

Printing History

First Edition November 1981
Second Edition ... January 1983

Table of Contents

Syntax Legend	1
Operators	5
BASIC Syntax	7
IMAGE/250	45
PACK/250	57
SORT/250	59
REPORT WRITER/250	61
FORMS/250	67
QUERY/250	69
TRIG/250	73
TRACE/250	75
TIO/250	77
MEDIA/250	81
RJE/250	83
TASK/250	87
TIMER/250	89
GPL/250	91
Utilities	95
Binary Programs	99
Reference Tables	103
Error Codes	111

Syntax Legend

The HP 250 BASIC language consists of **statements**, **functions**, **operators** and **commands**. Operators and functions are used with variables and numbers in creating numeric and string **expressions**. Expressions can be included in statements and executed from the keyboard. Each statement can also be preceded by a line number and stored as a program line. Commands can only be executed from the keyboard; they are not programmable.

Conventions Used In This Guide

dot matrix – all key words and characters in dot matrix must appear as shown.

... – an ellipsis indicates that the previous element can be duplicated.

[] – all elements enclosed in brackets are optional unless the brackets are in dot matrix. Several elements stacked inside a pair of brackets means the user may select any one or none of these elements. For example: $\begin{bmatrix} A \\ B \end{bmatrix}$ user may select A or B or neither.

{ } – when several elements are stacked within braces, the user **must** select one of these elements. For example: $\begin{Bmatrix} A \\ B \\ C \end{Bmatrix}$ the user must select A or B or C.

name – a capital letter followed by up to 14 lowercase letters, digits or underscores. For example –

- variables (simple, array, numeric and string)
- labels
- subprogram names

line number – an integer from 1 thru 9999.

line label — a unique name (see **name** above) given to a program line. It follows the line number and is followed by a colon.

line id — a program line can be identified either by its line number (GOTO 150) or its label, if any (GOTO Routine).

current line — the next program line to be executed: normally the first line in memory, unless the program was suspended by HALT or PAUSE.

numeric expression — a logical combination of variables, constants, operators and functions (including user-defined functions) grouped within parentheses as necessary.

string expression — a series of characters (text) within quotes, a string variable, a substring, a string concatenation operation (&), a string function (including user-defined), or any combination of these items.

constant — a fixed number within the system's range, such as 2.12.

character — a letter, number, symbol or any arbitrary 8-bit byte defined by the CHR\$ function.

text — a string of characters, quoted or unquoted.

variable — a name which is assigned a value and specifies a location in memory.

array identifier — a numeric variable name followed by (*), indicating the use of the entire array variable.

pass parameters — includes variables, array identifiers, expressions and data file numbers (preceded by #).

formal parameters — includes non-subscripted variables, array identifiers and data file numbers (preceded by #).

subscripts — numbers within parentheses which are attached to a variable name and reference a particular variable element or boundary.

redim subscripts — numeric expressions separated by commas and enclosed in parentheses to redefine array working bounds. (The number of dimensions cannot change and the total number of elements cannot increase over the number originally dimensioned.)

file number — the number assigned to a mass storage data file by an ASSIGN statement. Its range is 1 thru 10.

file name — a one to six character string with the exception of a space, quote mark, comma, colon, NULL or CHR\$(255).

device address — an expression (rounded to an integer) in the range 0 thru 20 which indicates the peripheral device address. These device addresses are reserved —

- 0 — standard external printer
- 6 — flexible disc drives *or 15*
- 7 — built-in 5 or 10Mb Disc or HP 7910 Fixed Disc
- 8 — display (standard printer at power-on)
- 9 — null address (allows outputting data to a "bit bucket")
- 10 thru 20 — peripherals connected via data comm interface.

unit spec — a string expression specifying the mass storage device. The form is —

device type [select code [: device address [: unit code]]]

The letters specifying the various device types are —

- C — HP 7906A Removeable Disc
- D — HP 7906A Fixed Disc
- F — Flexible Disc (default address 6)
- G — 5 Mb Disc
- H — 10 Mb Disc
- K — Cartridge Tape Drive
- L — HP 7910 Fixed Disc (default address 7)
- O — HP 7908 Disc Drive
- P — HP 7911P Disc
- S — HP 7912P Disc

The device address range is from 0 thru 7: the unit code is from 0 thru 7 (codes 0 thru 4 are for flexible disc units). For example, the unit spec :F2,6,0 specifies the top flexible disc drive. The select code always defaults to 2.

volume label — a one- to eight-character string assigned to the storage medium via PRINT LABEL.

volume spec — a string specifying either a unit spec or a volume label preceded by a comma. For example,
 ,POYROIIS

file spec — a string expression of the form —
 file name [volume spec]

The optional volume spec is needed when addressing a mass storage device other than the default device (see MASS STORAGE IS).

protect code — any valid string expression (except a null string) assigned via the PROTECT statement. Only the first six characters are recognized as the protect code.

SFK — special function keys defined via ON KEY# and EDIT KEY#.

standard printer — the output device selected by the PRINTER IS statement.

system printer — the output device selected by the SYSTEM PRINTER IS statement.

default device — the mass storage device specified in the configuration file as the default. MASS STORAGE IS is used to change the default device.

Arithmetic Operators

		Examples
+	add	10 + 5 = 15
-	subtract, negate	10 - 5 = 5 -2
*	multiply	10 * 5 = 50
/	floating point divide	15 / 10 = 1.5
^ or **	exponentiate	8 ^ 3 = 512
DIV	integer divide	15 DIV 10 = 1 -15 DIV 10 = -1
MOD	modulo;	38 MOD 6 = 2
	A MOD B =	A - (B * INT(A / B))
		-13 MOD 2 = 1 -13 MOD -2 = -1

Relational Operators

		Examples
<	less than	A < B
>	greater than	A > B
<=	less than or equal to	A <= B
>=	greater than or equal to	A >= B
=	equals	A = B
<> or #	not equal to	A <> B

Logical Operators

AND	logical AND	A AND B
OR	inclusive OR	A OR B
EXOR	exclusive OR	A EXOR B
NOT	logical NOT	NOT A

Truth Table

A	B	A AND B	A OR B	A EXOR B	NOT A
T	T	1	1	0	0
T	F	0	1	1	0
F	T	0	1	1	1
F	F	0	0	0	1

Operational Hierarchy

- () (parenthesis) (highest)
- ^ (exponentiation)
- NOT, unary +, -
- *, /, MOD, DIV
- +, -
- =, <, >, <=, >=, <> or # (relational)
- AND
- OR, EXOR (lowest)

A

ABS (numeric expression)

This function returns the absolute value of the numeric expression.

ASSIGN { file spec TO# file number } [: return variable]
 [: protect code] [: class list]

ASSIGN { * TO# file number }
 { # file number TO* }

Opens a data file by assigning it a number (first syntax). It also closes a data file by using * in place of the file spec (second syntax). The return variable can be any simple numeric variable. The protect code is required when the file is protected. The class list is a series of keywords separated by commas which specify the type of file access.

Value of Return Variable	Meaning
0	File available.
1	No such file found.
2	File is protected.
3	Wrong file type.
4	Access violation.
5	Other error.

Class	Word	Meaning
1	EXCLUSIVE UPDATE READ ONLY	Type of access to assign one keyword only
2	BUFFERED	Assign buffer
3	CHECKREAD	Specify automatic checkread

AUTO [beginning line number [: increment value]]

This command allows program lines to be numbered automatically as lines are stored. If no parameters are specified, numbering begins with the last line number in memory plus 10, and is incremented by 10.

AVAIL

This function returns the total number of available records on the medium in the current default mass storage device.

B

BEEP

Outputs an audible beep.

BUFFER # file number

Assigns a 256-byte buffer from user read/write memory to the specified file to reduce mass storage device transfers.

C

CALL subprogram name [(pass parameter list)]

Transfers control to a subprogram. A pass-parameter list is not allowed in calls initiated from ON... branching statements.

CASE case item [: case item [: ...]]

case item - { constant } ["TO" { constant } "string"]

A number of CASE statements may be included in a structured SELECT block. If the SELECT expression is within the range of a case item, the following block of statements are executed. If not, execution resumes after the END SELECT or CASE ELSE statement.

CASE ELSE

This statement is optionally added to a structured SELECT block. Execution resumes here, rather than at the END SELECT statement when the SELECT expression does not match any CASE list.

CAT [ALOG] [catalog spec] [: file type]

The catalog spec can be followed by a volume spec.

Outputs the file name, type, and physical specifications for each user file on either the default mass storage device (omit volume spec) or the specified device. The optional catalog spec is a string expression of one thru six characters; when specified, only file names beginning with that combination of characters are output. The optional file type is a four-character string specifying to list only that type of files. The catalog is output to the system printer.

The available file types are -

- DATA - Data file
- PROG - Program file
- KEYS - Special function keys file
- OTHR - Not created by HP 250
- BPRG - Binary program file (programs supplied by HP)
- FORM - FORM software file
- DROM - Dynamic Relocatable Option Module (software) file
- COMM - Configuration file for INP
- DSET } IMAGE software files
- ROOT }
- SYST - Main operating system file
- BKUP - Backup file

CHECKREAD [OFF] [# file number]

Verifies that the information being stored on a storage medium is identical to that in memory. The optional file number specifies to checkread data to that file only.

CHECK READ also forces the output of data if it is not buffered (see BUFFER). Including OFF deactivates a previous corresponding CHECK READ statement, either general or for a specified file.

CHR# (numeric expression)

The character function converts a numeric value between -32768 and 32767 into a string character. Any number outside the range of 0 thru 255 is converted modulus 256 to that range.

COL operand array

This function returns the number of columns in the array.

COM item [: item...]

Dimensions and reserves memory space for simple and array variables and data file numbers in a "common" memory area, allowing values or file status to be passed to subprograms or to other programs. Each item in the list can be -

- simple numeric
- numeric array [subscripts]
- simple string [[number of characters]]
- string array (subscripts) [[number of characters]]
- # file number

COM cannot be executed from the keyboard.

COMMAND string expression

This statement executes the statement composed in the string expression. COMMAND cannot be executed from the keyboard.

{CONT CONTINUE} [line id]

This command resumes execution of a program, either at the specified line or where it was suspended (no line id), without altering program conditions and modes.

COPY source file spec [TO destination file spec [: protect code]]

Copies a file from one medium to another. The protect code is needed only if the source file is protected. Omitting the destination file spec outputs the source file contents to the standard printer (the source file is assumed to be a spool file).

[F] CREATE file spec : number of defined records [: record length]

Establishes a data file of the specified size and places an EOF mark in each word of every record. The number of records and record length (in bytes) can range from 1 thru 65534. Using the FCREATE keyword speeds up the operation by omitting file initialization with EOFs.

CURSOR item list

Controls the display cursor and displayed character fields. The control items available are -

- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| ([X position][:Y position]) | Set cursor position |
| IV field length | Set inverse video |
| BL field length | Blinking characters |
| UL field length | Underline field |
| HB field length | Set half bright display |
| RE field length | Reset |
| PL no. of lines | Protect lines |
| PALL | Protect entire page |
| UPL no. of lines | Unprotect lines |
| UPALL | Unprotect entire display buffer |
| IF field length | Specify input field |
| OF field length | Specify output field |

RIF field length Reset input field
 ROF field length Reset output field

Each parameter can be an integer expression greater than 0. Other control items are allowed with the FORMS system software; refer to the FORMS/250 section for details.

CURKEY numeric variable

This function returns an integer number indicating the source of an ON...KEY# interrupt (without TIO/250 DROM) or an ON...condition interrupt (with TIO/250).

return value	meaning
0	No interrupt
1 thru 24	SFKs 1 thru 24
① ② ③	
25, 26, 27	Port 1 (device address 11)
28, 29, 30	Port 2 (device address 12)
31, 32, 33	Port 3 (device address 13)
34, 35, 36	Port 4 (device address 14)
37, 38, 39	Port 5 (device address 15)
55	ON DELAY

- ① Indicates an ON INPUT# or ON OUTPUT# interrupt.
- ② Indicates an ON BREAK# interrupt.
- ③ Indicates an ON CONNECT# or ON DISCONNECT# interrupt.

D

DATA constant or text [: constant or text...]

This statement provides constants and quoted or unquoted text from which READ obtains values for numeric and string variables. DATA cannot be executed from the keyboard.

DATE#

This function returns the current system date, if one has been set. The date is returned in either European or US format, depending upon the format in which it was set.

DEFAULT { ON } { OFF }

Specifying ON prevents the following math errors from halting program execution by providing default values for out-of-range results which occur in computations or assignments. The default values allow a program to execute completely, using the default values, rather than stopping due to any of these math errors -

Error (Number)	Default Value
Integer precision overflow (20)	32767 or -32768
Short precision overflow (21)	+ or - 9.99999E63
Real precision overflow (22)	+ or - 9.999999999999E99
Intermediate result overflow (23)	+ or -9.999999999999E511
TAN(N*PI/2), N:odd integer (24)	9.999999999999E511
Zero to negative power (26)	9.999999999999E511
LGT or LOG of 0 (29)	-9.999999999999E511
Division by 0 (31)	+ or -9.999999999999E511
X MOD Y, Y=0	0

Specifying OFF cancels any previous DEFAULT ON.

DEF FN { function name } [(formal parameter list)] = expression

DEF FN { function name } [(formal parameter list)]

Defines a single-line function (first syntax), or a multiple-line function subprogram (second syntax). DEF FN cannot be executed from the keyboard.

DEL first line id [: second line id]

This statement deletes a line or section of a program. If only one line id is specified, just that line is deleted. If two line ids are specified, the entire block of lines is deleted.

DEL SUB subprogram name [TO END]

Deletes the named subprogram from memory. If TO END is specified, all successive subprograms and user-defined function subprograms are also deleted.

DEL FN function name [#][TO END]

Deletes the named user-defined function subprograms from memory. If TO END is specified, all successive subprograms and function subprograms are also deleted.

DET [operand matrix]

This function returns the determinant of either the specified matrix or the last matrix inverted using fetch MAT...INV.

DIM item [#item...]

Declares the number of dimensions and the maximum number of elements in each dimension for real-precision array variables and initializes all elements to 0. The DIM statement is also used to define the maximum length of all string variables, declare the number of dimensions and maximum number of elements in each dimension and initialize all strings to the null string. Each item in the list can be -

- numeric array (subscripts)
- simple string [number of characters]
- string array (subscripts) [[number of characters]]

DIM cannot be executed from the keyboard.

DIRECT

Dumps all pending data from disc to cartridge tape. Causes all subsequent requests to come through the memory buffer, not the disc buffer.

DIRECT NOUPDATE

Starts memory buffered operation without dumping any buffers. This may cause loss of data. It is intended to be used when the disc is having problems which require diagnosis.

DISABLE

Deactivates any ON KEY# interrupt declarative so that pressing that key has no effect on current program control. The interrupt is still recorded.

DISP [display list]

Causes the items in the list to be displayed. The items can be variables, expressions, array identifiers, and output functions (SPA, TAB, LIN, and PAGE). Each item is separated by a comma or semicolon.

DISP USING { image format string } [# print using list]
line id

This statement is similar to PRINT USING, except that the output is always directed to the display. See PRINT USING and IMAGE.

DOOR LOCK volume spec

Locks the door of the specified flexible disc drive. DOOR LOCK cannot be executed from the keyboard.

DOOR UNLOCK [volume spec]

Unlocks the door of either the specified flexible disc drive (volume spec) or all locked devices.

DOT (vector 1 # vector 2)

This function returns the inner (dot) product of two vectors.

DROUND (numeric expression # number of significant digits)

The digit round function returns the numeric expression rounded to the specified number of significant digits.

E

EDIT ["prompt" { # }] string variable

Displays the current value of the string variable (up to 160 characters in length) and waits for the operator to edit it. Pressing stores the new string value and continues program execution. EDIT cannot be executed from the keyboard.

EDITKEY # SFK number

This command sets a mode to define a special function key (SFK) as a series of keystrokes for use as a typing aid.

ELSE

This statement is optionally added to a structured IF ... THEN block. A false expression causes execution to resume at the line following ELSE, rather than after the END IF. A true expression causes execution to skip all lines between ELSE and END IF.

ENABLE

Reactivates any ON KEY# interrupt declaratives that were previously deactivated by DISABLE.

END

Terminates program execution and resets the program line pointer. END is not keyboard executable.

END IF

This statement terminates a structured IF ... THEN block.

END LOOP

This statement terminates a structured LOOP block.

END SELECT

This statement terminates a structured SELECT block.

END WHILE

This statement terminates a structured WHILE block.

ENTER variable name₁ [= variable name₂...]

Used to input data from the display and continue program execution. ENTER is not keyboard executable.

ERRL

The error line function returns the line number in which the most recent program execution error occurred.

ERRM\$

The error message string function returns the most recent error message encountered in the program.

ERRN

The error number function returns the number of the most recent program error.

EXIT IF conditional expression.

This statement is placed within a structured LOOP block. Execution exits the block when the expression is true.

EXP (numeric expression)

The exponential function returns the value of Napierian ($e \approx 2.71828182846$) raised to the power of the computed expression.

F

FETCH [line id]

This command displays the specified program line. Omitting the line identifier recalls the current program line.

FIXED number of digits

Sets fixed point mode for output of numeric values and specifies from 0 thru 12 digits to the right of the decimal point.

FLOAT number of digits

Sets floating point mode (scientific notation) for output of numeric values and specifies from 0 thru 11 digits to the right of the decimal point.

FNEND

This statement is an optional last line in a function sub-program.

FOR loop counter = initial value TO final value
[STEP increment value]

Defines how many times a FOR-NEXT loop is to be executed. The loop counter must be a simple variable. If no increment value is specified, it defaults to 1.

FRACT (numeric expression)

This function returns the fractional part of the evaluated expression and is defined by:
argument - INT (argument).

G

GET file spec [= first line id [= execution line id]]

Brings into memory a program saved with the SAVE statement, or any string data file consisting of valid BASIC statements. When the first line id is specified, the program is renumbered so that it begins with the line number specified. The second line id specifies where execution is to begin.

GOSUB line id

Transfers program control to the subroutine beginning at the specified line.

GOSUB numeric expression OF line id list.

See ON...GOSUB statement.

GOTO line id

Transfers program control to the specified line.

GOTO numeric expression OF line id list

See ON...GOTO statement.

H

HOLE

This function returns the largest number of available contiguous free records on the default mass storage device.

I

IF numeric expression THEN [line id
executable statement]

Provides conditional branching. If the numeric expression is evaluated as true, execution is transferred to the specified line or the statement is executed. The following statements cannot follow THEN.

COM	INTEGER
DATA	OPTION BASE
DIM	REAL
DEF FN	REM
SHORT	FN END
SUB	END
SUBEND	IMAGE

When no parameters follow THEN, a true expression causes execution to resume with the next line; a false expression causes execution to resume with the line following either an ELSE statement or (if ELSE is omitted) an END IF.

IMAGE image format string

Used with PRINT USING or DISP USING to specify the output format using numeric and string field specifiers, blanks, and carriage control. Field specifiers must be separated by a comma, @, or a slash. Here's a list of symbols which are combined to make up field specifiers —

- D Specifies a digit position. The fill character is a blank. nD specifies n digit positions.
- Z Specifies a digit position. The fill character is a zero. nZ specifies n digit positions.
- *
- X Causes a blank to be printed. nX causes n blanks to be printed.
- A Specifies a single string character position. nA specifies n string characters.
- .
- R Indicates placement of a comma radix indicator. There may be only one radix indicator per numeric specifier.
- C Indicates placement of a comma in a numeric specification. It is a conditional character and is output only if there is a digit to its left.
- P Indicates placement of a period in a numeric specification. It is a conditional character and is output only if there is a digit to its left.
- S Indicates a sign position for a + or -. The sign floats to the left of the leftmost significant digit if E appears before all digit symbols.

- M Indicates a sign position; + is replaced by a blank. The sign floats to the left of the leftmost significant digit if M appears before all digit symbols.
- E Causes output of an E, a sign and a two-digit exponent for output of numbers in scientific notation.
- K Specifies an entire string or numeric field. A numeric specifier is output in standard format, except that no leading or trailing blanks are output. The current value of a string is output.

