system clock
pci_devselz	25	I/O	PCI device select
pci_framez	22	I/O	PCI frame signal



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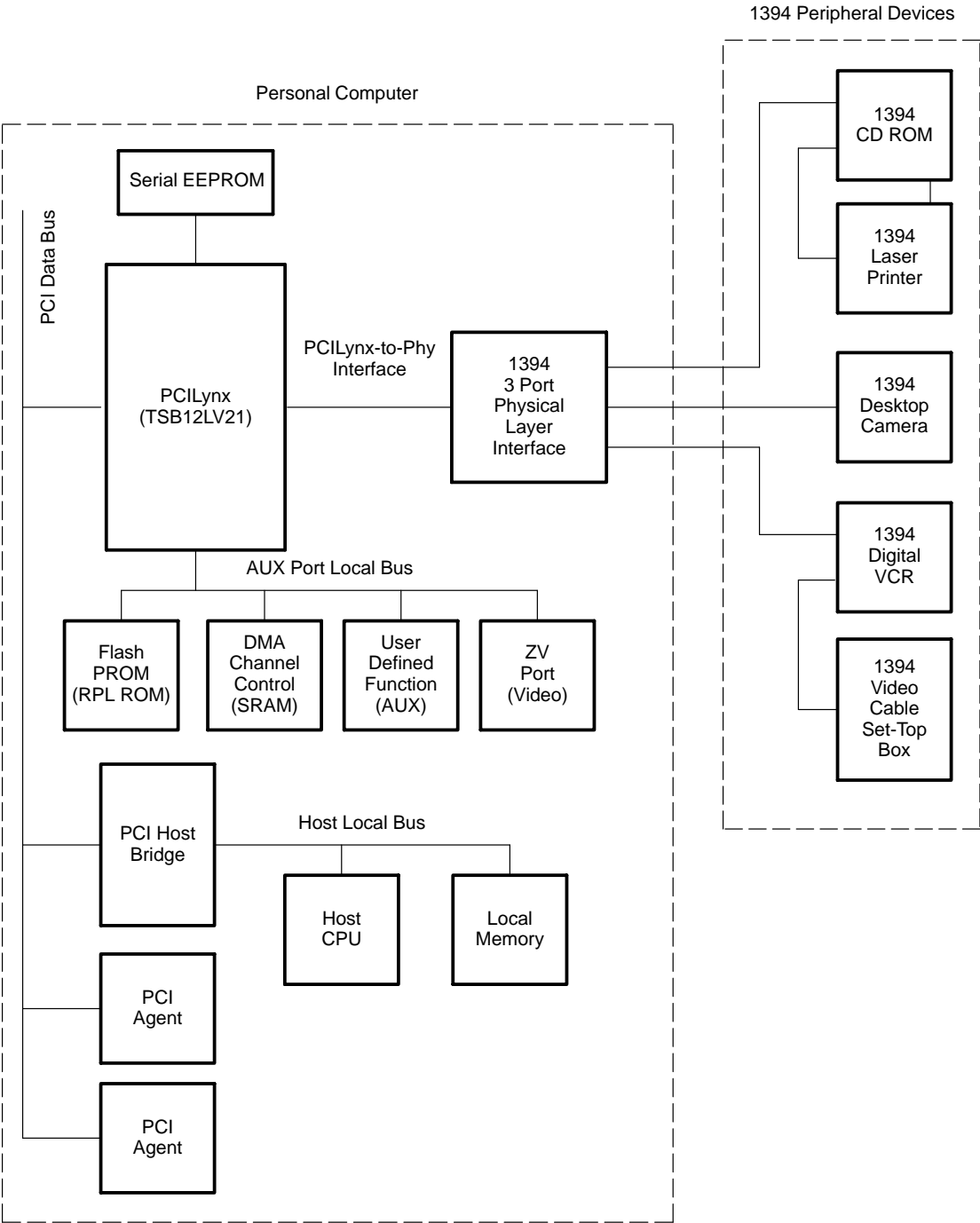
Terminal Functions (continued)