One of these three control characters can be placed at the beginning of the image string to override normal carriage-return line-feed (CRLF) output with PRINT USING or DISP USING —

- + Suppresses line feed (LF).
- Suppresses carriage return (CR).
- # Suppresses CRLF.
- @ Outputs a form feed.
- / Causes a CRLF to be output. n/ causes n CRLFs to be output.
- () Parentheses allow specifiers to be replicated.
- " " Specifies text.

@ and / can also be used as delimiters to separate field specs. IMAGE cannot be executed from the keyboard.

INDENT starting column : increment

This command re-positions the starting column of all program lines. Structured constructs (IF ... THEN-ELSE, WHILE, LOOP, SELECT, FOR-NEXT, etc.) are further indented by the incremental value.

INDIRECT

Returns to normal disc-buffered operation from DIRECT mode. The memory buffer is always dumped.

INPUT ["prompt " { }] variable-name,
["prompt " { }] variable name₂...

Suspends program execution, allowing values to be assigned to variables from the keyboard. Program execution is resumed by pressing (⏎). INPUT cannot be executed from the keyboard. Omitting all parameters simply suspends program execution and returns keyboard control until (⏎) is pressed.

INT (numeric expression)

The integer function returns the greatest integer which is less than or equal to the evaluated expression.

INTEGER numeric variable₁ [(subscripts)]
[numeric variable₂ [(subscripts)] = ...]

Dimensions and reserves storage space for integer-precision variables. INTEGER cannot be executed from the keyboard.

L

LDISP [display list]

Displays the list of items on the next unprotected display line. The remainder of the display line is cleared.

LENTER string variable name

Reads the current display line into the string variable and continues program execution. LENTER cannot be executed from the keyboard.

LEN (string expression)

The length function returns the current character length of the string expression.

[LET] { numeric variable₁ [= numeric variable₂...] =
 numeric expression }
 string variable₁ [= string variable₂...] =
 string expression }

Assigns a value to one or more variables.

LGIT (numeric expression)

The common log function returns the common logarithm (base 10) of a positive numeric expression.

LIN (number of line feeds)

The line function is used with PRINT and DISP, causing a carriage return and the specified number of line feeds to be output. The range of the numeric expression specifying the number of line feeds is from -32768 thru 32767; a negative number suppresses the carriage return.

LINK file spec [= first line id [= execution line id]]

Brings into memory a program saved with SAVE, or any string data file consisting of valid BASIC statements, without erasing the values of variables. If the first line id is specified, the loaded program is renumbered so that it begins with the number of the specified line. The second line id specifies where execution is to continue.

LINPUT ["prompt " { }] string variable

Suspends program execution, allowing any combination of characters to be entered and assigned to one string variable. Pressing (⏎) resumes program execution. LINPUT cannot be executed from the keyboard.

LIST [beginning line id [= ending line id]]

This command outputs a listing of all or part of program lines in memory in order from lowest numbered to highest numbered line. If one line id is specified, the listing begins with that line. If two line ids are specified, that block of lines is listed. The listing is output to the system printer.

LIST KEY# [SFK number list]

This command lists the typing-aid definitions of either the specified special function keys or all definitions when the list is omitted.

LOAD file spec [: execution line id]

Puts back into memory a program stored with STORE, erasing any BASIC lines and binary programs in memory. The execution line id specifies where execution is to begin.

LOAD BIN file spec

Loads the specified binary file into memory without altering any other binary routines already in memory.

LOAD KEY file spec

Loads special function key typing-aid definitions from a file stored with STORE KEY. Program lines in memory are not affected.

LOAD SUB file spec [: line number [: increment]]
[: starting segment [: last segment]]

Loads one or more subprograms from a program file, placing them at the end of the program currently in memory. The starting segment and last segment parameters allow specifying to load only those subprograms into memory.

LOCK# file number [: wait variable]

Used to restrict mass storage data-file access to the issuing console. The optional wait parameter indicates whether the console should wait for access to the specified file if it is already LOCKed. 0 indicates to wait for access; any other value indicates not to wait for access. The drive status is returned to the wait variable. The UNLOCK# statement releases the file for other consoles to use.

LOG (numeric expression)

The natural log function returns the natural logarithm (base e) of a positive numeric expression.

LOOP

This statement begins a structured LOOP block. The block of statements are continually executed until the expression in an EXIT IF statement is true.

LWC# (string expression)

The lowercase function returns a string with all uppercase letters converted to lowercase.

M

MASS STORAGE IS volume spec

Specifies the default mass storage device. The volume spec is a string specifying either a volume name or a unit spec.

MAT array variable = CON [(redim subscripts)]

The MAT ... CON statement assigns the value 1 to every element in a numeric array. A new working size can be specified.

MAT result vector = CSUM operand matrix

The MAT-CSUM statement finds the sums of the elements of the columns of a numeric matrix and stores them in a vector.

MAT matrix name = IDN [(redim subscripts)]

The MAT ... IDN statement establishes an identity matrix: all elements equal zero except the main diagonal (upper left to lower right) which all equal one. A new working size can be specified; it must have two dimensions.

MAT INPUT array variable ₁ [(redim subscripts ₁)]
 [; array variable ₂ [(redim subscripts ₂)] ; ...]

The **MAT INPUT** statement assigns values from the keyboard to elements of an array during program execution.

MAT result matrix = INV operand matrix

The **MAT ... INV** statement establishes a square matrix as the inverse of the specified square matrix.

MAT PRINT array₁ [{ }] [array₂ [{ }] ...]]

The **MAT PRINT** statement outputs the specified arrays on the standard printer.

MAT PRINT # file number [; record number] ; array₁
 [; array₂ ; ...] [; END]

The **MAT PRINT #** statement records all elements of the specified arrays onto a mass storage medium. **END** prints an EOF after the data.

MAT READ array₁ [(redim subscripts₁)]
 [; array₂ [(redim subscripts₂)] ; ...]

The **MAT READ** statement reads values for all the elements in an array or arrays from a **DATA** statement or statements which specify the values.

MAT READ# file number [; record number] ; array₁
 [(redim subscripts₁)] [; array₂ [(redim subscripts₂)] ; ...]

The **MAT READ#** statement reads values for the elements of the specified arrays from a mass storage medium.

MAT result vector = RSUM operand matrix

The **MAT ... RSUM** statement finds the sums of the elements of the rows of a numeric matrix and stores the sums in a vector.

MAT result matrix = TRN operand matrix

The **MAT ... TRN** statement establishes a matrix as the transpose of a specified matrix (rows become columns, columns become rows). A matrix can't be transposed into itself.

MAT array variable = ZER [(redim subscripts)]

The **MAT ... ZER** statement sets all elements in a numeric array to zero. The array can be redimensioned.

MAT array variable = (numeric expression)

The **MAT-initialize** statement assigns the value of the expression to every element in a numeric array.

MAT result array = function operand array

The **MAT-function** statement evaluates each element in the operand numeric array by the specified system function; the result becomes the value of the corresponding element in the result array. The function can be any single-argument system function.

MAT result array = operand array

The **MAT-copy** statement copies the value of each element in a numeric array into a second numeric array.

MAT result array = operand array operator operand array

The **MAT-operation** statement allows an arithmetic or relational operation to be performed on corresponding elements of two numeric arrays; the result becomes the value of the corresponding element in the result array. The following operators are allowed -

+ , - , * , / , = , < , > , <= , >= , <> or #

MAT result array = operand array operator (scalar)
MAT result array = (scalar) operator operand array

The MAT-scalar operation statement performs an arithmetic or relational operation on each element of a numeric array using a constant scalar (numeric expression); the result becomes the value of the corresponding element of the result array. The following operators are allowed -

+ , - , * , / , = , < , > , <= , >= , <> or #

MAT result matrix = operand matrix₁ * operand matrix₂

The matrix multiplication statement multiplies two numeric matrices together. The number of columns of the first operand must equal the number of rows of the second.

MAX (list)

This function returns the largest value in the list of numeric expressions.

MERGE file spec [; line id [; execution line id]]

Takes program lines from a data file and positions them in memory, either in front of the program currently there, or between consecutive lines in the program currently there, or behind the program currently there. If the first line id is specified, the program lines in the specified file are renumbered beginning with that line. If two line ids are specified, execution begins with the second line id specified.

MIN (list)

This function returns the smallest value in the list of numeric expressions.

MSI volume spec

This is an abbreviated form of the MASS STORAGE IS statement.

N

NEXT loop counter

Used with FOR to define the last statement of a FOR-NEXT loop and causes the loop counter to be incremented and tested.

NUM (string expression)

The numeric function returns the decimal equivalent of the 8-bit binary value of the first character of the string expression.

O

OFF END# file number

Cancels any previous ON END# condition currently active for the specified data file number.

OFF ERROR

Cancels any ON ERROR condition currently active.

OFF HALT

Cancels any ON HALT condition.

OFF KEY# [key number] [; keynumber]

Deactivates a corresponding ON KEY# statement; pressing the special function key then has no effect on program control. Omitting the key number deactivates all ON KEY definitions.

ON END# file number { GOTO line id
GOSUB line id
CALL subprogram name }

Declares a branch to occur when an EOF mark is encountered during a READ# or PRINT# operation to a data file, thus avoiding an end-of-data error message. No parameters can be passed to the subprogram when CALL is used.

ON ERROR { GOTO line id
GOSUB line id
CALL subprogram name }

Used to prevent some recoverable program execution errors from halting execution by causing branching when an error occurs and suppressing the normal error process. No parameters can be passed to the subprogram when CALL is used.

ON numeric expression GOSUB line id list

Accesses any one of the subroutines listed based on the value of the numeric expression. A value of 1 corresponds to the first line id in the list, 2 to the second, etc.

ON numeric expression GOTO line id list

Transfers program control to one of the lines listed, based on the value of the numeric expression. A value of 1 corresponds to the first line id in the list, 2 to the second, etc.

ON HALT { GOTO line id
GOSUB line id
CALL subprogram name }

Activates a branching condition which occurs when **HALT** is pressed. The branch occurs only during program execution or during the INPUT state.

ON KEY#key number₁[: #keynumber₂ , ... , #keynumber_n]
[: priority] [:label] { GOSUB line id
GOTO line id
CALL subprogram name }

Allows any special function key (SFK) to be used for program control. When an SFK is pressed during a program and an ON KEY# statement has been declared for it, the specified branching occurs if the specified priority is higher than the current system priority. The range of priority is an integer expression from 1 thru 15. The label is a string expression which appears above a display SFK as its label.

OPTION BASE { 0
1 }

Allows the default lower bound of arrays to be specified as 1 rather than 0. OPTION BASE 0 can be declared for documentation purposes since it is the default state. The OPTION BASE statement must be placed before any DIM, COM, REAL, SHORT, and INTEGER statements. OPTION BASE cannot be executed from the keyboard.

P

PAGE

This function is used with PRINT, DISP, or LDISP and causes a form feed to be output. Up to 75 lines are searched for a top-of-form indicator on the internal printer.

PAUSE

Suspends program execution. Use the CONTINUE command to resume execution at the next line. PAUSE cannot be executed from the keyboard.

PI

This function returns the value of PI (π) which is about 3.14159265360.

PURGE file spec [; protect code]

Erases the specified file from the storage medium. The protect code is needed only if the file was previously protected.

R

RANDOMIZE [numeric expression]

Re-initializes the random number seed.

READ variable name₁ [; variable name₂ ; ...]

Specifies variables for which values are to be assigned from a DATA statement. READ cannot be executed from the keyboard.

READ LABEL { string array name
string variable [ON volume spec] }

Returns the mass storage volume label(s) currently in use. The label of the specified volume is returned to a single string variable, while the labels of all media currently in use are returned to an array variable. An * is returned with the label of the currently-set default device. A ? indicates that the device is not ready.

READ# file no. { variable list
record no. [; variable list]
record no. ; word pointer [; variable list] }

Retrieves values for variables from the specified file. In serial access mode (first syntax), reading starts at the beginning of the file or after the last data item accessed. In direct access mode (second syntax), reading starts at the beginning of the logical record. Including a word pointer (third syntax) begins reading data at the specified word in the logical record. READ# can also be used to reposition the data pointer by omitting the variable list in direct access mode. Each variable in the list must be separated by a comma.

REAL numeric variable₁ [(subscripts)]
[; numeric variable₂ (subscripts) ; ...]

Dimensions and reserves storage space for non-subscripted and array variables and declares them as real (full) precision. REAL cannot be executed from the keyboard.

REC (file number)

The record function returns the current position of the record pointer for the specified mass storage file. Specifying a negative file number returns the physical record address for a specified file.

REDIM array variable₁ (subscripts)
[; array variable₂ (subscripts) ; ...]

Defines a new working size for an array. The total number of elements cannot exceed that originally declared. The number of dimensions cannot change.

RELEASE device address

Cancels any REQUEST for exclusive use of a peripheral device by that console. See REQUEST.

REM [any combination of characters]

Allows insertion of non-executable remarks into the listing of a program, to provide documentation and make the program easier to follow.

REN [beginning line number [; increment value]]

This command allows the program in memory to be re-numbered. If no parameters are specified, numbering begins with 10 and is incremented by ten.

RENAME old file spec TO new file name [; protect code]

Renames an existing mass storage file. The protect code is needed only if the file was previously protected.

REPEAT

This statement begins a REPEAT block.

REQUEST device address [: wait variable]

Reserves exclusive use of the specified peripheral device for the console. (Discs cannot be reserved.) The value of the wait variable indicates whether the program should wait for access to the device or continue. The peripheral's status is returned to the wait variable. Use RELEASE to cancel REQUEST.

RES

This function returns the result of the last numeric computation executed from the keyboard.

{ RESAVE } file spec [: protect code] { RE-SAVE } [: beginning line id [: ending line id]]

Saves a program into a file previously created by SAVE. The protect code is used only if the file was previously protected. When no line ids are specified, the entire program is saved. When one line id is specified, the program is saved from that line to the end. When both line identifiers are specified, that block of lines is saved.

RE-STORE [KEY] file spec [: protect code] [BIN]

Stores a program, SFK typing-aid definitions (RE-STORE KEY), or a binary program (RE-STORE BIN) into a file previously created with STORE, STORE KEY, or STORE BIN (respectively).

RESTORE [line id]

Repositions the DATA pointer either to the beginning of the specified DATA statement, or at the lowest numbered DATA statement in the current program segment if one is not specified, so that the values can be reused. If the line specified is not a DATA statement, the pointer is positioned at the first DATA statement following that line. RESTORE cannot be executed from the keyboard.

RETURN [numeric expression] [string expression]

With no expression, this statement is the last line in a subroutine and transfers control back to the line following the GOSUB statement. RETURN is also used with DEF FN to specify the value to be returned to the calling program and transfer control back to the statement which referenced the function subprogram.

REVISION

The revision function returns a value indicating the current operating system revision level.

RND

The random function generates a pseudo random number greater than or equal to 0 and less than 1.

ROW operand array

This function returns the number of rows in the specified array.

RPT\$ (string expression : number of repetitions)

The repeat function returns the string expression repeated the specified number of times. The range of repetitions is from 0 thru 32767.

RUN [line id] [file spec [: line id]]

This command begins execution of a program at either the specified line or the lowest numbered line in memory (no parameters). The specified line must be in the main program. If a file spec is given, the program is automatically loaded from the file and run, starting at either the first line (no line id) or the specified line.

S


SAVE file spec [: beginning line id [: ending line id]]

Lists and records either all or some of program lines in memory into a data file. If one line id is specified, the program is saved from that line to the end. When both line ids are specified, that block of lines is saved.

SCRATCH

A
C
KEY# [key number]
P
V

Without a parameter, this statement erases programs and variables from memory. Specifying a parameter:


SCRATCH A erases the entire memory (like ).

SCRATCH C erases all variables including those in com.

SCRATCH KEY # [key number] erases all or only the specified SFK typing-aid definitions.

SCRATCH P erases programs and variables.

SCRATCH V erases all variables except those in com.

SCRATCH  erases the SFK typing-aid definition.

SECURE [line id [: line id]]

Prevents either selected lines or an entire program from being viewed; an asterisk appears after the line number replacing the line in the listing. If one line id is specified, only that line is secured. If both line identifiers are specified, that block of lines is secured.

SPACE DEPENDENT or SD

When executed, computer automatically sets all BASIC keywords to uppercase and sets other words to initial caps

SPACE INDEPENDENT or SI

SELECT conditional expression

This statement begins a structured SELECT block. If the expression is within the range of any CASE list within the block, execution resumes after that CASE statement. Otherwise execution resumes after the CASE ELSE or END SELECT statement.

SGN (numeric expression)

The sign function returns a 1 if the expression is positive, 0 if it is zero and -1 if it is negative.

SHORT numeric variable₁ [(subscripts)]
[: numeric variable₂ [(subscripts)] : ...]

Dimensions and reserves storage space for simple and array variables and declare them as short precision. SHORT cannot be executed from the keyboard.

SIZE (file number)

This function returns the size of the specified file, in logical records. Specifying a negative file number returns the logical record size of a file record, in words.

SLEN (file number)

The string length function returns the number of string characters in the file, beginning at the current word pointer location. A return value of -1 indicates that string data is not found.

SPA (number of spaces)

The space function is used with PRINT and DISP to output a specified number of blank spaces, up to the end of the current line. The number of spaces is a positive numeric expression rounded to an integer.

SQR (numeric expression)

This function returns the square root of a non-negative expression.

STANDARD

Sets standard mode for output of numeric values.

STOP

Terminates program execution and sets the program pointer to the lowest numbered line.

STORE file spec

Stores all program lines and binary routines in memory into a program file on the specified storage device.

STORE BIN file spec

Stores all user binary programs from memory into a file.

STORE KEY file spec

Stores all special function key (SFK) typing-aid definitions into a special key file.

SUB subprogram name [(formal parameter list)]

The first line of a subprogram.

SUB END

The last line in a subprogram, transferring control back to the calling program.

SUB EXIT

Transfers control from a subprogram back to the calling program before SUB END is executed.

SUM (operand array)

This function returns the sum of all elements in the specified array.

SYSTEM PRINTER IS { device address
file spec [, SIZE] records }
[, WIDTH width] [, TRANSPARENT]

Specifies the system printer, which is the destination for all successive LIST, CAT, TRACE, and STEP (step program) outputs. The display (device address 8) is set to be the system printer at power-up. See PRINT ALL, IS for details on other parameters.

T

.TAB (character position)

This function is used with PRINT, DISP and LDISP and causes the next item to be output beginning at the specified character position. The TAB function is independent of the $\left[\begin{smallmatrix} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{smallmatrix} \right]$ and $\left[\begin{smallmatrix} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{smallmatrix} \right]$ keys.

TASKID

This function returns the task id number, or number assigned to the workstation currently active (same as USRID).

TIME#

Returns the current system time in the form hh:mm:ss if one has been set.

TRIM# (string expression)

This function returns the string expression with any leading and trailing blanks deleted.

TYP (file number)

The type function returns a value which indicates what type of data will be accessed next in the specified file. Specifying a positive file number allows the data pointer to advance until it is positioned on something other than an EOR mark. A negative file number suppresses movement of the data pointer.

Return Value	Meaning
0	Unidentified type
1	Real-precision number
2	Complete string
3	End-of-file mark
4	End-of-record mark
5	Integer-precision number
6	Short-precision number
7	(unused)
8	First part of a string
9	Middle part of a string
10	Last part of a string

U

UNLOCK# file number

Unlocks a data file previously LOCKed, for use by other consoles. See the LOCK# statement.

UNTIL conditional expression

This statement terminates a REPEAT block. The block of statements are repeatedly executed until the conditional expression is true.

UPC# (string expression)

The uppercase function returns a string with all lowercase letters converted to uppercase.

USRID

This function returns the user id number, or number assigned to the console currently active.

V

VAL (string expression)

The value function returns the numeric value, including any exponent, of a string of digits so that the value can be used in calculations.

VAL# (numeric expression)

This function returns a string representing the numeric expression in current output mode.

W

WAIT [number of milliseconds]

Delays program execution the approximate number of milliseconds before continuing. The range of the numeric expression is from -32768 thru 32767; a negative number defaults to 0. If the number of milliseconds is not specified, program execution will be delayed indefinitely. The wait is cancelled by pressing **HALT** or a defined softkey.

WHILE conditional expression

This statement allows repeated executed of a block of statements until the conditional expression is false. The block is terminated with an END WHILE statement.