Terminal		I/O	Description
Name	No.		
pci_gntz	164	I	PCI bus grant signal (from PCI bus arbiter)
pci_idselz	7	I/O	PCI initialization device select
pci_intaz	166	OD	PCI system interrupt A. This is an open drain signal.
pci_irdyz	23	I/O	PCI initiator-ready signal
pci_par	32	I/O	PCI parity signal
pci_perrz	30	I/O	PCI data-parity-error signal
pci_reqz	167	O	PCI master bus request (to PCI bus arbiter)
pci_resetz	163	I	PCI system reset
pci_serrz	31	OD	PCI system-error signal. This is an open drain signal.
pci_stopz	27	I/O	PCI stop signal
pci_trdyz	24	I/O	PCI target-ready signal
phy_clk50	156	I	50-MHz system clock (from PHY chip)
phy_ctl0 –1	142,143	I/O	Phy-link bidirectional control lines
phy_data0–7	146–149,151–154	I/O	Phy-link bidirectional data lines
phy_lreq	144	O	Phy-link request signal
ram_csz	67	O	External RAM chip select
rom_csz	68	O	External ROM chip select
seeprom_clk	133	I/O	External serial EEPROM data clock
seeprom_data	134	I/O	External serial EEPROM read/write data line
test_out	140	O	Test MUX out
zv_data_valid	132	O	Zoom port data-valid signal
zv_ext_clk	129	I	Zoom port external clock input
zv_hsync	131	O	Zoom port horizontal-sync output
zv_pix_clk	126	O	Zoom port pixel clock
zv_vsync	127	O	Zoom port vertical-sync output

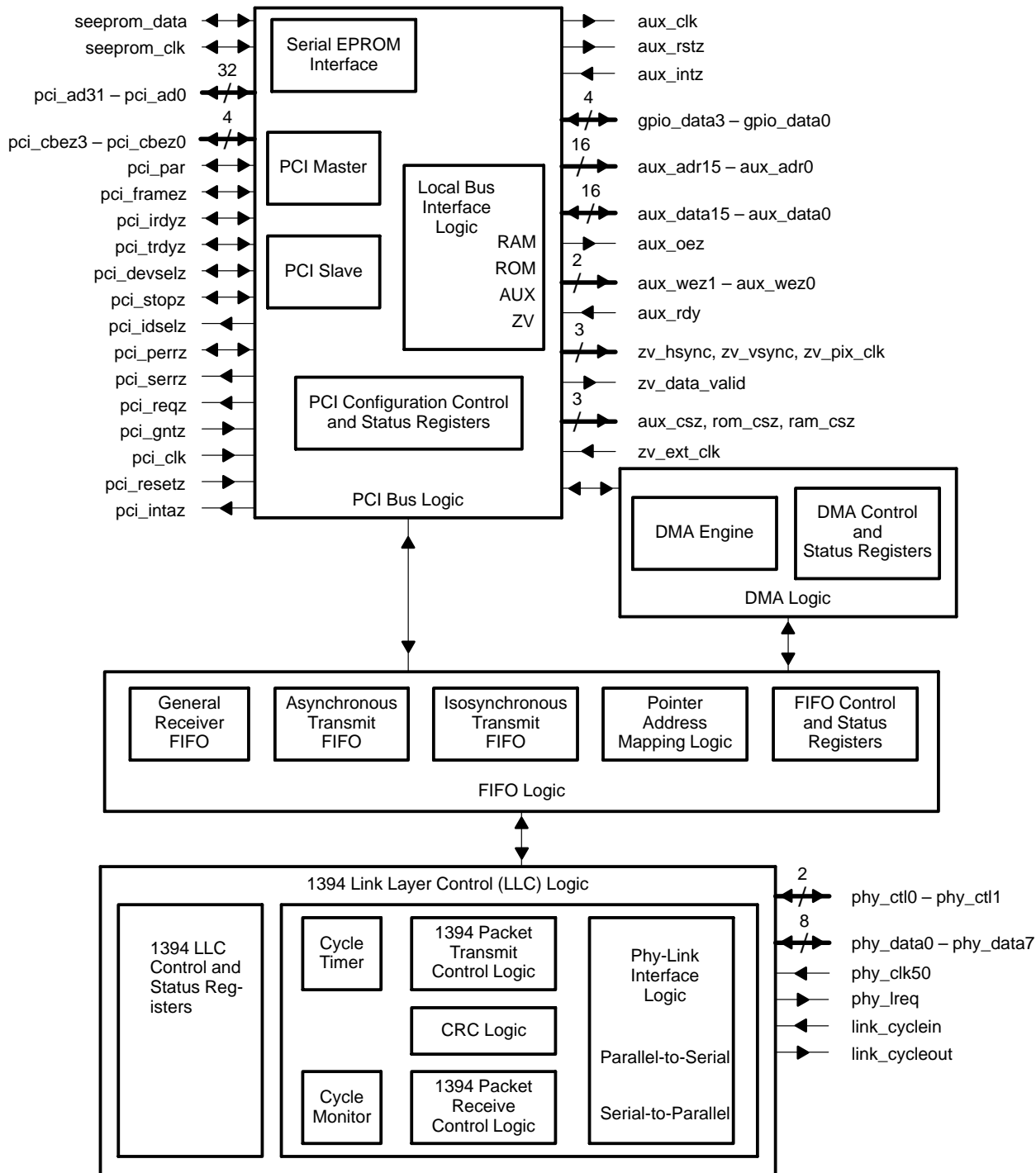
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system block diagram