WRD (file number)

The word function returns the position of the word pointer in the specified mass storage file.

X

XPOS

This function returns the current X-axis position of the display cursor.

Y

YPOS

This function returns the current Y-axis position of the cursor, relative to the first line in the display buffer.

DBML and Utility Statements

These parameters are used in describing DBML and utilities.

base\$ – A string variable which contains the data base name.

set – A numeric expression evaluating to a data set number.

set\$ – A string expression evaluating to a data set name.

mode – A numeric expression evaluating to a valid mode.

status (*) – An integer array containing at least 10 elements in right-most dimension, used to return status codes on most DBML statements.

list\$ – A string expression evaluating to either “@”, “@!” or “@ ”. In all but the first case, any arbitrary character sequence may also follow.

buf\$ – A string variable, without any substring specifiers, which is used to transfer information between the BASIC program and the data base.

qual – A numeric expression evaluating to a valid item, set or volume number.

qual\$ – A string expression evaluating to a valid item, set or volume name.

maint\$ – A string expression evaluating to the maintenance password.

set list\$ – A string expression evaluating to a list of set numbers or names separated by commas. An * may be used, depending on the statement.

item list - A list of string or numeric variables (or arrays) and SKPs which correspond to items in the data set specified in an IN DATA SET statement.

line list - A list of line numbers or labels which appears in an IN DATA SET ... USE REMOTE LISTS statement. Each line id must refer to an IN DATA SET LIST statement.

return var. - A numeric expression to which the final execution status of the statement is assigned.

backup\$ - A string expression evaluating to the name of the backup file.

vol list\$ - A string expression evaluating to a list of backup volume names separated by commas.

vol spec\$ - A string expression evaluating to a volume label or device specifier.

arg - A numeric expression evaluating to either a record number (mode 4) or a master set numeric search item value (mode 7).

arg\$ - A string expression evaluating to a master set string search item value.

item - A numeric expression evaluating to a data item number (corresponding to a detail search item).

item\$ - A string expression evaluating to a data item name (corresponding to a detail search name).

value - A numeric expression evaluating to a detail search item value.

value\$ - A string expression evaluating to a detail search item value.

pass\$ - A string expression containing a left-justified string.

DBCLOSE (base\$: {set : set\$} : mode : status)

Terminates access to a data base.

- _____ modes _____
- 1 - Closes data base.
 - 3 - Rewinds data set.
 - 4 - Dumps data buffer and updates DBCB.

DBCREATE base\$ [: maint\$] [: set list\$: vol spec\$] [: return var.]

Creates and initializes all or only selected data sets.

DBDELETE (base\$: {set : set\$} : mode : status (*))

Deletes existing entries from a data set. Specify mode 1 to delete the current entry.

DBERASE base\$ [: maint\$] [: set list\$: vol. spec\$] [: return var.]

Erases existing data entries from all or selected data sets.

DBFIND (base\$: {set : set\$} : mode : status (*), item\$: {value : value\$})

Locates the first and last entries of a data chain in a detail data set in preparation for access to that chain. Specify mode 1 to find head of chain. The item is a detail search item name or number.

DBGGET (base\$: {set : set\$} : mode : status (*),

list\$: buf\$: {arg : arg\$})

Reads the data items of a specified entry in a data set.

- _____ modes _____
- 2 - serial read forward, argument parameter ignored.
 - 4 - directed read, argument contains record number.
 - 5 - chain read forward, argument parameter ignored.
 - 7 - calculated read, argument contains word key.

DBINFO (base\$: { qual
qual\$ } : mode : status (*) : buf\$)

Provides information about the data base, such as the name and field description of data items.

— modes —

- 101 - identifies data item number for a given data item name.
- 102 - describes a specific data item for a given data item name or number.
- 104 - identifies all data items for a given data set name or number.
- 201 - identifies a data set number for a given data set name.
- 202 - describes a specific data set for a given data set name or number.
- 203 - identifies all data sets for a given data base (qualifier ignored).
- 204 - identifies all data sets containing a given data item name or number.
- 301 - identifies all data paths for a given data set name or number.
- 302 - identifies a search item for a given data set name or number.
- 401 - identifies a volume number for a given data set name or number.
- 402 - identifies a volume name for a given volume number.
- 403 - identifies all volumes for a given data base (qualifier ignored).
- 404 - identifies all data sets for a given volume name or number.

DBLOCK (base\$: { set
set\$ } : mode : status (*) : P\$)

Locks a data base to allow the user exclusive write access.

— modes —

- 1 - with wait, write access to entire data base.
- 2 - without wait, write access to entire data base.
- 3 - with wait, write access to specified data set.
- 4 - without wait, write access to specified data set.
- 5 - with wait, write access to specified predicate.
- 6 - without wait, write access to specified predicate.
- 11 - with wait, read access to entire data base.
- 12 - without wait, read access to entire data base.
- 13 - with wait, read access to specified data set.
- 14 - without wait, read access to specified data set.
- 15 - with wait, read access to specified predicate.
- 16 - without wait, read access to specified predicate.

DBOPEN (base\$: pass\$: mode : status (*))

Initiates access to a data base. Sets up the access mode and user class number for the specified data base.

— modes —

- 1 - modify shared with data base locking.
- 3 - modify exclusive.
- 8 - read shared.

DBPURGE base\$: [maint\$] [: set list\$
: vol spec\$] [: return var]

Purges specific data sets or the entire data base, including the root file and all its data sets.

DBPUT (base\$: { set
set\$ } : mode : status (*) : list\$: buf\$)

Adds new entries to a data set. Specify mode 1 to put a new entry in data set.

DBRESTORE backup\$ [DN vol spec\$]

Re-stores the data base using data in a BKUP file created with DBSTORE. To load this binary statement from the UTILITY disc, execute LOAD BIN "DBSTOR".

DBSTORE base\$ [: maint\$] [: set list\$] TO backup\$
[DN vol list\$]

Copies all or specified data sets of a given data base to a backup (BKUP) file. To load this binary statement, execute LOAD BIN "DBSTOR".

DBUNLOCK (base\$: { set
set\$ } : mode : status (*))

Unlocks a data base that was locked with a previous DBLOCK. Specify mode 1 for unconditional unlocking of the data base.

DBUPDATE (base\$: { set
set\$ } : mode : status (*) : list\$: buf\$)

Modifies specified item values in an entry. (Search items may not be modified.) Specify mode 1 to update non-search item values in the current entry.

PREDICATE P\$ FROM set\$₁ [: item\$
[: relop\$: value\$]] [: set\$₂... [: set\$_n...]

The variable P\$ identifies the sets and/or items which are to be locked with the DBLOCK statement. These relops are allowed = or EQ, <= or LE, >= or GE. The alphabetical relops are for European character sets.

EDITOR Commands

RUN "EDITOR [volume spec]"

Load and run EDITOR program.

{^AADD} [Q] [line number] [, HOLD]

Adds lines to the text file.

{^CCHANGE} [Q] string₁ TO string₂ [IN range list]

Changes character strings in the text file.

{^DDELETE} [Q] [range list]

Deletes lines in the text file.

{^EEXIT
END}

Terminates the EDITOR program.

{^FFIND} [Q] [string [IN range list]
line number]

Finds specified character strings or current line position.

{^GGATHER} ALL [TO line number] [BY increment value]

Renumbers a text file.

{^HHOLD} [Q] [range] [, APPEND]

Saves lines from the text file into the hold file.

{^KKEEP} "file spec" [UNN
UNNUMBERED]

Saves the text file as a data file.

{^LLIST} [Q] [range] [, OFFLINE]

Lists lines from the text file to the display or printer.

{^MMODIFY} [range list]

Modifies lines in the text file.

{^SSET} {LENGTH = nnn
PRINTER = n [, WIDTH = nnn]
LINES = nnn}

Sets EDITOR parameters.

{^TTEXT} "file spec" [UNN
UNNUMBERED]

Copies a data file into the text file.

{^WWHILE}

Repeats a group of EDITOR commands.

SCHEMA Commands

RUN "SCHEMA [volume spec]"

Loads and runs the SCHEMA program.

*TITLE["character string"]

Specifies a character string to be printed at the top of each page of the schema listing.

*PAGE["character string"]

Causes a form feed during the schema listing and prints an optional string in place of the \$TITLE string.

*CONTROL option list

The option list can include:

LIST List each source record from the text file.

NOLIST Turn off the LIST option.

ROOT Build a ROOT file.

NOROOT Turn off the ROOT option.

TABLE List data set information following schema listing.

NOTABLE Turn off TABLE option.

ERROR=nnn Set maximum number of errors to occur before schema operation is halted.

LINES=nnn Set maximum number of lines per page of schema listing.

Default \$CONTROL command is:
 \$CONTROL LIST, ROOT, TABLE,
 ERRORS=100, LINES=66

Advanced Data Access

DBASE IS base\$
 Defines the IMAGE/250 data base to be used prior to the IN DATA SET statement.

IN DATA SET set\$ [IN COM] { USE ALL
 or USE item list }
 IN DATA SET set\$ FREE { DIM ALL }

IN DATA SET set\$ [IN COM] USE REMOTE LISTS
 with line id list

IN DATA SET LIST item list
 Automatically packs the buffer parameter during DBPUT and DBUPDATE. Automatically unpacks the buffer after DBGET.

SCHEMA Definition

```

BEGIN DATA BASE base name [ + volume name ] ;
PASSWORDS :
    ucn password ;
    :
    ucn password ;
ITEMS :
    item name = [sub-item count] type spec [ ( control no. ) ] ;
    :
SET :
    list of set definitions
END .
  
```

base name - 1 thru 6 character data base name, beginning with a letter and containing uppercase letters, digits and dashes.

volume name - 1 thru 8 character string specifying a particular storage media. The name may not contain commas or semicolons.

ucn - A user class number. It is an integer from 1 thru 31.

password - A string of from 1 thru 8 characters not including semicolons. Imbedded blanks are removed.

item name - A 1 thru 15 character item name, beginning with a letter and containing letters, digits and dashes.

sub-item count - An integer from 1 thru 1022 (depending on item type) which specifies the replication count for the item whose type spec it precedes.

type spec - A specifier of the item type. It is either "L", "S", "I" or "X". In the case of "X", it is followed by an even integer from 2 thru 1022 specifying the string length.

control no. - An integer from 0 thru 127. This number may be retrieved by DBINFO. It is used by QUERY to determine the format used to print any data associated with that item.

Manual Master Set Definition

{NAME#} set name, {MANUAL} (read list/write list)
N: [: volume name]

{ENTRY#} item name (path count)
E: item name
:
item name

{CAPACITY#} max entry count
C:

Automatic Master Set Definition

{NAME#} set name, {AUTOMATIC} (read list/write list)
N: [: volume name]

{ENTRY#} item name (path count)
E:

{CAPACITY#} max entry count
C:

Detail Data Set Definition

{NAME#} set name, {DETAIL} (read list/write list)
N: [: volume name]

{ENTRY#} item name [(master set name)]
E: item name [(master set name)]
:
item name [(master set name)]

{CAPACITY#} max entry count
C:

set name — A 1 thru 15 character set name, beginning with a letter and consisting of uppercase letters, digits and dashes.

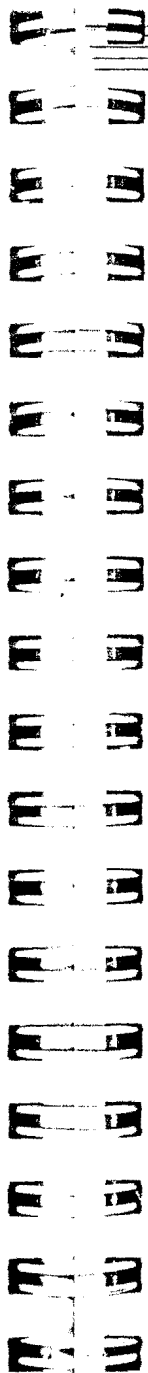
read list — A list of user class numbers (including 0) separated by commas. The list may be null.

write list — A list of user class numbers (including 0) separated by commas. The list may not be null.

path count — An integer from 1 thru 8 corresponding to the number of paths between this master and the associated detail sets.

max entry count — An integer from 1 thru 65534 which specifies the maximum number of entries allowed in the set to which it pertains.

master set name — The name of a previously listed master data set.



PACKFMT pack variable list

Lists the program variable names to be stored or retrieved from a list of variables, specifying the data format for PACK USING and UNPACK operations.

PACK USING line id destination string

Packs the items specified by a packing list (via line id) into the destination string. The string is then used by DBPUT, DBUPDATE or non-IMAGE/250 operations.

UNPACK USING line id source string

Works opposite of PACK USING, unpacking the source string for DBINFO, DBGET or non-IMAGE/250 operations into variables specified by PACK FMT.

`FIND { ALL
condition }`

Select a subset of records from the data base or the current workfile. FIND ALL is equivalent to FIND 1=1, and gets all records in unsorted order.

`SORT BY variable1[DES] [...] variable10[DES]]`

Specify the order in which data is to be sorted.

`WFLEN (file number)`

This function returns the length of the specified workfile in logical records.

`WORKFILE IS # file number`

`[#THREAD IS [set id { INK link } ...] set id
path id`

Specifies the hierarchical structure (thread) of the data sets to be sorted, the work space for sorting, and the workfile name. Up to 10 thread sets can be listed. The path id can be from 1 thru 8.

Description Statements

BREAK level WHEN control CHANGES [BY increment]
Establishes the criteria for determining the level break condition.

END REPORT DESCRIPTION
Ends the description section.

GRAND TOTALS ON exp1 [: exp2...]
Provides automatic totaling for the entire report.

HEADER level [WITH number LINES]
[USING { line id
 image string } [#list]]
Defines what is to be done as a heading when the specified level break occurs. The USING parameters are the same as in a PRINT USING statement.

LEFT MARGIN column
Sets the column in which each line of the report will begin.

PRINT DETAIL IF condition expression
Causes exceptional detail lines only to be printed without affecting the totaling functions.

[label #] **REPORT HEADER** [WITH number LINES]
[USING { line id
 image string } [#list]]
Begins the description section. It specifies what is to be done at the beginning of the report. The USING parameters are the same as in a PRINT USING statement.


PAGE HEADER [WITH number LINES]
[USING {line id
image string} [#list]]

Defines what is to be done at the top of every page. The USING parameters are the same as in a PRINT USING statement.

PAGE LENGTH lines per page [; blank top; blank bottom]
Specifies the number of lines there are on the page. The number of blank lines to be printed at the top and bottom of the page may also be specified.

PAGE TRAILER [WITH number LINES]
[USING {line id
image string} [#list]]

Defines what is to be done at the bottom of each page. If more than one line is used, that number should be specified. The USING parameter are the same as in a PRINT USING statement.

PAUSE AFTER number PAGES
Causes a pause to occur after the specified number of pages has been output. Press  to resume output.

REPORT EXIT (exec flag) [WITH number LINES]
[USING {line id
image string} [#list]] [block statements]

The REPORT EXIT statement defines the action to be taken when the report is prematurely stopped.

REPORT TRAILER [WITH number LINES]
[USING {line id
image string} [#list]]

Defines what is to be done at the end of the report. If more than one line is required, that number should be specified. The USING parameters are the same as in a PRINT USING statement.

SUPPRESS PRINT AT level

Specifies the level of headers and trailers that will be printed. Those with equal or higher levels will not be printed.

SUPPRESS PRINT FOR number PAGES

Causes the first specified number of pages not to be printed.

TOTALS ON exp₁ [; exp₂...]

Provides automatic totaling for a break level. It immediately follows a header statement.

TRAILER level [WITH number LINES]
[USING {line id
image string} [#list]]

Defines what is to be done as a trailer for the specified break level. If more than one line is required, that number should be specified. The USING parameters are the same as in a PRINT USING statement.

Execution Statements

BEGIN REPORT line id
Initiates execution of a report, the description section of which is referenced by the line id.

DETAIL LINE detail [WITH number LINES]
[USING {line id
image string} [#list]]

Causes all break conditions to be tested, totals to be incremented, and data to be printed. If more than one line is required for data output, that number should be specified. The USING parameters are the same as in a PRINT USING statement.

END REPORT

Causes final trailers to be executed and terminates the Report Writer.

NUMPAGE = expression

Causes the page counter to take the specified value.

STOP REPORT

Immediately terminates an active report. No trailing statements are printed.

TRIGGER BREAK level

Forces a break condition at the specified level.

TRIGGER PAGE BREAK

Forces a page to break.

Functions

AVE (level : sequence)

Returns the average for the specified expression in a TOTALS ON statement. The level of the TOTALS ON statement and the sequential position of the expression are specified.

LAST BREAK

Returns the value of the last break condition level number detected.

NUMBREAK level

Returns the number of times the specified level break condition has occurred.

NUMDETAIL level

Returns the number of DETAIL LINE statements that have been executed since the specified level header was last executed.

NUMLINE

Returns the current line number to which output will go.

NUMPAGE

Returns the current page number to which output will go.

OLDCV (\$) (level)

Returns the value of the control variable as it was in the last level break condition. If the control variable is a string, the \$ is appended to OLDCV.

RWINFO (integer)

This function returns Report Writer information.

Integer	Information Returned
1	Page size*
2	Effective page size = Page size - (blank lines top + blank lines bottom + lines in PAGE HEADER + lines in PAGE TRAILER)
3	Number of lines used in current page (same as NUMLINE)
4	Number of lines left in current page*
5	Number of lines left in effective page*
6	Page break cause flag: 0 = Not caused by DETAIL LINE 1 = Caused by DETAIL LINE
7	Page count (same as NUMPAGE)
8	Number of pages left to suppress
9	Number of logical pages produced
10	Same as LAST BREAK
11	Current LEFT MARGIN
12	Current HEADER/TRAILER level if in a break condition.

*will return a zero if pagination is turned off (PAGE LENGTH = 0).

TOTAL (level : sequence)

Returns the running total for the specified expression in a TOTALS ON statement. The level of the TOTALS ON and the sequential position of the expression are specified.

RUN"CFORM [volume spec]"

Load and run the Create Form program.

RUN"IFORM [volume spec]"

Load and run the Modify Form program.

CURSOR item list

These additional cursor control items are provided with FORMS/250:

IF# numeric expression Set input field number.

OF# numeric expression Set output field number.

CF# numeric expression Move cursor to specified field.

See CURSOR in the "BASIC Syntax" section for more details.

CLEAR FORM

Erases input and output fields and resets field pointers.

DELETE FORM

Erases the form from the display and breaks the program-form link.

EXIT FORM

Breaks the link between the form and the program.

GET FORM "form name [volume spec]"

Displays a new form on the screen.

TFNUM

Returns the tab position of the cursor.

RUN "QUERY[volume spec] "

Begins QUERY operation.

ADD item list[FROM "form name "]

Adds entries to the data items or data set listed. A form can be used to input the values.

[BREAK ON item] [TOTAL item list]

Sets report breaks and their associated totals for the LIST or LINEAR LIST commands. TOTAL alone causes a grand total to be printed. A maximum of ten items can be totaled.

DATA BASE base name [volume spec]

Causes future commands to operate on the specified data base.

DELETE item list

Deletes data item values or entries from the data set. The data items must have been found by a previous FIND command.

DO "file name[volume spec] "

Transfers control to a file containing QUERY commands. At the end of the file, control transfers back to the operator.

EXIT

Terminates QUERY.

FIND item list FOR search expression

Finds entries which satisfy the search expression and places the data items listed in the item list or the entire data entry (if the set name is in the item list) into the workfile. The search expression is a numeric expression

using data items as variables. The Data Variables chapter of the BASIC Programming Manual describes the process of rounding which is done with numerical expressions.

INFO

Prints a modified schema listing of the data base on the current output device.

LINEAR LIST["string"] [item list]

Lists data items from the workfile in a linear format (one item per line) on the current output device using all BREAKS and TOTALS specified.

LIST["string"] [item list]

Lists data items from the workfile in columnar format (one data entry per line) on the current output device using all BREAKS and TOTALS specified.

OUTPUT TO device address [* width [* length]]

Changes the output device for future LIST, LINEAR LIST and INFO commands. Device address can be replaced with either "PRINTER" or "DISPLAY" to indicate output device.

PPR AND PD password

Defines the data base password to be used for subsequent commands.

REPLACE item list

Replaces values for the data items specified which are in the workfile.

RUN "report name[volume spec]"

Causes a report subprogram to be run.



SORT BY item list

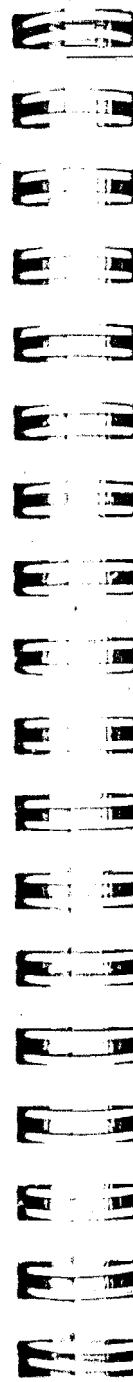
Sorts the entries in the workfile by the data items listed. Data items are sorted in ascending order unless a \square follows the data item name.

THREAD set1 * set2 [* set3 * sets...]

Defines the order in which data sets are accessed during a FIND command. The first data set is searched sequentially and all others are searched via the data chains and data paths. Up to 10 sets can be threaded.

WORKFILE file name[volume spec]

Specifies the workfile to be used for subsequent commands.



ACOS (numeric expression)

This function returns the principal value of the arccosine of the numeric expression expressed in the current angular units.

ASIN (numeric expression)

The ASIN function returns the principal value of the arcsine of the numeric expression expressed in the current angular units.

ATN (numeric expression)

The ATN function returns the principal value of the arctangent of the numeric expression expressed in the current angular units.

COS (numeric expression)

This function returns the cosine of the angle represented by the numeric expression.

DEG

Sets degree mode for results and arguments of trigonometric functions. A degree is 1/360th of a circle.

GRAD

Sets grad mode for all results and arguments of trigonometric functions. A grad is 1/400th of a circle.

RAD

Sets radian mode for trigonometric functions. There are 2π radians in a circle.

SIN (numeric expression)

This function returns the sine of the angle which is represented by the numeric expression.

TAN (numeric expression)

This function returns the tangent of the angle which is represented by the expression.

TRACE [beginning line id [: ending line id]]

Used to trace program logic flow, in all or part of a program. Any branching causes a trace output to the system printer, which designates the branching origin and destination. When one line id is specified, tracing begins after that line is executed. An ending line id causes tracing to stop after that line is executed.

TRACE ALL

Traces all program logic flow and variable assignments. It is like executing both **TRACE** and **TRACE ALL VARIABLES**.

TRACE ALL VARIABLES [beginning line id [: ending line id]]

Monitors value changes of all variables either in a specified program segment, or throughout the entire program. When one line id is specified, tracing begins after that line is executed. An ending line id causes tracing to stop after that line is executed.

TRACE PAUSE line id [: numeric expression]

Used as a breakpoint, causing execution to halt before a specified line is executed a certain number of times. If just the line id is specified, execution stops at that line before it is executed. The numeric expression is rounded to an integer n. Execution stops at the line before it is executed the nth time.

TRACE VARIABLES variable list

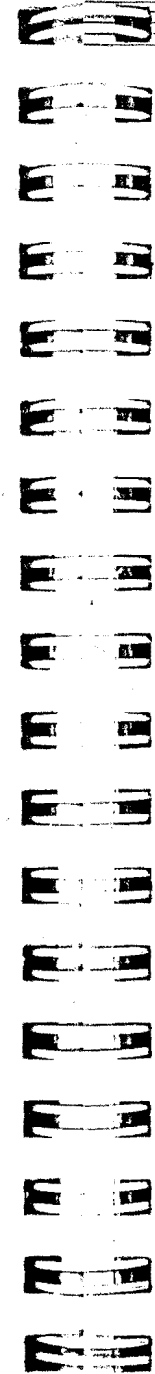
Monitors value changes of selected variables; the trace output indicates the new value of the variable and in what line the assignment occurred. The variable list can contain from one thru five variables and array identifiers separated by commas.

TRACE WAIT number of milliseconds

Used with any selective TRACE statement, or TRACE ALL, and causes the computer to wait the specified amount of time after each line which causes a trace print-out. The range of the numeric expression is from -32768 thru 32767; a negative number defaults to 0.

NORMAL

Cancels all tracing operations.



AREAD# (device address)

This function returns input data from the specified device address.

BLOCK MODE OFF# device address

Turns off block mode data transfer to a computer.

BLOCK MODE ON# device address

Turns on block mode data transfer.

ECHO OFF# device address

Turns off character echoing to the specified terminal.

ECHO ON# device address

Turns on character echoing (default mode).

OFF BREAK# device address

Cancels any corresponding ON BREAK condition.

OFF CONNECT# device address

Cancels any corresponding ON CONNECT condition.

OFF DISCONNECT# device address

Cancels any corresponding ON DISCONNECT condition.

OFF INPUT# device address

Cancels any corresponding ON INPUT condition.

ON BREAK# device address [:priority] { GOTO line id
COSUB line id
CALL subprogram name }

Causes an interrupt when the terminal's BREAK key is pressed.

ON CONNECT#device address { GOTO line id
[: priority] { GOSUB line id
CALL subprogram name }

Causes an interrupt when a device is connected to the specified port.

ON DISCONNECT# device address [: priority] { GOTO line id
GOSUB line id
CALL subprogram name }

Causes an interrupt when the device is disconnected from the port.

ON INPUT#device address [: priority] [GOTO line id
GOSUB line id
CALL subprogram name]

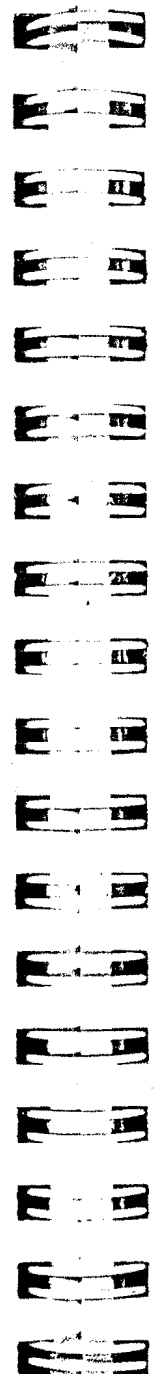
Causes an interrupt when receiving either a carriage return from a terminal, or a carriage return or ASCII DC1 from a computer. Omitting the branching statement causes the branch statement in a previous corresponding ON INPUT to be used.

ON OUTPUT# device address [: priority] [GOTO line id
GOSUB line id
CALL subprogram name]

Causes an interrupt when the specified device's buffer is empty. Omitting the branching statement causes the branch in a previous corresponding ON OUTPUT to be used.

ON TRIGGER# device address [: priority] { GOTO line id
GOSUB line id
CALL subprogram name }

Causes an interrupt when a computer sends an ASCII DC1 as a data transmission terminator when the control buffer is empty. This indicates that the computer is ready to accept data from the HP 250.

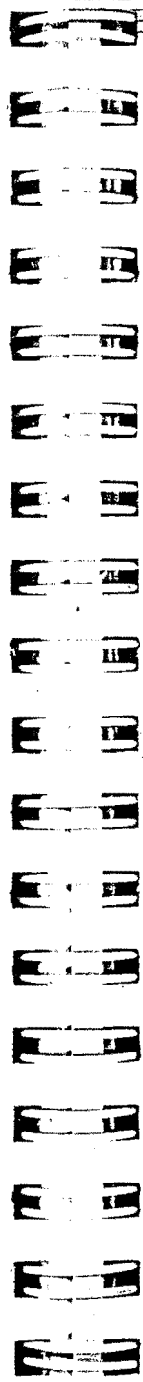


SEND# device address : character code

Sends a single ASCII character to a computer. The character code can be a numeric expression.

SEND BREAK# device address

Breaks the data transfer link to a computer.



ASSIGN { file spec TO # file number } [; return variable
 { # file number TO file spec }
 [; protect code][; class list]]

Opens a file. The class list parameter can contain the keywords EBCDIC or EBCDIK when data needs to be translated from ASCII to EDCDIC or for Katakana translations, EBCDIK.

CREATE file spec ; record count ; record size ;
 start address ; CHAR

Creates a CHAR file on an IBM media.

CREATE file spec ; record count ; CHAR

Creates a CHAR file on an HP250 or interchange format media.

DELETE # file number ; record number

Deletes a record from a CHAR file.

IBMDUMP record number [ON device specifier]

{ ; numeric array [; return variable]
 ; string variable [; return variable [; conversion specifier]]
 ; display specifier }

Dumps a sector of an IBM disc into a string variable, into a numeric array or onto the CRT.

IBMWREC record number [ON device specifier] ;

{ string variable } [; numeric variable [; conversion specifier]]
 { numeric array }

Dumps a sector of data to an IBM disc.

LINPUT #file number [; record number [; column position]]

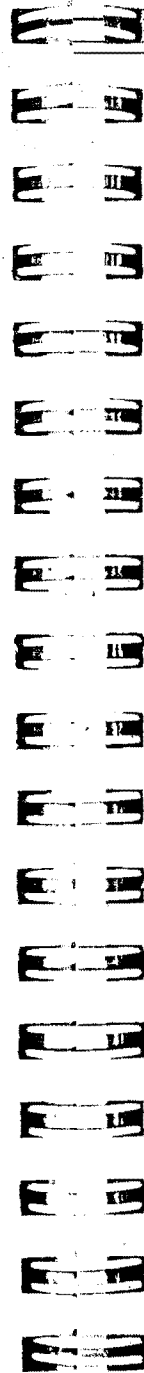
! string variable

Reads data from a CHAR file into the string variable.

PRINT #file number [; record number [; word pointer]] !

```
{ END  
data list [ ; END]  
print list [ ; END]
```

Prints data to a CHAR file. Spacing functions (TAB, SPA, LIN and PAGE) can be included.



RUN "RJE"

Checks memory size, loads and runs the RJE program.

AUTO RECEIVE

```
["list file"] [ ; "punch file" ] [ ; WAIT n ]  
[list device] [ ; punch device]
```

```
[ ; D  
; DISP]
```

Request to receive data as soon as the communication line is open. Defaults back to receive state.

AUTO RECEIVE *([; WAIT n] [; DISP]

Causes Auto Receive to wait for data. The amount of time is specified in n. DISP causes all data received to be displayed on the CRT as well as being sent to the file or device specified.

AUTO RECEIVE OFF

Halts the Auto Receive state. This command should be preceded by pressing the BREAK key.

CLOSE

Closes the communication line.

COMMAND

Allows execution of any HP250 command.

CONTINUE

Continues execution of a command file.

```
COPY "source file" [; #
                  ; "destination file"
                  ; destination printer]
```

```
[; PURGE] [; START n] [END n] [; DISP]
```

Prints a file onto a list device or sends it to another file. If the PURGE parameter is specified, the source file is erased after the data is copied. The START and END parameters are used to specify portions of a file to be copied.

END

Terminates the RJE program and closes the communication line, if open.

INFO

RJE asks for the list device, then prints a table of reference information which can be used to debug line problems.

LOAD TAPE

Used to load a tape different from the default carriage control tape, CC TAPE.

```
OPEN["conf19file"] [; # n]
```

```
[ { AD
  ; AUTO-DIAL } number ] [ { U
  ; MANUAL-DIAL } unattended ]
```

Opens the line so that communications can begin. This syntax is displayed when the open softkey is pressed.

PROCEDURE

Begins execution of a command file.

```
RECEIVE [ "list file" ] [; "punch file"
          list device ] [; punch device]
```

```
[; WAIT n] [; D
             ; DISP]
```

Sets up the files or devices to receive data.

```
RECEIVE * [; WAIT n] [; D
             ; DISP]
```

Operator specifies list and punch devices to receive data.

```
SEND [ #
       "file spec" ] [ { NX
                        ; NO XPARENT
                        ; X
                        ; XPARENT } ]
```

```
[ { NC
  ; NO COMPRESS } [; { NT
  ; C
  ; COMPRESS } [; { NO TRUNCATE
  ; T
  ; TRUNCATE } ]
```

```
[; D
  ; DISP] [; ]
```

Takes data from the specified source, one record at a time, blocks it and sends it to the host computer. The data source can be either the keyboard or a file. When the end of the data is reached, an end of transmission (EOT) is sent. If the SEND command ends in a semicolon (;), no EOT is sent. XPARENT turns on the transparent mode. COMPRESS compresses blocks of two or more space out of each record. TRUNCATE strips trailing spaces off of each record.

[SEND/RECEIVE] sendrecord
SR

The SEND/RECEIVE sends one record, e.g. request for status, then waits to receive data. Data received is directed to the CRT. The SR or SEND/RECEIVE parameter can be left out if the first character of the send record is non-alphanumeric.

TRACE

Stores all data and controller commands being sent or received in a TRACE file.

ATTACH# userid [+ result]

Switches the console currently attached to the executing task to the task whose USERID is specified. The executing task must be the home task.

DETACH

Switches the console currently attached to the executing background task to its home task.

RELEASE# userid

Terminates ownership of the addressed task.

REQUEST# userid [+ result]

Requests that a logical link be established between the partition and the task (userid).

MREAD \$

(userid)

Returns the next message sent by the specified task

MSTAT

(userid)

Returns the number of bytes of storage available in the communication buffer that the specified task opened to receive messages from the executing task

OFF MESSAGE #^{userid}

Closes the communication channel previously opened with the ON MESSAGE statement

ON MESSAGE # USRID [priority] E; buffer size]
action statement

NOTE:

priority is in the range 1-15

buffer size in bytes

action statement must be GOTO-GOSUB-CALL

Allows the executing task to open communication channel to receive messages from a specified task

OWNER

Returns the USRID of the owner of the executing task. A zero is returned if the task is unowned

SEND COMMAND # USRID, COMMAND STRING

Allows a primary task to send a command to its secondary task that is idle

SEND CONTROL HALT # USRID

Allow a primary task to send a SCRATCH ALL command to its secondary task

SEND HALT # USRID

Allow a primary task to halt execution of its sec. task

SEND INPUT # USRID, INPUT STRING

Allow a primary task to send input to its secondary task that is waiting for input

SEND KEY # USRID, key #

Allow a primary task to send soft key to its sec. task

TSAT (usrid)

Returns the status of the specified task

0 Task is in idle state (not in other states)

1 " " input state

2 " " wait state

3 " " executing but blocked for I/O

4 " " executing and running

TIMER/250

CLOCK

Returns the number of milliseconds that have elapsed since the HP 250 system was last loaded.

ON DELAY delay spec [priority]

{ GOTO lineid
GOSUB lineid
CALL subprogram name }

Schedules a software interrupt after the specified period of time. Delay spec is in milliseconds.

OFF DELAY

Cancels any software interrupt established with an ON DELAY statement.

Sending Messages

A sending task directs output to receiving task via print statements. The syntax is

PRINTER IS usrid + 100 [WIDTH Line width]

SYSTEM PRINTER IS usrid + 100 [, ecc.]

PRINT ALL IS usrid + 100 [, ecc.]

`FNGPL_errm$(Error)`

Displays error messages

`Gpl_clear(Gpl$, Crt, Hardcopy)`

Clears the plotter display. Sets up the device for paper change if the change is not programmable. Moves the pen stable out of the way and/or puts the pen away as a convenience. Crt should always be set to zero.

`Gpl_confis(Confis$, Protect$, No_ devices, Model$(*), Dev_add$(*), Mess_ add$(*), Error)`

Interrogates the graphics device configuration file (GPL%CF is the default) and returns the device addresses and model numbers.

`Gpl_csset(Gpl$, Char_set, Character_ file$)`

Selects a software character set.

`Gpl_defldc(Gpl$, X_min, X_max, Y_min, Y_max)`

Defines the logical device coordinate system.

`Gpl_devident(Dev_add, Model$, Advance, Buffer, Pens, Error)`

Interrogates the plotter in order to determine important parameters at the specified plotter address.

```
Gpl_devorigin(Gpl$,X_lower_left_
              pamm;Y_lower_left_
              pamm)
```

Places the physical plotting area (as specified by Gpl_physarea) on the plotter.

```
Gpl_draw(Gpl$,X,Y)
```

Draws a straight line from the current pen (CP) to the specified X and Y.

```
Gpl_fileis(Gpl$,Picture_file$,
           Protect$,Option,Error)
```

Used to create and open a picture file in which plotter data is stored.

```
Gpl_frame(Gpl$)
```

Draws a frame around the current window rectangle (or viewport rectangle).

```
Gpl_idraw(Gpl$,Dx,Dy)
```

Incrementally draws a straight line from the CP. The incremental units are specified by Dx and Dy.

```
Gpl_imove(Gpl$,Dx,Dy)
```

Moves the CP incrementally from one CP location to another. The pen movement occurs only when this call is followed by a "draw" or "text" call.

```
Gpl_itextwidth(Gpl$,Text$,Width)
```

Returns the width of the Text\$ String.

```
Gpl_linestyle(Gpl$,linestyle)
```

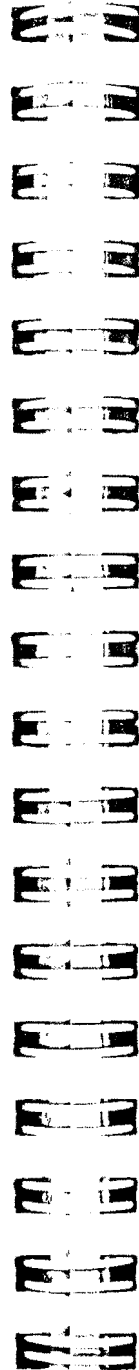
Selects a line style.

```
Gpl_lora(Gpl$,Label_Origin)
```

Selects the current text formatting option.

```
Gpl_message(Gpl$,Message $,Wait)
```

Sends an operator message to the message address.



```
Gpl_move(Gpl$,X,Y)
```

Moves the CP to the location specified by X and Y.

```
Gpl_pen(Gpl$,Pen_number)
```

Selects a pen from the pen number stall.

```
Gpl_penspeed(Gpl$,Velocity)
```

Changes the pen velocity to the value specified (in cms/sec).

```
Gpl_physarea(Gpl$,width_pamm,
             height_pamm)
```

Specifies the width and height of the plot in mm.

```
Gpl_physrotate(Gpl$,Rotation)
```

Controls the rotation of the physical plotting area.

```
Gpl_physviewp(Gpl$,Xmin_pamm,Xmax_
             pamm;Ymin;Ymax)
```

Specifies the placement of the LDC limits in the physical area coordinate system.

```
Gpl_plotteris(Gpl$,Model$,Dev_
             Add;Mess_Add;Error)
```

Initializes the devices and parameters in the Gpl\$ string actually used to plot.

```
Gpl_terminate(Gpl$,Error)
```

Causes orderly termination of plotting program.

```
Gpl_text(Gpl$,Text$)
```

Draws a line of text on the graphics display.

```
Gpl_textrotate(Gpl$,Rotation)
```

Rotates text in 90 degree increments.

GpLtransmit (GpL\$,Option)

Clears the graphics buffer of data and sends the data to the device.

GpLtsize (GpL\$,Cell_height,Cell_width)

Varies text character height and width. Cell height is specified in LDC units. The cell width is specified as a percentage deviation from default, which is 0.5 times the cell height.

GpLuseldc (GpL\$)

Temporarily makes the window and viewport equal to the logical device coordinates. The viewing transformation is restored when GpLusewc, GpLwindow, GpLviewport, or GpLdefldc are called.

GpLusewc (GpL\$)

Restores the viewing transformation to the value before a call to GpLuseldc.

GpLviewport (GpL\$,Xmin_ldc,Xmax_ldc,Ymin_ldc,Ymax_ldc)

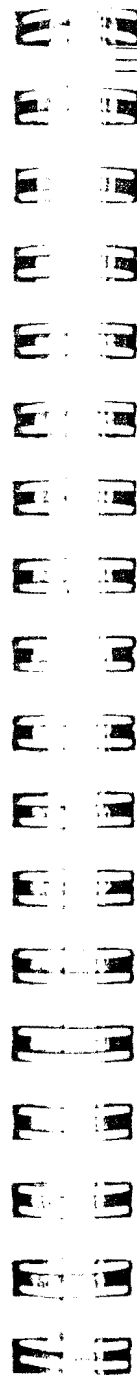
Defines the viewport rectangle. Four rectangle parameters are specified in the following sequence:

GpLwhere (GpL\$,X,Y)

Stores the CP coordinates in X and Y.