functional block diagram



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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Supply voltage range, $V_{CC(3V)}$ ($3V V_{CC}$)	–0.5 V to 4.0 V
Supply voltage range, $V_{CC(5V)}$ ($5V V_{CC}$)	–0.5 V to 5.5 V
Input voltage range, V_I	–0.5 V to $V_{CC(5V)} + 0.5 V$ (<4.6 V)
Output voltage range at any output, V_O	–0.5 V to $V_{CC(5V)} + 0.5 V$
Input clamp current, I_{IK} ($V_I < 0$ or $V_I > V_{CC(5V)}$)	± 20 mA
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	–65°C to 150°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V_{CC}	$3V V_{CC}$	3	3.3	3.6	V
	$5V V_{CC}$	4.5	5	5.5	
Input voltage, V_I		0		$V_{CC(5V)}$	V
Output voltage, V_O		0		$V_{CC(3V)}$	V
High-level input voltage, V_{IH}	PCI terminals	$0.475 \times V_{CC}$		V_{CC}	V
	All other terminals	2		V_{CC}	
Low-level input voltage, V_{IL}	PCI terminals			$0.325 V_{CC}$	V
	All other terminals			0.8	
Rise time, input, t_r	PCI terminals			6	ns
	All other terminals			6	
Fall time, input, t_f	PCI terminals			6	ns
	All other terminals			6	
Junction temperature, T_J		0		115	°C



PCI interface switching characteristics, see Figure 1

PARAMETER	MEASURED	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{su1} Setup time, pci_xx low or high to pci_clk high [†]	50% to 50%		7			ns
t _{h1} Hold time, pci_clk high to pci_xx low or high [†]	50% to 50%		0			ns
t _{d1} Delay time, pci_clk high to pci_xx low or high [†]	50% to 50%		0		11	ns
t _{su2} Setup time, pci_reqz, pci_gntz low or high to pci_clk high	50% to 50%		10			ns
t _{d2} Delay time, pci_clk high to pci_reqz low or high	50% to 50%		2		12	ns

[†] In this case, pci_xx refers to the following bidirectional signals; pci_ad31–0, pci_cbez3–0, pci_par, pci_framex, pci_irdyz, pci_trdyz, pci_devselz, pci_stopz, pci_idselz, pci_perrz, pci_serrz, pci_intaz.