GpLwindow (GpL\$,Xmin_lwc,Xmax_lwc,Ymin_lwc,Ymax_lwc)

Defines the window rectangle. The rectangle is defined by the four parameters in sequence. The default is the logical device coordinate space.



The following utilities are available on the HP250 Utilities Disc.

RUN "TAPFIX [volume spec] "

For use in special cases only. Used to remedy tape cartridge problems.

RUN "FVBACK [volume spec] "

Backs up the entire contents of a disc to a tape cartridge. Also restores to disc the backup file which resides on tape cartridge.

RUN "CONFIG [volume spec] "

Allows a programmer to review and change system software configuration, read/write memory assignment, default peripheral addresses and autostart. Requires the MFIG, AFIG and RFIG files, which may be run separately.

RUN "DBLOAD [volume spec] "

Loads data entries into a data base from a backup (BKUP) file created by DBUNLD. Requires the files DBLOAD, DBLOD, DBLD, LDERRC, DBFM3C, DBFM4C and DBFM5C.

RUN "DBUNLD [volume spec] "

Copies data set entries to a backup file. Requires the files DBUNLD, DBULD, UNERRC, DBFM1C and DBFM2C.

RUN "DBMODS [volume spec] "

Allows making certain changes in the data base structure without the need to unload and load data stored in the data base. Can be used to modify data base passwords, user class accesses, item names, item format numbers, set names, set capacities and data base volume names. Requires the files DBMODS, DMerrs, DMsub1 thru DMsub7 and DMfm01 thru DMfm10.

RUN "DUPL [volume spec] "

Allows you to copy the entire contents of one disc to another compatible medium.

RUN "EDITOR [volume spec] "

EDITOR is used to create and maintain data files containing lines of text. The primary purpose is to build and modify data base definitions (schemas). The EDITOR commands are described in the IMAGE/250 section of this manual. EDITOR requires the files EDITOR and EDERRS.

RUN "INIT [volume spec] "

Tests the media for defective tracks, establishes physical records and creates both main and spare file directories. INIT can also be used to purge all files on the disc.

RUN "ROUTIL [volume spec] "

Allows copying or purging a complete set of files that are a part of a single run-only program set. ROUTIL can also be used to make programs run-only, and copy or purge SYSTEM and DROM files. Requires the files ROUTIL, ROUTD, ROUTL and ROUTK.

RUN "SCHEMA [volume spec] "

Loads and runs the SCHEMA program. SCHEMA commands are listed beginning on page 51. SCHEMA requires the files SCHEMA, SCHOV2, SCHOV3 and SCHERR.



RUN "XREF [volume spec] "

Examines an HP250 type PROG file and lists where constants, line numbers, line labels, variables, functions and sub-programs appear. XREF requires the PACK, IMAGE, SORT, FORMS, and REPORT WRITER DROMs to be loaded. The files XRSB1, XRFM1, REF1, and XRFILE are used in XREF.

RUN "BACKUP [volume spec] "

Stores the contents of NON-IMAGE files into one BKUP file. Purpose of this utility is to transfer data from one disc type to another.

RUN "RECOVER [volume spec] "

Recovers the contents of BACKUP files. The BACKUP file and recovered files can be on different disc types.

RUN "REPACK [volume spec] "

Repacks the files on the disc toward the front of the disc.

Binary Programs

LOAD BIN "CATBIN [volume spec] "

Loads two statements, CATFILE and CATLINE; each returns one line of catalog information from a storage medium.

CATFILE filespec [#dset string] : string variable

Returns a line of catalog information on a specified file. The 50-character line is stored in the string variable. The optional dset string is a two-character string expression evaluating to either two digits indicating a DSET file or the null string for ROOT files.

CATLINE index [ON volume spec] : string variable

Returns a 50-character line of catalog information from the specified location in the file directory. The index is a positive integer numeric expression specifying the file entry location in the file directory.

LOAD BIN "DBPASS [volume spec] "

Loads the DBMAINT, DBPASS, READ DBPASSWORD and WRITE DBPASSWORD statements.

DBMAINT root file spec : old word TO new word

Allows changing the maintenance password for a specified data base.

DBPASS root file spec : user-class number :
old password TO new password

Allows changing the password for a stated user-class number.

READ DBPASSWORD root file spec #
maintenance word # string array variable

Reads all user passwords from the specified data base into a string array.

WRITE DBPASSWORD root file spec #
maintenance word # string array variable

Re-assigns all passwords in the specified root file with those in a specified string array.

LOAD BIN "DUP [volume spec]"

Loads the DUPLICATE and DUPTTEST statements.

DUPLICATE volume spec TO volume spec

Copies the contents of one disc to another under program control.

DUPTTEST volume spec TO volume spec

Checks for media compatibility before executing DUPLICATE. An 800-series error is returned if a problem is found.

LOAD BIN "REVCHK [volume spec]"

Immediately compares the current operating system revision level with its own revision level. If both revision levels do not match, ERROR 999 occurs.

LOAD BIN "R-ONLY [volume spec]"

Loads the RUN-ONLY statement.

RUN-ONLY file spec

Converts individual programs to run-only.

LOAD BIN "XCOPY [volume spec]"

Loads the XCOPY statement.

XCOPY source file spec # file type # protect code
TO dest file spec [# REPLACE]

Creates the specified file on the specified volume and copies the file. If the destination file already exists, specify # REPLACE to copy the source file to the existing file. Data sets and root files can be copied with XCOPY.

LOAD BIN "BIT [volume spec]"

Loads the BINAND, BINCOMP, BINEOR, BINIOR, BIT, ROTATE, and SHIFT statements.

BINAND (numeric expression # numeric expression)

Performs a logical AND comparison of bits in two numeric expressions which have been rounded to integers.

BINCOMP (numeric expression)

Returns the binary complement of the argument.

BINEOR (numeric expression # numeric expression)

Performs an exclusive OR comparison of each bit in two integer values.

BINIOR (numeric expression # numeric expression)

Performs an inclusive OR comparison of each bit in two integer values.

BIT (numeric expression # numeric expression)

Returns the value (either 0 or 1) of the bit in the specified bit position. The first numeric expression is the integer to be evaluated. The second expression is the bit position you wish to evaluate (0-15).

ROTATE (numeric expression # numeric expression)

Returns a value obtained by rotating the first expression the number of positions specified by the second expression MOD 16. If the second expression is positive, the rotation is toward the least significant bit; if negative, the rotation is toward the most significant bit.

SHIFT (numeric expression # numeric expression)

Shifts the bits of the first numeric expression by the number of bits specified in the second expression MOD 16. If the second expression is positive, the shift is toward the least significant bit; if positive, the shift is toward the most significant bit. Bits shifted out are lost and replaced by 0's at the opposite end of the argument. Shift does not change the value of its first argument.

LOAD BIN "DATE [volume spec] "

Loads the SET DATE TO and SET TIME TO statements.

SET DATE TO string expression

Sets the system date for use by the TIMER DROM. To set the date in US format, use the / separator (e.g. 01/23/81); for the European format, use the . separator (e.g. 23.01.81).

SET TIME TO string expression

Sets the system time in hours (h), minutes (s), and seconds (s) on a 24-hour clock. To set the time, use the hh:mm:ss format.

LOAD BIN "ACCEPT [volume spec] "

Loads the ACCEPT statement.

ACCEPT string variable

Provides a command which prevents input from being displayed.

LOAD BIN "SCAN [volume spec] "

Loads the SCAN statement.

SCAN (string expression1 # string expression2)


Searches the first string expression for the first occurrence of any single character existing in the second string expression.

Reference Tables

System Reset Conditions

(R indicates resetting to a default condition)

	Default Setting	SCRATCH				SCRATCH	RUN	END STOP	HALT	CONT
		A	P	C	V					
Variables	none	R	R	R	3	R	R			
BASIC Programs	none	R	R			R				
Binary Programs	none	R	R							
Program Execution	halted	R	R	4	4	R		R	R	
Standard Printer	display									
System Printer	(device	R								
Printall Printer	address #)									
Standard Mass Storage Device	2	R								
SFK Definitions (typing aids)	none	R								
Subroutine Return Pointers	none	R	R			R	R			
Angular Units	RAD	R	R			R	R			
Numeric Output Format	Standard	R	R			R	R			
Random Number Seed	# 180	R	R			R	R			
Files Table	files closed	R	5	R	5	5	5	5		
DATA Pointers	none	R	R			R	R			
ERRL ERRN	0,0	R	R	R	R	R	R			
ON Declaratives	none	R	R	R	R	R	R	R		
DOOR LOCK	unlocked	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
TRACE Operations	none	R	R	R	R	R				
Single Step Mode	halted						R			R
Device Requests	none	R	R	R	R	R		R		

1 Setting a value at power up or after pressing 

2 Device used to load operating system at power up

3 Resets all variables except those declared in COM

4 Halts program only if executed while in a subprogram

5 Also caused by LOAD and GET

ASCII Character Codes

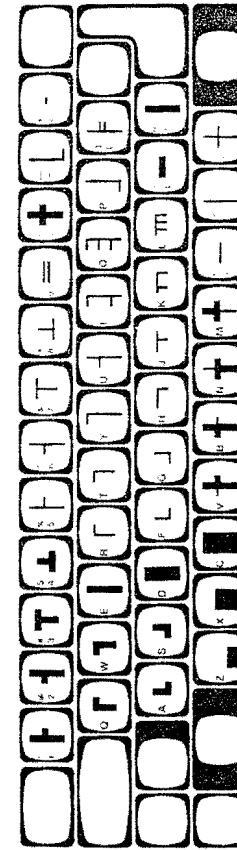
ASCII Char	EQUIVALENT FORMS	
	Binary	Dec
NAUL	00000000	0
SOH	00000001	1
STX	00000010	2
ETX	00000011	3
EOT	00000100	4
ENO	00000101	5
ACK	00000110	6
BEFL	00000111	7
BS	00001000	8
HT	00001001	9
LF	00001010	10
VT	00001011	11
FF	00001100	12
CR	00001101	13
SO	00001110	14
SI	00001111	15
DEL	00010000	16
DC1	00010001	17
DC2	00010010	18
DC3	00010011	19
DC4	00010100	20
NAL	00010101	21
SYNC	00010110	22
ETB	00010111	23
CAN	00011000	24
EM	00011001	25
SUB	00011010	26
ESC	00011011	27
FS	00011100	28
GS	00011101	29
RS	00011110	30
US	00011111	31

ASCII Char	EQUIVALENT FORMS	
	Binary	Dec
SPACE	00100000	32
	00100001	33
	00100010	34
	00100011	35
	00100100	36
	00100101	37
	00100110	38
	00100111	39
	00101000	40
	00101001	41
	00101010	42
	00101011	43
	00101100	44
	00101101	45
	00101110	46
	00101111	47
	00110000	48
	00110001	49
	00110010	50
	00110011	51
	00110100	52
	00110101	53
	00110110	54
	00110111	55
	00111000	56
	00111001	57
	00111010	58
	00111011	59
	00111100	60
	00111101	61
	00111110	62
	00111111	63

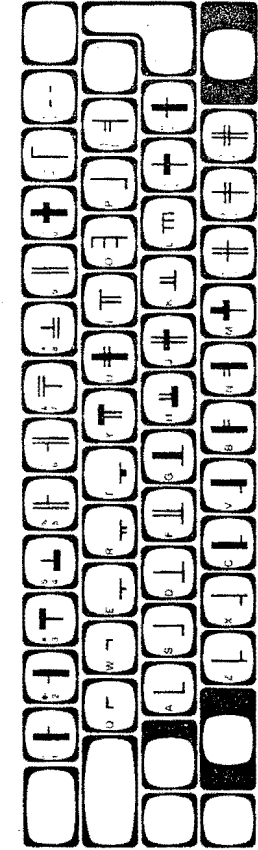
ASCII Char	EQUIVALENT FORMS	
	Binary	Dec
@	01000000	64
A	01000001	65
B	01000010	66
C	01000011	67
D	01000100	68
E	01000101	69
F	01000110	70
G	01000111	71
H	01001000	72
I	01001001	73
J	01001010	74
K	01001011	75
L	01001100	76
M	01001101	77
N	01001110	78
O	01001111	79
P	01010000	80
Q	01010001	81
R	01010010	82
S	01010011	83
T	01010100	84
U	01010101	85
V	01010110	86
W	01010111	87
X	01011000	88
Y	01011001	89
Z	01011010	90
[01011011	91
]	01011100	92
^	01011101	93
_	01011110	94
`	01011111	95

ASCII Char	EQUIVALENT FORMS	
	Binary	Dec
	01100000	96
a	01100001	97
b	01100010	98
c	01100011	99
d	01100100	100
e	01100101	101
f	01100110	102
g	01100111	103
h	01101000	104
i	01101001	105
j	01101010	106
k	01101011	107
l	01101100	108
m	01101101	109
n	01101110	110
o	01101111	111
p	01110000	112
q	01110001	113
r	01110010	114
s	01110011	115
t	01110100	116
u	01110101	117
v	01110110	118
w	01110111	119
x	01111000	120
y	01111001	121
z	01111010	122
{	01111011	123
	01111100	124
}	01111101	125
~	01111110	126
DEL	01111111	127

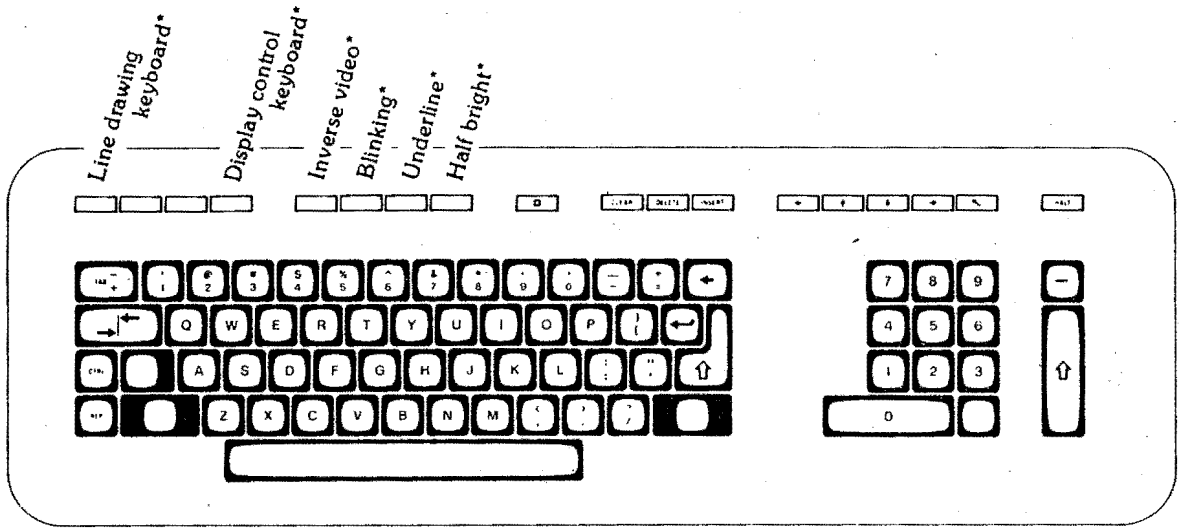
Line Drawing Keyboards



Primary Line Drawing Keyboard

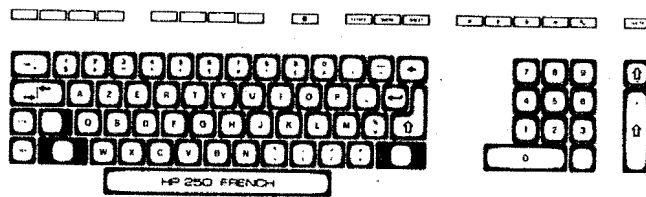


Shifted Line Drawing Keyboard

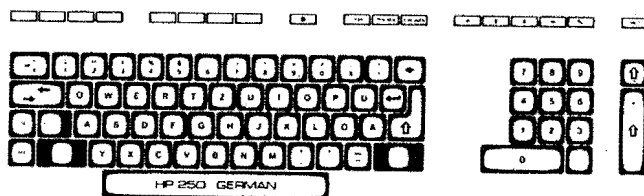


US Language Keyboard

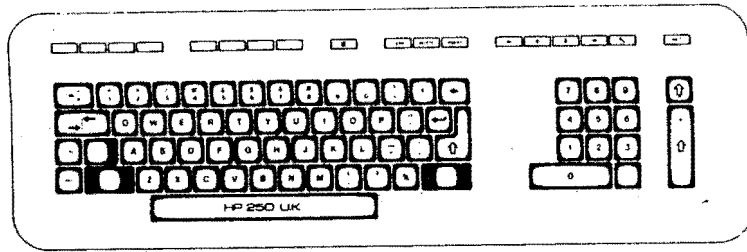
* Press to set each mode. Press to clear each mode.



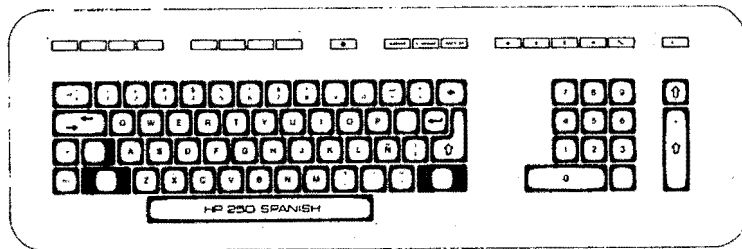
French Language Keyboard



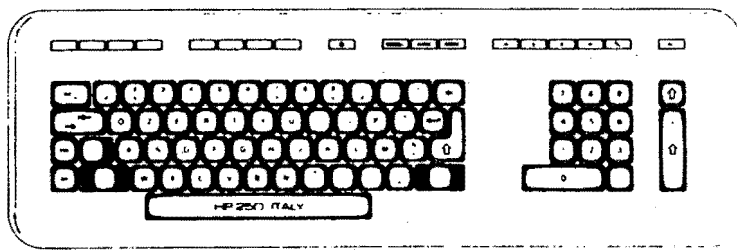
German Language Keyboard



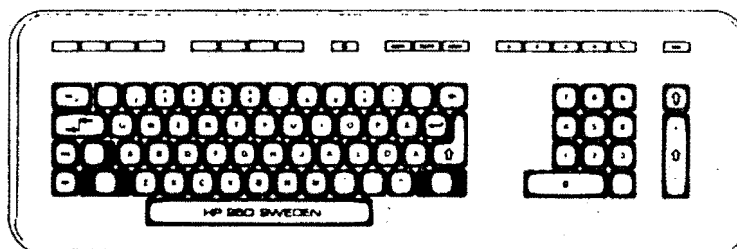
United Kingdom Language Keyboard



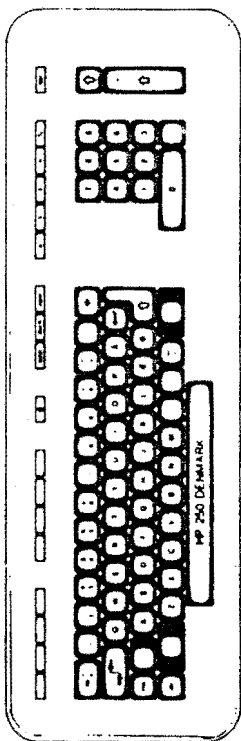
Spanish Language Keyboard



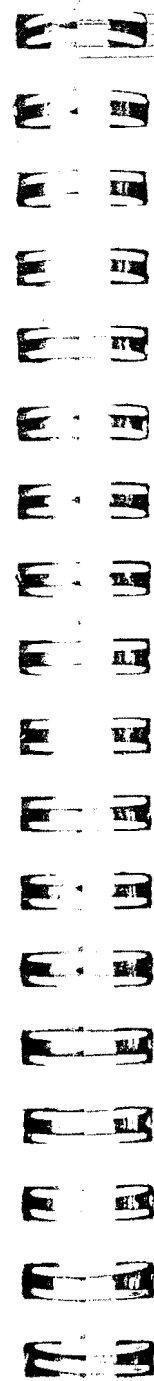
Italian Language Keyboard



Swedish Language Keyboard



Danish Language Keyboard



- 1 Software (DROM) configuration error.
- 2 Memory overflow.
- 3 Line not found or not in current program segment.
- 4 Improper RETURN.
- 5 Abnormal program termination.
- 6 Improperly matched.
- 7 Undefined function or subprogram.
- 8 Improper parameter matching.
- 9 Improper number of parameters.
- 10 String value required.
- 11 Numeric value required.
- 12 Attempt to re-declare a variable.
- 13 Array dimensions not specified.
- 14 Incorrect OPTION BASE statement usage.
- 15 Invalid bounds on array dimension, or string length in memory allocation statements.
- 16 Dimensions are improper or inconsistent.
- 17 Subscript out of range.
- 18 Substring out of range or substring too long.
- 19 Improper value.
- 20 Integer-precision overflow.
- 21 Short-precision overflow.
- 22 Real-precision overflow.
- 23 Intermediate-result overflow.
- 24 $TAN(N \cdot \pi / 2)$, when N is odd.
- 25 Argument of ASN or ACS is > 1 in absolute value.
- 26 0 to a negative power.
- 27 Negative number to non-integral power.
- 28 Argument of LOG or LGT is negative.