phy-link interface switching characteristics, see Figure 2

PARAMETER	MEASURED	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{su3} Setup time, phy_xx low to phy_clk high [†]	50% to 50%		4			ns
t _{h2} Hold time, phy_clk high to link_cyclein low or high	50% to 50%		1			ns
t _{d3} Delay time, phy_clk high to phy_xx, phy_lreq low or high [†]	50% to 50%		3		11	ns
t _{su4} Setup time, phy_clk high to link_cyclein low or high	50% to 50%		5			ns
t _{d4} Delay time, phy_clk high to phy_lreq low or high	50% to 50%		5		13	ns

[†] In this case, phy_xx refers to the following bidirectional signals; phy_ctl1–0, phy_data7–0.

aux bus switching characteristics, see Figure 3

PARAMETER	MEASURED	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{d5} Delay time, pci_clk high to aux_oez low or high	50% to 50%		5		14	ns
t _{d6} Delay time, pci_clk low to aux_wez low or high	50% to 50%		3.3		10.4	ns
t _{d7} Delay time, pci_clk high to aux_data15–0 (write) low or high	50% to 50%		4.2		15.6	ns
t _{d8} Delay time, pci_clk high to aux_adr15–0 low or high	50% to 50%		4.3		12.6	ns
t _{d9} Delay time, pci_clk high to aux_csz, ram_csz, or rom_csz low or high	50% to 50%		3.5		10.1	ns
t _{d10} Delay time, pci_clk high to aux_clk high	50% to 50%		2.3		7.1	ns
t _{d11} Delay time, pci_rstz low to aux_rstz low	50% to 50%				11	ns
t _{su5} Setup time, aux_data15–0 (read) low or high to pci_clk high	50% to 50%		3			ns
t _{su6} Setup time, aux_intz low to pci_clk high	50% to 50%		2.1			ns
t _{su7} Setup time, aux_rdyz low to pci_clk high	50% to 50%		4.1			ns
t _{h3} Hold time, pci_clk high to aux_data15–0 (read) low or high	50% to 50%		1.4			ns
t _{h4} Hold time, pci_clk high to aux_intz high	50% to 50%		1.3			ns
t _{h5} Hold time, pci_clk high to aux_rdyz high	50% to 50%		1.4			ns

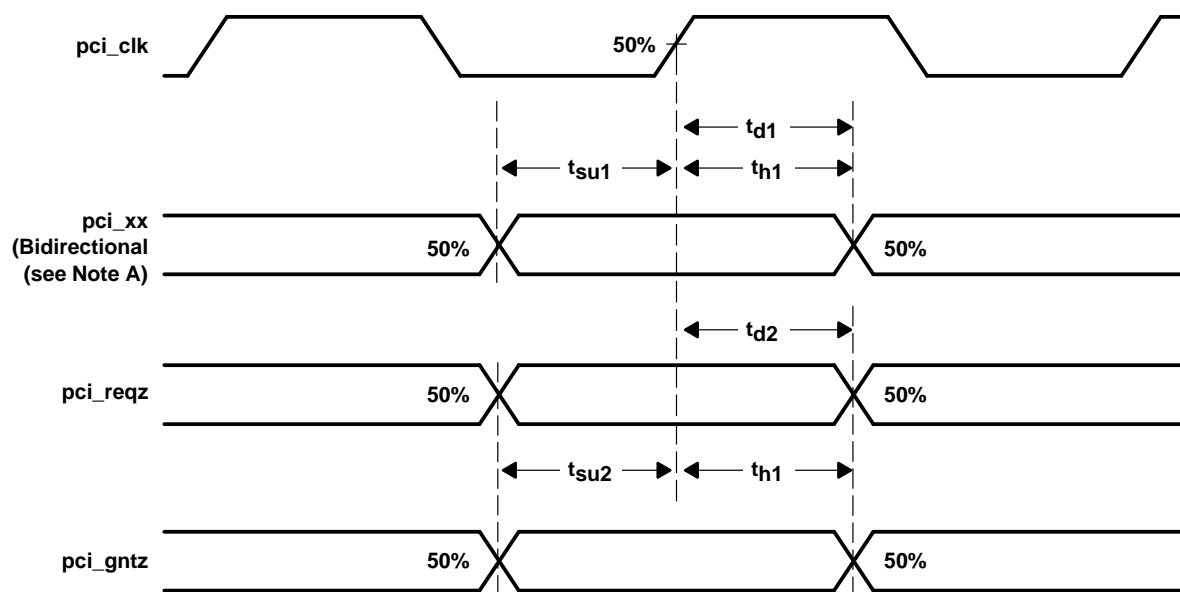
zoom video port switching characteristics, see Figure 4