- 29 Argument of LOG or LGT is 0.
- 30 Argument of SQR is negative.
- 31 Division by 0, or modulo 0.
- 32 String does not represent valid number, or string response when numeric data required.
- 33 Argument of NUM, CHR\$, or RPT\$ is improper.
- 34 Referenced line is not an IMAGE statement.
- 35 Improper image.
- 36 Out of data.
- 37 Edit string too long.
- 38 Syntax error in LENTER or ENTER. Also attempting to input from a protected display line.
- 39 Function subprogram not allowed.
- 40 Improper REPLACE or DELETE.
- 41 First line number > second line number.
- 42 Attempt to replace or delete a busy line or subprogram.
- 43 Matrix not square.
- 44 Illegal operand in matrix transposition or matrix multiplication.
- 45 Nested keyboard-entry statements.
- 46 No binary in (RE-)STORE BIN or no program in (RE-)SAVE or (RE-)STORE or no key in (RE-)STORE KEY.
- 47 Subprogram COM declaration is not consistent with main program.
- 48 Recursion in single-line function.
- 49 Line specified in ON declaration not found.
- 50 File number out of range from 1 thru 10.
- 51 File not currently assigned.
- 52 Improper volume label or mass storage unit specifier.
- 53 Improper file name.
- 54 Duplicate file name.

- 55 Directory overflow.
- 56 File name is undefined.
- 57 Attempt to use device of unknown type for mass storage.
- 58 Improper file type.
- 59 End of file found.
- 60 Physical or logical end of record found in direct access mode.
- 61 Defined record size too small for data item.
- 62 File is protected, or wrong protect code specified.
- 63 Number of records, bytes per record, or physical sectors exceeds 65534.
- 64 Medium overflow.
- 65 Incorrect data type.
- 66 Unused.
- 67 Parameter is ≤ 0 .
- 68 Invalid line number encountered during MERGE, GET, or LINK.
- 69 -76 Unused.
- 77 Specified label not found.
- 78 Disc operation completed on device with possible volume label conflict.
- 79 Requested subprogram segment not present or binaries are not allowed in LOAD SUB.
- 80 Mass storage device door open or medium has been removed.
- 81 Mass storage device failure.
- 82 Mass storage device not present.
- 83 Mass storage device is write-protected.
- 84 Record not found.
- 85 Mass storage medium is not initialized.
- 86 Access not allowed to specified device.
- 87 Record address error.
- 88 Read data error.

- 89 Checkread error.
- 90 Mass storage system error.
- 91 Attempt to access a busy file.
- 92 Cannot get exclusive access to a specified file.
- 93 File opened in conflicting mode.
- 94 Specified file cannot currently be locked.
- 95 String not intact on file.
- 96 Program is run-only.
- 97 Door opened - data files closed.
- 98 Door opened - data lost.
- 99 Locked door opened.
- 100 Image specification expects a numeric item.
- 101 Image specification expects a string item.
- 102 Numeric field specification is larger than internal buffer size.
- 103 Item in PRINT USING list has no corresponding image specification.
- 104 Functions TAB, LIN, SPA, and PAGE are allowed in print lists for CHAR files only.
- 105-119 Unused.
- 120 Output field overflow.
- 121 Improper value in CURSOR statement.
- 122 -129 Unused.
- 130 Parameter for REQUEST OR RELEASE out of range.
- 131 Specified device not available.
- 132 Referenced device missing or wrong type.
- 133 Printer is down.
- 134 Printer is offline.
- 135 -139 Unused.
- 140 Spool file record length must be 256 bytes.
- 141 Incorrect data type found in spool file.
- 142 Door open - spool operation aborted.
- 143 Expansion of spool file would cause medium overflow.
- 114

- 144 Spool file size too small.
- 145 -149 Unused.
- 150 Type of expression in CASE does not match type of expression in SELECT.
- 151 Parameter out of range on INDENT.
- 152 Improper matching of structured construct.
- 153 No structured construct active.
- 155 Invalid statement specified in COMMAND.
- 156 More than one level of recursion not allowed in COMMAND.
- 160 Tape Operation Pending: the referenced tape was removed from the drive before the proper updating could take place. Insert the tape into the drive it was removed from and allow it to update properly before removal.
- 161 Disc Buffer Pending: the buffer required for this operation holds data for a tape that was prematurely removed. Locate the proper tape, insert it into the drive, and let the normal procedure complete before its removal.
- 162 Buffer Disc Not Ready: The disc holding the buffer for this tape is not ready for use.
- 163 Tape Door Locked.
- 164 Writing to tape not allowed until tape is initialized.
- 165 Self-test Failure on Disc.
- 603 Configuration file version is incompatible with currently loaded operating system.

PACK/250 Errors

- 200 Referenced line not a PACKFMT.
- 201 Unused.
- 202 Insufficient dimension length in PACK statement, or insufficient current length in an UNPACK.
- 203 List item >32K in PACK or UNPACK.
- 204 Conversion error.
- 205 UNPACK requires a source string of greater current length.

IMAGE / 250 Errors

- 210 Bad status array.
- 211 No DBASE IS statement active; improper data base specified or data base is not open.
- 212 Specified data set not found.
- 213 Too many variables in list.
- 214 IN DATA SET already active for data set.
- 215 Number of elements does not match.
- 216 Variable type does not match with associated field in set.
- 217 String length in list insufficient, or length of list array >255 bytes.
- 218 Variable not in common.
- 219 Line referenced is not an IN DATA SET LIST statement.
- 220 Improper or illegal use of maintenance word.
- 221 Data set not created.
- 222 Needed volume lost during dismount.
- 223 Improper backup file.
- 224 Incomplete backup file.
- 225 Improper utility version number in root file.
- 226 Corrupt data base – must recreate it.
- 227 Corrupt data base – must erase it in its entirety.
- 228 Data sets cannot be restored without a root file.
- 229 No volume name on data base or backup volume.
- 320 Set or item specifier is out of range or is an invalid set or item name.
- 321 Relational operator is invalid.
- 322 The predicate specifier is not a valid form.

SORT / 250 Errors

- 230 Improper nesting of SORT statements, including DATA BASE IS and IN DATA SET.

- 231 Cannot reactivate workfile.
- 232 Data base mode improper for sort.
- 233 Required data set or root file not mounted.
- 234 Missing or improper set linkage.
- 235 No WORKFILE IS # statement active.
- 236 Improper data item or data item not found.
- 237 Sum of sort field lengths plus overhead exceeds 256 bytes in SORT BY.
- 238 Improper synthetic linkage.
- 239 Insufficient space in workfile.
- 240 Program lost due to disc failure.
- 241 Improper operation attempted on workfile.
- 242 Improper READ# or PRINT# on workfile.
- 243 Workfile contains invalid information.
- 244 Data Base Corrupt.

REPORT WRITER / 250 Errors

- 250 BEGIN REPORT does not reference a REPORT HEADER statement.
- 251 Report Writer is already active.
- 252 An END REPORT DESCRIPTION statement is missing as terminator to the Report Description section.
- 253 Duplicate Report Writer Description section.
- 254 Blank lines in PAGE LENGTH statement is greater than page size, or is negative.
- 255 Expression in a Report Writer statement evaluates to an unacceptable value.
- 256 A TOTALS ON or GRAND TOTALS ON statement is improperly positioned in the Report Description section.
- 257 A Report Writer operation was requested while outside the program scope of an active Report Writer, or an END REPORT was not executed for an active Report Writer before subprogram termination.

- 258 Effective page size is less than three lines.
- 259 Illegal execution of a Report Description section statement.
- 260 Insufficient space for printed output within the current page.
- 261 Left margin specified is less than 1 or greater than current printer width.
- 262 Control variable in BREAK WHEN statement has a length greater than was initially allocated.
- 263 A DETAIL LINE statement may not appear within the Report Description section.
- 264 Level parameter is out of range of from 0 thru 9.
- 265 (GRAND) TOTALS ON statement is not active for the level requested.
- 266 Sequence parameter is out of range for (GRAND) TOTALS ON statement at the level requested.
- 267 WITH number LINES parameter in a header, trailer, or detail line is greater than the effective page size or is negative.
- 268 OLDCV(\$) function references a level which does not have a break defined.
- 269 OLDCV(\$) function does not match the data type for the control variable in the BREAK WHEN statement at the level requested.
- 270 PRINTER IS statement may not be executed while Report Writer is active.
- 271 A Report Writer statement may not be used recursively.
- 280 Language cannot be changed during SORT BY.

FORMS / 250 Errors

- 290 Not allowed when form is active.
- 291 Not allowed within form image.
- 292 Attempt to input after last field of form.

- 293 Attempt to output after last field of form.
- 294 Not allowed unless form is active.

TIMER / 250 Errors

- 300 Date not in acceptable format or incorrect.
- 301 Time not in acceptable format or incorrect.
- 302 Date or time has already been set. It may be set only once per system boot-up.
- 303 ON DELAY value is incorrect.

TIO / 250 Errors

- 310 Port ordinal out of range of from 11 thru 15.
- 311 Priority value out of range from 1 thru 15.
- 312 Invalid address in ON...interrupt statement.
- 314 Ownership error: must do REQUEST before ON INPUT.
- 315 No input available: cannot do AREAD\$ from specified port.
- 316 Invalid SEND or SEND BREAK statement: specified device is not a computer.
- 320 -322 IMAGE Errors.

MEDIA / 250 Errors

General MEDIA Errors

- 340 Operation only allowed on IBM media.
- 341 Improper operation on CHAR file.
- 342 Operation not allowed on this media.
- 343 Invalid IBM data set record length.
- 344 File on IBM media must be type CHAR.
- 345 Invalid IBM file start address in CREATE command.
- 346 Cartridge tape in HP interchange format cannot be accessed while in INDIRECT mode.

IBMDUMP and IBMWREC Errors

- 370 Record number out of range for IBM media.
- 371 Device does not contain IBM format media.
- 372 Invalid display or conversion parameter.
- 373 Deleted record read.

TASK/250 Errors

The error codes have different meanings for the REQUEST and ATTACH commands. The error numbers in the table are execution errors caused by unsuccessful commands with no optional result parameter. The result in the table is the returned status indicating the outcome of the command.

REQUEST# Command

Error Number	Result	Description
none	0	Ownership granted
401	1	Specified TASKID not a task
402	2	Specified TASKID not a secondary task or already owned by another user
403	3	Executing task not the home user of a workstation

ATTACH Command

Error Number	Result	Description
none	0	Attach initiated
401	1	Specified TASKID not a task
402	2	Specified TASKID not owned by executing task
403	3	Executing task not the home user of a workstation or executing task currently not attached to a workstation

RJE/250 Errors

- 1 Invalid file specifier.
- 2 Invalid printer number.
- 3 More parameters than expected in this command.
- 4 Invalid command.
- 5 Invalid deleter; comma expected.
- 6 Same parameter assigned more than once on this command.
- 7 Invalid parameter.
- 8 Invalid channel number.
- 9 Invalid phone number.
- 10 Illegal number of records specified on repeat.
- 11 Command not allowed when transmitting.
- 12 Configuration file not for IBM 2780/3780.
- 13 Command not allowed when channel not opened.
- 14 One channel already opened; another open not allowed.
- 15 Space compression not allowed on 2780.
- 16 Unable to open file as specified.
- 17 Unable to create file as specified.
- 18 Unable to write record to specified file.
- 19 Unable to read record from specified file.
- 20 Unable to read command from command file.
- 21 Specified printer not available.
- 22 Specified printer off-line.
- 23 Control codes found in nontransparent record.
- 24 Unable to read data record from command file.
- 25 Received data block for wrong emulator type.
- 26 Record overflow due to horizontal tabbing.

CS/250 Errors

Irrecoverable Error Codes

- 0 Request completed successfully.
- 10 Invalid INP channel number.
- 12 COPEN called while line already open.
- 13 INP channel has already been reserved and opened by another user.
- 14 Invalid ID sequence length.
- 15 Invalid system buffer size.
- 17 Invalid phone number length.
- 18 Illegal character in phone number.
- 20 Invalid information type in COPEN information.
- 21 Invalid information value in COPEN information.
- 24 CTRACE DROM is not present.
- 25 No background task available for trace process or cannot find trace process.
- 26 Trace buffer not configured.
- 27 Insufficient common block space for TRACE process to run.
- 31 Insufficient user memory available for INP control tables and system buffers.
- 41 Invalid request—INP RAM Control Program is not executing or has not been initialized for this operation.
- 42 Invalid request—INP ROM Control Program is not executing.
- 44 No CS/250 System Buffer is available to complete this COPEN request.
- 51 INP has not been reserved and opened by a call to COPEN.
- 52 Undefined CS/250 function code.
- 57 No answer to dial attempt.

- 59 Auto-dial hardware failure.
- 61 Invalid CCONTROL code.
- 63 No I/O in progress for abort.
- 64 Abort ignored.
- 73 Invalid CINFO information type code.
- 76 All system buffers are in use; at least one concurrent I/O operation now in progress must be completed and CCOMPLETE must be called before any additional I/O operations can be initiated.
- 77 All Input/Output Control Blocks (IOCB's) are in use; at least one concurrent I/O operation now in progress must be completed and CCOMPLETE must be called before any additional I/O operations can be initiated.
- 79 No I/O in progress.
- 80 Invalid byte count parameter. One or more of the following conditions may have been detected:
 - (a) the byte count is negative,
 - (b) the byte count is not a positive, even-valued number for calls to CLOAD or CDUMP, or
 - (c) the byte count specifies more data than can be contained in a system buffer or the byte count exceeds 8190.
- 81 The RAM address that was specified for an INP down-line load or up-line load is invalid. One or more of the following conditions may have been detected:
 - (a) the RAM address is negative,
 - (b) for a call to CDUMP, the block to be dumped has a FWA less than zero, a LWA greater than 16383, or both, or
 - (c) for a call to CLOAD, the block of memory to be loaded has a FWA less than 384, a LWA greater than 16383, or both.

- 82 INP internal ROM self-test failed.
- 83 INP internal RAM self-test failed.
- 84 INP internal connector panel self-test failed.
- 85 INP internal timer self-test failed.
- 86 INP internal output flip-flop self-test failed.
- 87 INP internal SIO self-test failed.
- 88 INP internal DMA self-test failed.
- 89 INP internal interrupt self-test failed.
- 90 INP internal microprocessor self-test failed.
- 91 INP internal self-test general failure.
- 92 CS/250 Physical Driver—Word transfer timed-out on input operation.
- 93 CS/250 Physical Driver—Word transfer timed-out on output operation.
- 94 CS/250 Physical Driver—INP ROM/RAM Control Program returned an undefined state code.
- 95 CS/250 Physical Driver—INP ROM/RAM Control Program performed an illegal state transition.
- 96 CS/250 Physical Driver—INP ROM/RAM Control Program indicated a "crash" state, was unable to return a crash code, or returned an invalid crash code.
- 97 CS/250 Physical Driver—No buffer was specified for an input operation.
- 98 CS/250 Physical Driver—No buffer was specified for an output operation.
- 101 Non-responding device.
- 102 Transfer error.
- 103 Data-set not ready.
- 104 Carrier loss.
- 105 Data overrun.
- 106 Designated INP channel does not exist.



- 107 INP self-test failed.
- 110 CS/250 Logical Driver—Invalid message type code received from RAM CP.
- 111 CS/250 Logical Driver—Invalid request identifier received from RAM CP.
- 112 CS/250 Logical Driver—Invalid request state code.
- 113 CS/250 Logical Driver—Invalid request state transition.
- 114 CS/250 Logical Driver—Invalid event for this request state.
- 116 CS/250 operation timed-out.
- 117 INP \longleftrightarrow HP250 interface state register self-test failed.
- 118 INP \longleftrightarrow HP250 interface interrupt self-test failed.
- 119 INP \longleftrightarrow HP250 interface data register self-test failed.
- 120 INP RAM CP—Not enough memory for a system table.
- 121 INP RAM CP—Routine called with zero CQE parameter.
- 122 INP RAM CP—Routine called with invalid parameter.
- 123 INP RAM CP—Request to queue a CQE that has already been queued.
- 124 INP RAM CP—Routine called with invalid PIN.
- 125 INP RAM CP—Miscellaneous system problem.
- 126 INP RAM CP—No free CQE.
- 127 INP RAM CP—Invalid request to release memory.
- 128 INP RAM CP—Secondary buffer problem.
- 129 INP RAM CP—Interrupt from an unknown source.
- 130 INP RAM CP—No-source interrupt.
- 131 INP RAM CP—Buffer address out of bounds.
- 132 INP RAM CP—Invalid time-out parameter.
- 133 INP RAM CP—Checksum of down-line load file failed.
- 134 INP RAM CP—Invalid address detected by hardware.

- 135 INP Interconnect—Illegal interrupt source error.
- 136 INP Interconnect—I/O completion interrupt.
- 137 INP Interconnect—Illegal interrupt source.
- 138 INP Interconnect—Illegal new-request CQE type.
- 139 INP Interconnect—Illegal buffer-available activation.
- 140 INP Interconnect—Erroneous DMA completion.
- 141 INP Interconnect—Illegal mainframe request type.
- 142 INP Interconnect—Miscellaneous error.
- 143 INP Trace—Illegal activation reason.
- 144 INP Trace—Illegal CQE type.
- 145 INP Protocol—Bad user request code.
- 146 INP Protocol—Bad system information request code.
- 147 INP Protocol—Bad external LCM event code.
- 148 INP Protocol—Undefined state transition event.
- 149 INP Protocol—Invalid external physical driver event.
- 150 INP Protocol—Unexpected SIO interrupt.

**Driver-Dependent Irrecoverable Errors
Resulting in Disconnection**

- 151 INP Protocol—Invalid initialization request.
- 152 INP Protocol—Memory allocation failure.
- 151 Connect time-out.
- 153 Remote rejected the connection.
- 154 Power failure occurred.
- 155 Local time-out.
- 156 An internal error was detected by the driver.
- 157 Remote protocol error.
- 158 Remote sent shutdown sequence and disconnected.
- 159 Remote sent shutdown sequence and disconnected before the I/O request was issued.

**Driver-Dependent Irrecoverable Errors
not Resulting in Disconnection**

- 201 Operation aborted.
- 202 Invalid user request.
- 203 Remote is not ready to accept line bid.
- 204 Remote rejected the line bid.
- 205 Remote primary station bid for the line while local user was also bidding.
- 206 Remote has requested to send (an RVI sequence was received).
- 207 Retry count exhausted.
- 208 Unexpected text was received.
- 209 Receive time-out.
- 210 Remote sent end-of-transmission.
- 211 Remote sent end-of-transmission sequence and disconnected before the I/O request was issued.
- 212 During the execution of a conversational CWRITE with output buffer also specified to be the input buffer, the remote requested a resend of the output buffer but its contents had been modified while receiving from the remote.
- 213 Remote sent an ACK sequence in response to a local CREAD acknowledgment.
- 214 Remote sent a NAK sequence in response to a local CREAD acknowledgment.
- 215 Remote send and RVI sequence in response to a local CREAD acknowledgment.
- 216 Remote requested a download sequence be initiated.
- 217 No line bid was received from the remote; local timed-out.

- 218 Remote sent a delay sequence instead of the expected text/response.
- 219 The entries in the poll list were polled the required number of times, and no station responded.
- 220 An EOT was received from the remote before the last block of a multiblock transmission was sent.
- 221 After an RVI was sent to the remote, the remote responded with text instead of the expected EOT.
- 222 Poll entry down or poll list down.
- 223 Too much data was transmitted by the remote; part of the data was lost.

Recoverable Error Codes

- 0 No recoverable error occurred.
- 1 Invalid ID sequence received.
- 2 Received unintelligible sequence.
- 3 Block check character failed check sequence error.
- 4 Response time-out.
- 5 Received incorrect acknowledgment.
- 6 Remote attempted to bid for the line.
- 7 Remote did not respond to a local's line bid.
- 8 Received unintelligible sequence after sending text.
- 9 Received enquiry character after sending text.
- 10 Remote requested a resend of local's last response.
- 11 Remote requested a resend of last text block.
- 12 Received end-of-transmission character while in control state.
- 13 Received text overflow.
- 14 Data overrun occurred on SIO multiplexor.
- 15 Transfer error occurred on SIO multiplexor.

Binary Program Errors

- 800 Source and destination must not be the same device.
- 801 Devices not compatible.
- 802 Destination device is too small.
- 803 Cannot duplicate media.
- 810 Protect code parameter must be 2 characters long.
- 850 Bad file-type specifier.
- 851 Files not similar, or destination file space is too small for file to be REPLACed.
- 860 Old password does not match.
- 861 Improper number of array elements.
- 999 Binary program not compatible with current operating system revision.

System Errors

- 1000 System files table full.
- 1001 Too many accesses to specified file.
- 1002 Request would result in deadlock.
- 1003 Cannot get exclusive access to device.
- 1004 Keyword not recognized by this operating system revision.
- 1005 Memory overflow in common block.
- 1010 Memory parity error.

Some system malfunctions are denoted by an error-like message on the display. These messages will appear as the words "SYSTEM ERROR" followed by a letter. In addition, a table of numbers is listed. If a condition of this type occurs, you should record the message and table shown on the display. These conditions are remedied only by powering off the system and reloading. Call HP for assistance if the condition persists.

Loader Errors

LOADER ERROR messages indicate that the operating system cannot be loaded successfully -

- A Checksum error.
- B Disc read error.
- C Checkread error.
- D Insufficient memory.
- E Interface error.
- F Disc or system error.

Loader errors A thru C may indicate that the operating system disc is worn or damaged. Try loading the system with the backup (spare) copy of the operating system disc. If any loader error persists after repeated tries, record the error message and call HP for service.

IMAGE Status Errors

The following list describes the condition word values for IMAGE programming statements.

Condition Word	Error Description
0	Successful execution - no error.
-1	No such data base. Data base is currently opened in an incompatible mode. Bad root file reference. Data base opened exclusively.
-7	Data base lock request was already made in current environment.
-10	User may not open additional data bases, five are already opened.
-11	Bad data base name or preceding blanks missing.
-12	DBPUT, DBDELETE or DBUPDATE called with data base not locked.

- 14 DBPUT, DBDELETE and DBUPDATE not allowed in access mode 8.
- 21 Bad password - grants access to nothing.
Data item nonexistent or inaccessible.
Data set nonexistent or inaccessible.
Data set volume nonexistent.
- 23 User lacks write access to data set.
- 24 DBPUT, DBDELETE, DBUPDATE not allowed on automatic master.
- 31 Bad mode.
DBGET mode 7 - illegal for detail data set.
DBGET mode 5 - specified data set lacks chains.
- 52 Item specified is not an accessible search item in the specified set.
Bad LIST variable - must be "@;" or "@".
- 91 Root file not compatible with current IMAGE / 250 statements.
- 92 Data base requires creation.
- 94 Data or structure information lost. Data base must be erased or re-created.
- 95 No automatic master set entry for current detail.
DBDELETE only.
- 96 Corrupt pointer value detected in current data set.
- 120 Not enough memory to perform DBLOCK.
- 122 Descriptor list bad. Not within string limits.
- 123 Illegal relational operator.
- 124 Descriptor too short, must be greater than or equal to 9 words.
- 125 Bad set name / number.
- 127 Attempt to lock using a compound item.
- 128 Bad descriptor length for numeric item.
- 134 Two descriptors conflict.
- 135 Second lock is not allowed in modes 1, 3, 5, 11, 13 and 15.
- 136 Descriptor list exceeds 2047 words.
- 137 Qualifier parameter is of wrong type.

- 11 End-of-file.
- 12 Directed beginning of file.
- 13 Directed end of file.
- 15 End of chain.
- 16 The data set is full.
- 17 There is no chain for the search item value.
There is no entry with the specified key value.
No current record or the current record is empty.
The selected record is empty.
- 18 Broken chain.
- 20 Data base locked or contains locks.
Status word 3: 0 – data base locked.
1 – data set or entries locked.
- 22 Data set locked by another process.
- 23 Entries locked within set.
- 24 Item conflicts with current locks.
- 25 Entry or entries already locked.
- 27 Relational operator type conflict.
- 41 DBUPDATE will not alter a search item.
- 43 Duplicate key value in Master.
- 44 Can't delete a Master entry with non-empty Detail chains.
- 50 User's buffer is too small for requested data.
- 53 ARGUMENT field type incompatible with search field type (DBGET, mode 7, or DBFIND).
ARGUMENT's current string length is less than the string length of the search field.
- 80 Data set volume is not on-line.
- 90 Root file volume is not on-line.
- 94 Corrupt data base opened successfully in mode 8.
- 1xx There is no chain head for path xx.
- 3xx The automatic master for path xx is full.
- 4xx The master data set for path xx is not currently mounted (applies to DBPUT and DBDELETE for detail data sets).

DBLOAD/DBUNLD Errors

Error Number	Error Message
1	INCORRECT PASSWORD
2	IMPROPER SET COUNT
3	IMPROPER ITEM COUNT
4	SEARCH ITEM SUBCOUNT > 1
5	UNKNOWN SEARCH ENTRY TYPE
6	IMPROPER SEGMENT ENTRY COUNT
7	PROGRAM COMPLETION REQUIRES ROOT FILE ¹
8	NO ROOM ON CURRENT BACKUP VOLUME
9	DATA SET NAME NOT FOUND
10	DATA BASE STATUS
11	DATA BASE NOT AVAILABLE
12	BACKUP FILE VOLUMES OUT OF ORDER
13	DUPLICATE BACKUP FILE NAME ¹
14	PURGE NOT CONFIRMED; OLD FILE KEPT
15	FATAL ERROR
16	ROOT FILE NOT FOUND
17	ATTEMPT TO UNLOAD OR LOAD AUTOMATIC MASTER
18	ITEM POSITION VALUE EXCEEDS ITEM COUNT
19	IMPROPER VOLUME COUNT
20	ITEM TYPES DO NOT MATCH
21	ATTEMPT TO LOAD CORRUPT DATA BASE
22	REQUESTED DATA SET NUMBER NOT FOUND
23	ZERO LENGTH BACKUP FILE
24	IMPROPER DATA SET NUMBER
25	FORM IS NOT COMPLETE

¹ These messages are informational and warnings.

- 26 FILE NAME NOT FOUND
- 27 IMPROPER PATH NUMBER
- 28 IMPROPER INPUT VALUE
- 29 INCORRECT FILE TYPE
- 30 BACKUP FILE NOT CREATED BY DBUNLD UTILITY
- 31 ERASE REQUIRES ALL VOLUMES BE MOUNTED¹
- 32 FEWER ENTRIES UNLOADED THAN EXPECTED¹
- 33 FEWER ENTRIES LOADED THAN EXPECTED
- 34 DATA BASE IS MARKED CORRUPT¹
- 35 PROGRAM FILE VERSION DISAGREEMENT
- 36 BACKUP SET NUMBER NOT IN DATA BASE
- 37 READ FAILURE IN DATA SET RECORD POSITION¹
- 38 SEARCH ITEM ERROR
- 39 DATA ENTRY OMITTED FOR SEARCH VALUE¹
- 40 VOLUME NAME TOO LONG: TRUNCATED VALUE¹
- 41 FILE PROTECT CODE DOES NOT MATCH
- 42 MISSING DATA SET
- 43 DATA ITEM LENGTH OR PRECISION LOST¹
- 44 ITEM CONVERSION ERROR
- 45 CORRUPT DATA BASE REQUIRING SERIAL MODE
- 46 DATA SET REQUIRES ITEM RESTRUCTURING¹

EDITOR Errors

Error Code	Error Message
1	CLEAR NOT CONFIRMED, HOLD FILE UNCHANGED
2	CLEAR NOT CONFIRMED, WORK FILE UNCHANGED
3	FILE NOT FOUND
4	FILE NOT NUMBERED, WORK FILE IS EMPTY
5	FILE NOT NUMBERED, WORK FILE UNCHANGED

- 6 HOLD FILE FULL
- 7 ILLEGAL COMMAND
- 8 ILLEGAL FILE NAME
- 9 ILLEGAL FILE NUMBER
- 10 ILLEGAL SET PARAMETER
- 11 ILLEGAL SET PARAMETER VALUE
- 12 ILLEGAL VOLUME OR MASS MEMORY SPECIFIER
- 13 IMPROPER FILE TYPE
- 14 LINE ALREADY PRESENT
- 15 LINE NOT FOUND
- 16 LINE NUMBER OUT OF RANGE
- 17 NESTED WHILE COMMAND IS ILLEGAL
- 18 NO TEXT IN HOLD FILE
- 19 NO TEXT IN WORK FILE
- 20 NULL RANGE OR FIRST > SECOND
- 21 PURGE NOT CONFIRMED, TEXT NOT KEPT
- 22 SCRATCH FILE ERROR (FATAL)
- 23 STRING NOT FOUND WITHIN RANGE
- 24 SYNTAX ERROR
- 25 WORK FILE FULL...KEEP (NUMBERED) AND THEN TEXT
- 26 UNABLE TO OPEN OR READ FILE
- 27 UNDELIMITED FILE SPECIFIER
- 28 UNDELIMITED STRING
- 29 UNEXPECTED SYSTEM ERROR (FATAL)
- 30 VOLUME NOT FOUND
- 31 WARNING, COMMANDS FOLLOWING WHILE ARE LOST
- 32 WARNING, LINE TRUNCATED

APPENDIX A

ASCII Character Codes

ASCII Char.	EQUIVALENT FORMS	
	Binary	Dec
NULL	00000000	0
SOH	00000001	1
STX	00000010	2
ETX	00000011	3
EOT	00000100	4
ENQ	00000101	5
ACK	00000110	6
BELL	00000111	7
BS	00001000	8
HT	00001001	9
LF	00001010	10
VT	00001011	11
FF	00001100	12
CR	00001101	13
SO	00001110	14
SI	00001111	15
DLE	00010000	16
DC ₁	00010001	17
DC ₂	00010010	18
DC ₃	00010011	19
DC ₄	00010100	20
NAK	00010101	21
SYNC	00010110	22
ETB	00010111	23
CAN	00011000	24
EM	00011001	25
SUB	00011010	26
ESC	00011011	27
FS	00011100	28
GS	00011101	29
RS	00011110	30
US	00011111	31

ASCII Char.	EQUIVALENT FORMS	
	Binary	Dec
space	00100000	32
!	00100001	33
"	00100010	34
#	00100011	35
\$	00100100	36
%	00100101	37
&	00100110	38
'	00100111	39
(00101000	40
)	00101001	41
*	00101010	42
+	00101011	43
,	00101100	44
-	00101101	45
.	00101110	46
/	00101111	47
0	00110000	48
1	00110001	49
2	00110010	50
3	00110011	51
4	00110100	52
5	00110101	53
6	00110110	54
7	00110111	55
8	00111000	56
9	00111001	57
:	00111010	58
;	00111011	59
<	00111100	60
=	00111101	61
>	00111110	62
?	00111111	63

ASCII Char.	EQUIVALENT FORMS	
	Binary	Dec
@	01000000	64
A	01000001	65
B	01000010	66
C	01000011	67
D	01000100	68
E	01000101	69
F	01000110	70
G	01000111	71
H	01001000	72
I	01001001	73
J	01001010	74
K	01001011	75
L	01001100	76
M	01001101	77
N	01001110	78
O	01001111	79
P	01010000	80
Q	01010001	81
R	01010010	82
S	01010011	83
T	01010100	84
U	01010101	85
V	01010110	86
W	01010111	87
X	01011000	88
Y	01011001	89
Z	01011010	90
[01011011	91
\	01011100	92
]	01011101	93
^	01011110	94
_	01011111	95

ASCII Char.	EQUIVALENT FORMS	
	Binary	Dec
`	01100000	96
a	01100001	97
b	01100010	98
c	01100011	99
d	01100100	100
e	01100101	101
f	01100110	102
g	01100111	103
h	01101000	104
i	01101001	105
j	01101010	106
k	01101011	107
l	01101100	108
m	01101101	109
n	01101110	110
o	01101111	111
p	01110000	112
q	01110001	113
r	01110010	114
s	01110011	115
t	01110100	116
u	01110101	117
v	01110110	118
w	01110111	119
x	01111000	120
y	01111001	121
z	01111010	122
{	01111011	123
	01111100	124
}	01111101	125
~	01111110	126
DEL	01111111	127

APPENDIX B

Syntax Reference

`variables$ = AREAD# (device address)`

Transfers data from the ASI input buffer to the string variable.

`BLOCK MODE OFF # device address`

Turns off block mode data transfer to the HP 3000.

`BLOCK MODE ON # device address`

Turns on block mode data transfer to the HP 3000.

`ECHO OFF # device address`

Turns off characters echoing to a remote terminal.

`ECHO ON # device address`

Turns on character echoing to a remote terminal. The default echo mode is echo on.

`OFF BREAK # device address`

Cancels the execution of the `ON BREAK #` statement.

`OFF CONNECT # device address`

Cancels the execution of the `ON CONNECT #` statement.

`OFF DISCONNECT # device address`

Cancels the execution of the `ON DISCONNECT #` statement.

`OFF INPUT # device address`

Cancels the execution of the `ON INPUT #` statement.

`ON BREAK # device address [, priority] branching statement`

Causes an interrupt when the terminal `BREAK` key is pressed.

`ON CONNECT # device address [, priority] branching statement`

Causes an interrupt when the device is connected to the port.

`ON DISCONNECT # device address [, priority] branching statement`

Causes an interrupt when the device is disconnected from the port.

`ON INPUT # device address [, priority] [branching statement]`

Causes an interrupt when a carriage return is sent to the ASI input buffer from a terminal. A carriage return or `DC1` sent from an HP 3000 causes the interrupt.

ON OUTPUT # device address [, priority] [branching statement]

Causes an interrupt when the ASI output buffer is empty.

ON TRIGGER # device address [, priority] branching statement

Causes an interrupt when the HP 3000 sends a DC1 as the data transmission terminator and when the ASI input buffer is empty. This signals the program that the HP 3000 is ready to accept output.

SEND # device address , character code

Sends a one-character code to the HP 3000.

SEND BREAK # device address

Sends a break to the HP 3000.

APPENDIX C

The LK 3000 Utility

The LK 3000 Utility is a run-only, BASIC-language program which allows you to:

- Use the HP 250 as a remote terminal in an HP 3000 computer system.
- Transfer ASCII data to or from the HP 3000.
- Transfer BASIC programs to or from the HP 3000.

The utility is provided on SYSTEM discs beginning with software revision 1C. The utility requires that the TIO DROM is configured into the operating system and that the HP 250 contains an Asynchronous Serial Interface board (either HP 45120A or system option 120). It's assumed that the HP 3000 is operating under MPE III and is connected either directly via cables, or indirectly via a modem (see page C-9). The example operations in this appendix assume a direct interface to the HP 3000.

Log-On Procedure

To load LK 3000 and log on:

1. Load the HP 250 operating system (rev. 1C or later) and execute:

```
RUN "LK3000"
```

2. The utility first requests the port number at which the HP 3000 is connected:

```
RUN "LK3000"
```

```
HP 250/3000 INTERACTIVE LINK, for use with MPE III.  
Enter port number (1..5): _
```

The interface ports located at the back of the HP 250 are numbered 1 thru 5 (left to right). Type in the port number and press :

```
RUN "LK3000"
```

```
HP 250/3000 INTERACTIVE LINK, for use with MPE III.  
Enter port number (1..5): 5
```

3. The HP 3000 system prompt (:) indicates that you are connected and can log-on by entering your assigned name and account. For example:

```
:HELLO RANDY.PARTS
```

To ensure using the correct protocol, append; Term=10 to the log-on sequence when files are to be transferred. For example:

```
:HELLO RANDY.PARTS;TERM=10
```

The standard log-on message and system prompt indicate the computer is waiting for your next command:

```
:HELLO RANDY.PARTS  
HP3000 / MPE III B.00.01. MON, NOV 27, 1978, 10:30 AM  
:_
```

You can now execute MPE III commands and call any available subsystems, as described in the HP 3000 Users Manual, part number 03000-90121.

Log-Off Procedure

To end your session with the HP 3000, simply enter **BYE** in response to the system prompt:


```
:BYE  
CPU=6. CONNECT=17. MON, NOV 22, 1978, 11:45 AM  
END OF HP 250/3000 INTERACTIVE LINK
```

This closes your account and disconnects you from the HP 3000. Press **HALT** to terminate the LK 3000 utility.

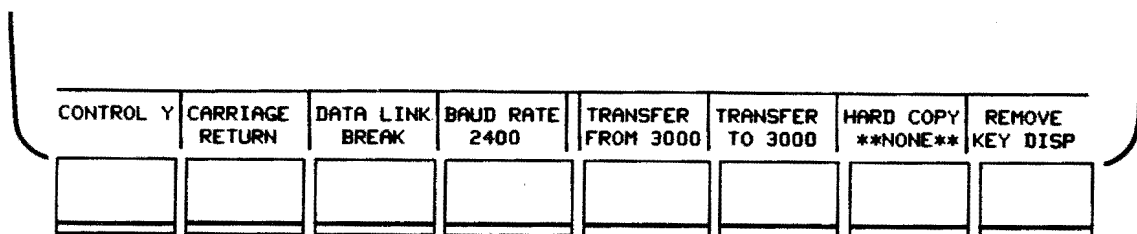
NOTE

Exiting the LK 3000 utility before logging off (e.g., by pressing **HALT** or powering off) leaves your HP 3000 account open. To return to the point where you left off, execute **RUN "LK3000"** and enter the port number.

Terminal Operation

The LK 3000 utility allows interacting with the HP 3000 using the full HP 250 keyboard and display control keys. Press  to transmit each command to the HP 3000.

After you have logged onto the HP 3000, the utility defines these softkeys to aid in terminal operation:



CONTROL Y	CARRIAGE RETURN	DATA LINK BREAK	BAUD RATE 2400	TRANSFER FROM 3000	TRANSFER TO 3000	HARD COPY **NONE**	REMOVE KEY DISP

CONTROL Y – Sends a Y character, which halts operation in the current subsystem and returns the subsystem prompt.

CARRIAGE RETURN – Enters a CR character, which returns the display cursor to the start of the current line.

DATA LINK BREAK – Sends a BREAK signal, a prolonged NULL, to interrupt computer operation and returns to the system prompt.

BAUD RATE – Selects the data transmission rate, either 110, 150, 300, 1200, or 2400 BAUD. The selected rate is displayed below the softkey label. (NOTE: This rate should match the BAUD switch setting on the data comm board.)

TRANSFER FROM 3000 – Initiates a procedure which transfers information from a source file in your HP 3000 account to a file created on the HP 250. See page C-5.

TRANSFER TO 3000 – Initiates a procedure which transfers the contents of an existing type DATA file to a source file created in your HP 3000 account. See page C-6.

HARD COPY – Selects the output device to be used for terminal output operations. The address of the currently-set device is shown below the softkey label. To select another available device, press the softkey until the device address is displayed. The default printer is usually configured at device address 0.

REMOVE KEY DISP – Removes the softkey definitions and labels, providing more display work area. Press SFK8 again to re-define the other softkeys.

The keyboard SFKs are also defined to perform these functions when the softkeys are defined.

Two additional SFKs are available which do not have a definition shown on the CRT.

SFK 17 – Allows you to type in an HP 250 command to be executed. Such commands as CAT, PURGE, MSI are useful. After the command has executed, the LK 3000 utility resumes processing.