PARAMETER	MEASURED	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{d12} Delay time, zv_pix_clk low to aux_data15–0 (write) low or high	50% to 50%		2.61		6.6	ns
t _{d13} Delay time, zv_pix_clk low to zv_data_valid low or high	50% to 50%		1		2.2	ns
t _{d14} Delay time, zv_pix_clk low to zv_hsync low or high	50% to 50%		1		2.8	ns
t _{d15} Delay time, zv_pix_clk low to zv_vsync low or high	50% to 50%		1		2.2	ns

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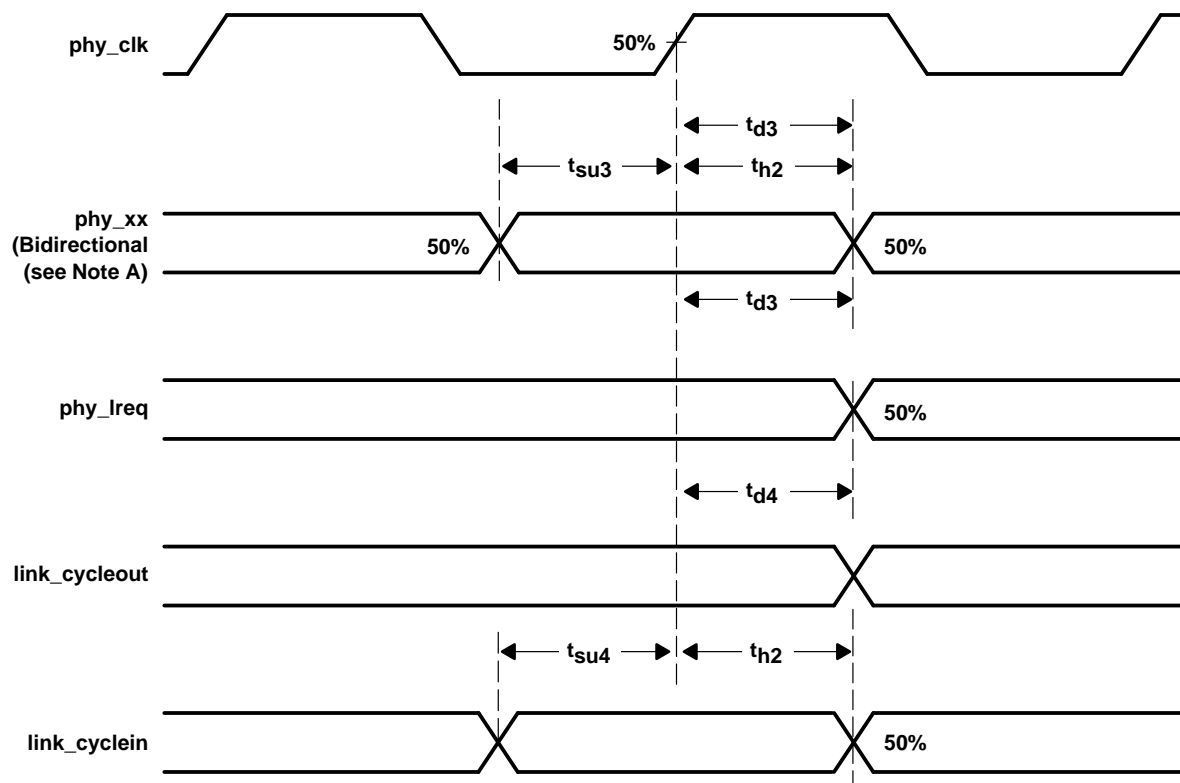
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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTE A: In this case, pci_xx refers to the following bidirectional signals; pci_ad31–0, pci_cbez3–0, pci_par, pci_framex,, pci_irdyz, pci_trdyz, pci_devselz, pci_stopz, pci_idselz, pci_perrz, pci_serrz, pci_intaz.

Figure 1. PCI Interface Timing Waveforms



NOTE A: In this case, phy_xx refers to the following bidirectional signals; phy_ctl1–0, phy_data7–0.

Figure 2. Phy-Link Interface Timing Waveforms



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

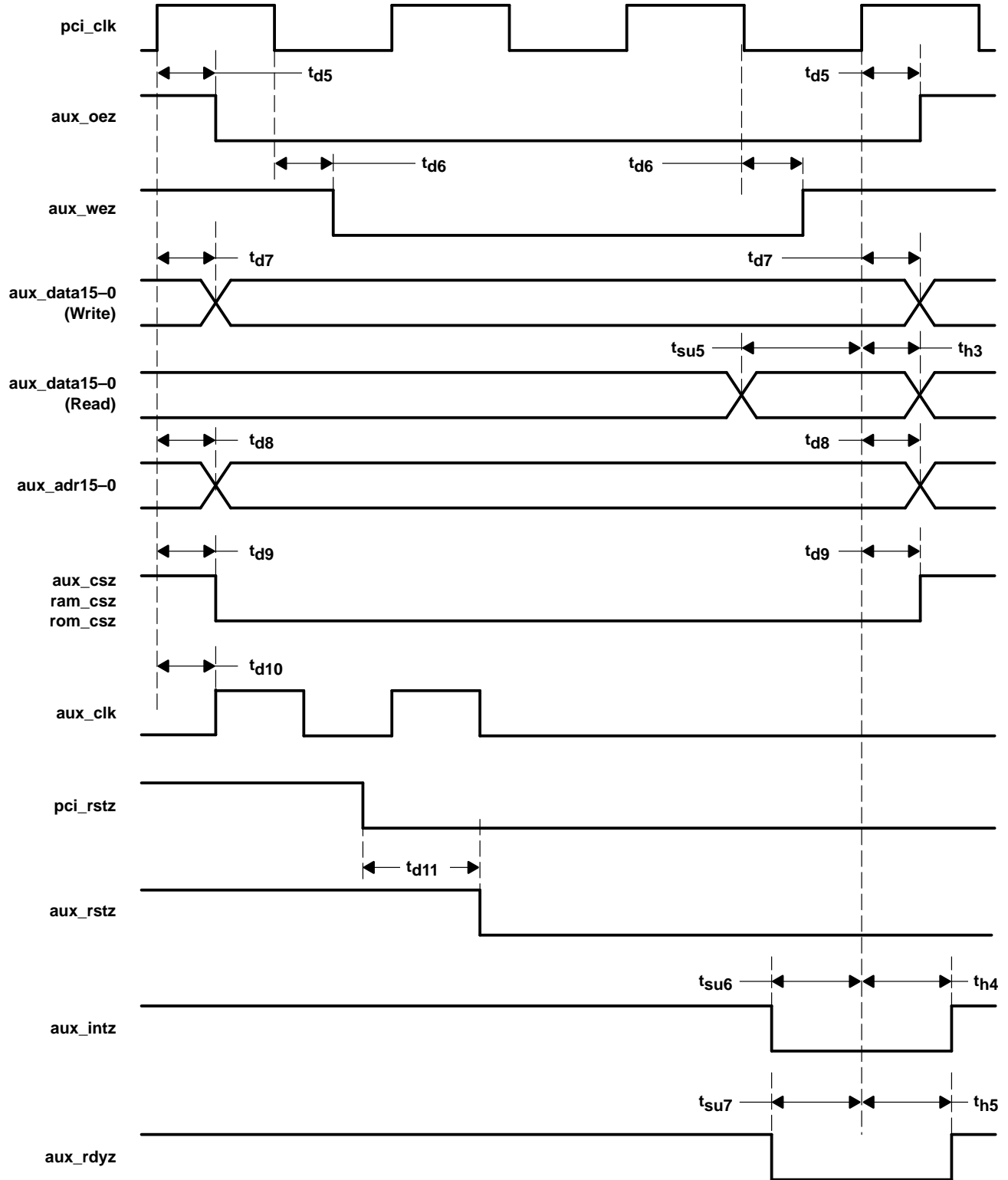


Figure 3. Aux Bus Timing Waveforms

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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

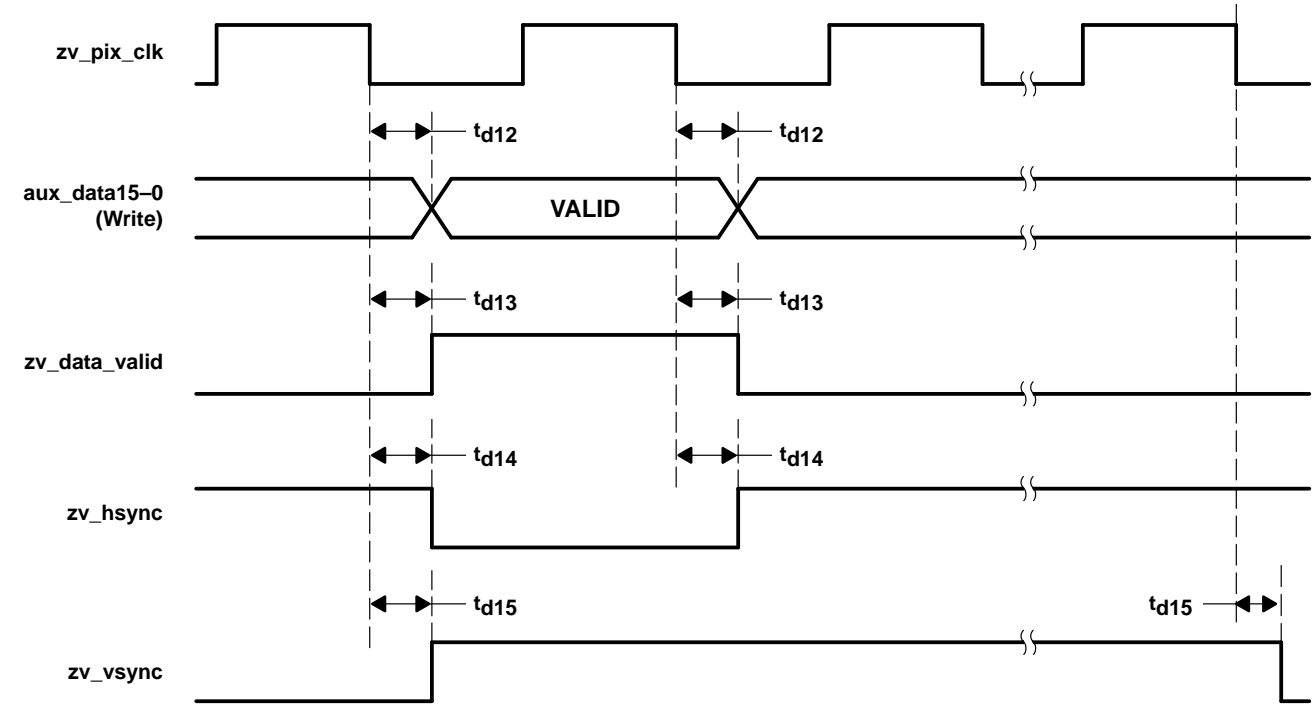


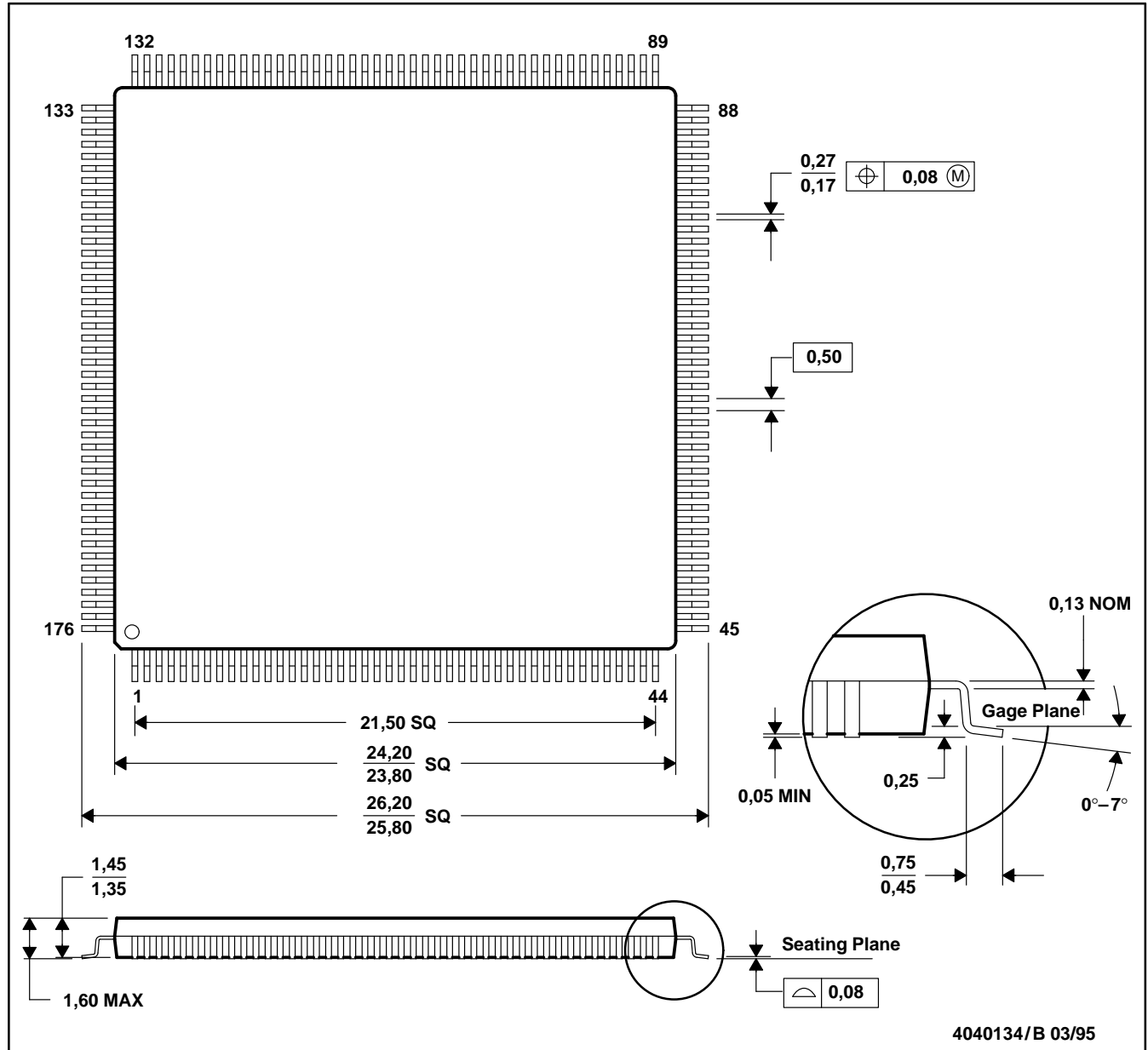
Figure 4. Zoom Video Port Timing Waveforms



MECHANICAL INFORMATION

PGF (S-PQFP-G176)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Falls within JEDEC MO-136

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