SFK 20 – Toggles the debug mode internal to the LK 3000 utility. The current contents of the display are not affected by pressing this key. In debug mode, all commands sent to the HP 3000 and all data received from the HP 3000 are displayed with an indication of the current program state (input or output).

Transferring Files

The two special procedures within the LK 3000 utility, TRANSFER TO 3000 and TRANSFER FROM 3000, provide an easy means to transmit information to or from an HP 3000 account. Whether transmitting data or programs, the information must be in ASCII-coded format. This means only HP 250 type DATA files and HP 3000 source files (created using EDITOR/3000) can be used at the originating end. Each special procedure automatically creates the appropriate file type at the destination.

Each program stored in a type PROG file can easily be duplicated into a type DATA file before using the LK 3000 utility to transfer the program to the HP 3000. For example:

```
LOAD "SALES"      (load type PROG file)
SAVE "sales"     (save in type DATA file)
```

After BASIC program lines have been transferred from the HP 3000 to a type DATA file, they can be stored into a type PROG file:

```
GET "orders"     (get program into memory)
STORE "ORDERS"   (store in type PROG file)
PURGE "orders"   (erase type DATA file)
```

HP 3000 to HP 250 Data Transfer

To transfer the contents of an existing HP 3000 source file to the HP 250:

1. If you haven't done so already, log on as explained earlier.
2. When the system prompt appears, press the TRANSFER FROM 3000 softkey:

```
:
HP 3000 TO 250 FILE TRANSFER UTILITY
HP 3000 source file name: _
```

3. Enter the name of the source file containing data or BASIC program lines to be transferred to the HP 250. For example:

```
HP 3000 source file name: SFORM
HP 3000 file SFORM contains 55 records of 102 bytes each.
HP 250 destination file name: _
```

Once the source file has been located, its size is displayed.

4. Enter the name of a destination file, a type DATA file to be created on the HP 250 default drive:

```
HP 250 destination file name: SFORM1
START FILE TRANSFER
```

The utility creates the destination file and then transfers each record from the source file. If the data file already exists, LK 3000 asks if the file is to be purged then resaved. The final display is:

```
FILE TRANSFER COMPLETE
END OF PROGRAM
: -
```

If the utility cannot create the destination file, or if an error is encountered during data transfer, the utility exits the procedure and displays a message. See page C-8 for details.

HP 250 to HP 3000 Data Transfer

To transfer the contents of an existing type DATA file to the HP 3000:

1. Log on as explained earlier.
2. When the system prompt (:) appears, press the TRANSFER TO 3000 softkey:

```
:
HP 250 TO HP 3000 FILE TRANSFER UTILITY
HP 250 source file name:
```

3. Enter the name of a type DATA file containing data to be transferred to the HP 3000. For example:

```
HP 250 source file name: DATA
HP 250 source file DATA contains 22 records of 256 bytes each.
Enter estimated record count to override catalog value: 139
Enter actual maximum record size to override catalog value: 160
HP 3000 destination file name: DATA
```

Once the source file has been located, its size is displayed. If the file was SAVED, its record size is always 256 bytes and its record count is just sufficient to contain the program.

On the HP 250, strings may cross record boundaries within HP 250 files. This is not true on the HP 3000. Therefore, LK 3000 gives you an opportunity to supply the record size and record count of the HP 3000 destination file. The record size must be the size of the longest string in the HP 250 data file. The record count must be the number of strings in the file. If exact values are not known, always supply overestimates for these values. Underestimates will result in lost data. If the size and count of the HP 250 file is the correct size and count for the HP 3000 file, press without entering new values.

4. Enter the name of the destination file, either an existing or new source file to be created under your HP 3000 account:

```
HP 3000 destination file name: PAYROL
START FILE TRANSFER
```

The utility creates the new source file and transfers each record from the HP 250 DATA file. The final display is:

```
FILE TRANSFER COMPLETE
END OF PROGRAM
: _
```

Terminating File Transfers

If you decide not to transfer a file, whenever a file name is asked for, press without giving a file name. This terminates the file transfer.

If the transfer is already in progress, press to terminate the transfer. Press the CARRIAGE RETURN softkey repeatedly until the FCOPY prompt ">" appears. Then type EXIT to terminate the FCOPY utility.

Data Transfer Errors

If the subprogram encounters an error while creating a file or transferring data, it automatically exits the procedure and displays a message. For example:

```
:
HP 3000 TO 250 FILE TRANSFER UTILITY
HP 3000 source file name: SFORM
HP 3000 file SFORM contains 55 records of 102 bytes each.
HP 250 destination file name: SYSTEM
ERROR IN CREATING FILE
END OF FILE TRANSFER
:_
```

If you abort the transfer operation (via power off), you must first RUN "LK3000", enter the port number and abort operation in the HP 3000's FILE COPIER subsystem. For example:

```
:
HP 3000 TO 250 FILE TRANSFER UTILITY
HP 3000 source file name: SFORM
HP 3000 file SFORM contains 55 records of 102 bytes each.
HP 250 destination file name: SFORM1
RECORD 39 TRANSFERRED          HALT pressed during file transfer.

END HP 250/3000 INTERACTIVE LINK

RUN "LK3000"

HP250/3000 INTERACTIVE LINK, for use with MPE III. } re-establish link
Enter port number (1..5): 5

EXPECTED 'YES' OR 'NO'. (CIWARN 990)
ABORT? YES ← respond to prompt to abort FILE COPIER subsystem
PROGRAM ABORTED PER USER REQUEST. (CIERR 989)

HP32212A.3.07 FILE COPIER (C) HEWLETT-PACKARD CO. 1978

:_          return to operating system
```

If other HP 3000 MPE III subsystem errors occur while running LK 3000, use the CONTROL Y, CARRIAGE RETURN, and/or DATA LINK BREAK softkeys to recover from the error. In some cases, re-running LK 3000 and logging-on again may be required.

Using Modems

The LK 3000 data communications link has been tested using Western Electric (Bell) 103J-series modems. These modems are full-duplex, RS-232-C compatible (CCITT V.24 in Europe) and operate at a maximum of 300 BAUD. Several other available modems are compatible with this unit. There are also Bell 103 compatible units which operate full-duplex at 1200 BAUD and each, theoretically, can be connected to the HP 250. The selection, installation, and proper operation of a modem is the customer's responsibility.

The next table lists recommendations on selecting the proper Bell 103 compatible modem.

Guidelines for Selecting a Modem

Bell 103J Option	Comments
1. Rotary Dial 2. Touch Tone Dial	Area Optional.
3. With Card Dialer 4. Without Card Dialer	Customer Decision.
5. Loss of CXR on Disconnect 6. No Loss of CXR Disconnect	Recommended Option.
7. Send Space Disconnect 8. Send No Space Disconnect	Recommended Option.
9. Receive Space Disconnect 10. No Receive Space Disconnect	Recommended Option.
11. Data Answer Permanent 12. Data Answer Select	Either option is OK. Depends on user application.

Operating Considerations

Be sure to consider these points when using LK 3000.

- Binary (BIN) and program (PROG) files cannot be transferred from the HP 250 without first making them DATA files.
- IMAGE/250 files cannot be transferred. If you wish to transfer a data base or data set, first write an HP 250 program to read the data set. Then, create a DATA file and write the appropriate information into the file using PACK and UNPACK statements.
- The HP 250 and HP 3000 do not have the same floating point capabilities. When transferring information to the HP 3000, checks should be made to ensure that the numbers do not overflow or underflow on the HP 3000.

Floating Point Ranges

Limit	HP 250	HP 3000
Maximum	9.9E99	5.7896E76
Minimum	1E-99	1.727E-77

APPENDIX D

TIO Error Codes

TIO may produce the following error codes for problems detected at execution time.

- 310** Port ordinal out of range. This error results from the execution of any TIO statement in which the value of the expression specifying the addressed port ordinal is not in the range 11 thru 15.
- 311** Priority value out of range. This error results from the execution of a TIO on-interrupt statement in which the value of the expression specifying the interrupt execution priority is not in the range 1 thru 15.
- 312** Invalid on-interrupt statement. This error results from the execution of a TIO on-interrupt statement in which one of the following conditions is detected:
- (1) The addressed port is not a terminal, printer, or computer.
 - (2) An ON INPUT # statement addresses a printer port, or a port whose state is not input available, output active, or output buffer empty.
 - (3) An ON OUTPUT # statement addresses a computer port, or a port whose state is not output active or output buffer empty.
 - (4) An ON BREAK # statement addresses a computer port.
 - (5) An ON TRIGGER # statement addresses a port which is not a computer.
 - (6) An ECHO ON # or ECHO OFF # statement addresses a port which is not a terminal.
 - (7) A BLOCK MODE # statement addresses a port which is not a computer.
- 314** Ownership error. This error results from the execution of any TIO statement addressing a port to which the running task has not obtained exclusive access by means of the REQUEST statement.
- 315** No input available. This error results from the execution of an AREAD\$ function addressing a port whose state is not input available.
- 316** Invalid SEND statement. A SEND or SEND BREAK statement addresses a port which is not a computer.

TIO may produce the following error codes during the processing of the indicated main system statements which link to TIO. Note that reference to the PRINTER IS statement includes the variants SYSTEM PRINTER IS and PRINT ALL IS. Reference to the PRINT statement includes PRINT USING and other output generating statements such as CAT and LIST.

- 130** Logical device ID out of range (PRINTER IS, REQUEST, and RELEASE statements). The addressed port ordinal is not in the range 11 thru 15.

- 131** Resource busy (PRINT statement, REQUEST statement with wait parameter omitted). Another running task has been granted exclusive access to the addressed port.
- 132** Device is not printer (PRINTER IS statements). The addressed port is not a printer, terminal, or computer.
- 133** Printer down or disconnected. The addressed port of a PRINTER IS is disconnected. This error also results from the execution of a PRINT statement addressing a port whose state is not output active or output buffer empty.



HEWLETT PACKARD

SALES & SERVICE OFFICES

AFRICA, ASIA, AUSTRALIA

ANGOLA
Telectra
Empresa Técnica de Equipamentos
Elétricos, S. A. R. L.
R. Barbosa Rodrigues, 42-1-DT.
Caixa Postal, 6487
Luanda
Tel: 35515/6
Cable: TELETRA Luanda

AUSTRALIA
Hewlett-Packard Australia Pty. Ltd.
31-41 Joseph Street
Blackburn, Victoria 3130
P. O. Box 36
Doncaster East, Victoria 3109
Tel: 89-6351
Telex: 31-024
Cable: HEPPARD Melbourne
Hewlett-Packard Australia Pty. Ltd.
31 Bridge Street
Pymble
New South Wales, 2073
Tel: 449-6566
Telex: 21561
Cable: HEPPARD Sydney
Hewlett-Packard Australia Pty. Ltd.
153 Greenhill Road
Parkside, S.A. 5063
Tel: 272-5911
Telex: 82536 ADEL
Cable: HEPPARD ADELAID
Hewlett-Packard Australia Pty. Ltd.
141 Stirling Highway
Nedlands, W.A. 6009
Tel: 86-5455
Telex: 93859 PERTH
Cable: HEPPARD PERTH
Hewlett-Packard Australia Pty. Ltd.
121 Wollongong Street
Fishwick, A.C.T. 2609
Tel: 95-2733
Telex: 82550 CANBERRA
Cable: HEPPARD CANBERRA
Hewlett-Packard Australia Pty. Ltd.
5th Floor
Teachers Union Building
495-499 Boundary Street
Spring Hill, 4000 Queensland
Tel: 229-1544
Cable: HEPPARD Brisbane

GUAM
Medical/Pocket Calculators Only
Guam Medical Supply, Inc.
Jay Eise Building, Room 210
P. O. Box 8947
Tamuning 96911
Tel: 546-4513
Cable: EARMEO Guam

HONG KONG
Schmidt & Co. (Hong Kong) Ltd.
P. O. Box 297
Connaught Centre
39th Floor
Connaught Road, Central
Hong Kong
Tel: 42-25291-5
Telex: 74766 SCHMC HX
Cable: SCHMOTCO Hong Kong
Caixa Postal, 6487

INDIA
Blue Star Ltd.
Kastur Buildings
Jamshedi Tata Rd
Bombay 400 020
Tel: 29 50 21
Telex: 001-2156
Cable: BLUEFROST
Blue Star Ltd.
5/3/42 Vir Savarkar Marg
Prabhadevi
Bombay 400 025
Tel: 45 78 87
Telex: 011-4093
Cable: PROSTBLUE
Blue Star Ltd.
Band Star House
Prabhadevi
Bombay 400 025
Tel: 45 79 01
Telex: 011-3751
Cable: BLUESTAR
Blue Star Ltd.
7th & 8th Floor
Banagar House
91 Nehru Place
New Delhi 110024
Tel: 634770 & 635166
Telex: 021-2453
Cable: BLUE STAR
Blue Star Ltd.
Blue Star House
11/11A Magarath Road
Bangalore 560 025
Tel: 55668
Telex: 043-430
Cable: BLUESTAR
Blue Star Ltd.
Meeakshi Mandran
xxx/1678 Manjima Gandhi Rd
Cochin 682 016
Tel: 32069, 32161, 32282
Cable: BLUESTAR
Blue Star Ltd.
1-1-17/1
Saroini Devi Road
Secunderabad 500 003
Tel: 70126, 70127
Cable: BLUEFROST
Tel: 015-459

INDONESIA
BERCA Indonesia P T
P. O. Box 496/Jkt
JLN. Abdul Muis 62
Jakarta
Tel: 40089, 49886, 49255, 356038
JKT. 42895
Cable: BERCAIDON
BERCA Indonesia P T
63 JL. Raya Gubeng
Surabaya
Tel: 44309

ISRAEL
Electronics & Engineering Div.
of Motorola Israel Ltd
17, Kremenetski Street
Tel-Aviv
P. O. Box 25016
Tel: 38373
Telex: 33569
Cable: BASTEL Tel-Aviv

JAPAN
Yokogawa-Hewlett-Packard Ltd
Ohashi Building
59-1 Yoyogi 1-chome
Shibuya-ku, Tokyo 151
Tel: 03-370-2281/92
Telex: 232-2024YHP MARKET
TKX 23-724
Cable: YHPMARKET
Yokogawa-Hewlett-Packard Ltd
Chuo Bldg., 4th Floor
4-20, Nishinakajima 5-chome
Yodogawa-ku, Osaka 532
Tel: 06-304-6021
Yokogawa-Hewlett-Packard Ltd.
Nakamo Building
24 Kami Sasajima-cho
Nakamura-ku, Nagoya, 450
Tel: (052) 871-5171
Yokogawa-Hewlett-Packard Ltd.
Tangaya Building
2-24-1 Tsuruya-cho
Kanagawa-ku
Yokohama, 221
Tel: 045-312-1252
Telex: 382-3204 YHP YOK
Tel: (052) 871-5171
Yokogawa-Hewlett-Packard Ltd.
Inoue Building
1348-3, Asahi-cho, 1-chome
Atsugi, Kanagawa 243
Tel: 0462-24-0452

KENYA
Technical Engineering Services E. A. Ltd.
P. O. Box 18311
Nairobi
Tel: 557726/556762
Cable: PROTODN
Medical Only
International Aeradio (E. A.) Ltd.
P. O. Box 19012
Nairobi Airport
Tel: 336055/56
Telex: 22201/22301
Cable: INTAERIO Nairobi

KOREA
Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd
20th Fl. Dongbang Bldg. 250, 2-KA
P. O. Box 2775
Taeyung-Ro, Chung-Ku
Seoul
Tel: (23) 6811
Telex: 22575
Cable: ELEKSTAR Seoul
MALAYSIA
Telink Mutu Sdn. Bhd
2 Lorong 13/6A
Section 13
Petaling Jaya, Selangor
Tel: 54994/5496
Telex: MA 37605
Profel Engineering
P. O. Box 1917
Lot 10, Satek Road
Kuching, Sarawak
Tel: 2400
Cable: PROTEL ENG
MOZAMBIQUE
A. N. Goncalves, Lta
162, 1 Apt. 14 Av. O Luis
Caixa Postal 107
Lourenco Marques
Tel: 27091, 27114
Telex: 6-203 NEGON Mo
Cable: NEGON
NEW ZEALAND
Hewlett-Packard (N.Z.) Ltd
P. O. Box 9443
Connaught Place
Wellington
Tel: 877-199
Cable: HEPPACK Wellington
Hewlett-Packard (N.Z.) Ltd.
Pacifica Professional Centre
267 Pakuranga Highway
Box 51092
Pakuranga
Tel: 85-35-81, 85-34-91
Cable: HEPPACK Auckland

Yokogawa-Hewlett-Packard Ltd.
Kumagaya Asahi
Hakujun Building
4th Floor
3-4, Tsukuba
Kumagaya, Satama 360
Tel: 0485-24-6563

ANALYTICAL/MEDICAL ONLY
Medical Supplies N.Z. Ltd
Scientific Division
79 Carlton Gore Rd., Newmarket
P. O. Box 1234
Auckland
Tel: 75-289
Cable: DENTAL Auckland
Analytical/Medical Only
Medical Supplies N.Z. Ltd
P. O. Box 1994
147-161 Tory St
Wellington
Tel: 850-799
Telex: 3858
Cable: DENTAL Wellington
Analytical/Medical Only
Medical Supplies N.Z. Ltd
P. O. Box 309
239 Stanmore Road
Christchurch
Tel: 892-019
Cable: DENTAL Christchurch
Analytical/Medical Only
Medical Supplies N.Z. Ltd
303 Great King Street
P. O. Box 233
Dunedin
Tel: 88-817
Cable: DENTAL Dunedin
NIGERIA
The Electronics Instrumentations Ltd
NSB/770 Oyo Road
Oluseun House
P. M. B. 5402
Ibadan
Tel: 5137
Telex: 31231 TEIL Nigeria
Cable: THETEL Ibadan
The Electronics Instrumentations Ltd
1st Floor, Aggele Road, Mushi
P. O. Box 8645
Lagos
Cable: THETEL Lagos
PAKISTAN
Mushko & Company, Ltd.
Osman Chambers
Abdullah Haroon Road
Karachi-5
Tel: 511027, 512927
Cable: COOPERATOR Karachi
Mushko & Company Ltd
306, Satellite Town
Rawalpindi
Tel: 41924
Cable: FEMUS Rawalpindi
PHILIPPINES
The Online Advanced Systems Corporation
Rica House
Amorsolo cor. Herrera Str
Legaspi Village, Makati
Metro Manila
Tel: 85-35-81, 85-34-91
Cable: HEPPACK ONLINE

ANALYTICAL/MEDICAL ONLY
Medical Supplies N.Z. Ltd
Scientific Division
79 Carlton Gore Rd., Newmarket
P. O. Box 1234
Auckland
Tel: 75-289
Cable: DENTAL Auckland
Analytical/Medical Only
Medical Supplies N.Z. Ltd
P. O. Box 1994
147-161 Tory St
Wellington
Tel: 850-799
Telex: 3858
Cable: DENTAL Wellington
Analytical/Medical Only
Medical Supplies N.Z. Ltd
P. O. Box 309
239 Stanmore Road
Christchurch
Tel: 892-019
Cable: DENTAL Christchurch
Analytical/Medical Only
Medical Supplies N.Z. Ltd
303 Great King Street
P. O. Box 233
Dunedin
Tel: 88-817
Cable: DENTAL Dunedin
NIGERIA
The Electronics Instrumentations Ltd
NSB/770 Oyo Road
Oluseun House
P. M. B. 5402
Ibadan
Tel: 5137
Telex: 31231 TEIL Nigeria
Cable: THETEL Ibadan
The Electronics Instrumentations Ltd
1st Floor, Aggele Road, Mushi
P. O. Box 8645
Lagos
Cable: THETEL Lagos
PAKISTAN
Mushko & Company, Ltd.
Osman Chambers
Abdullah Haroon Road
Karachi-5
Tel: 511027, 512927
Cable: COOPERATOR Karachi
Mushko & Company Ltd
306, Satellite Town
Rawalpindi
Tel: 41924
Cable: FEMUS Rawalpindi
PHILIPPINES
The Online Advanced Systems Corporation
Rica House
Amorsolo cor. Herrera Str
Legaspi Village, Makati
Metro Manila
Tel: 85-35-81, 85-34-91
Cable: HEPPACK ONLINE

ANALYTICAL/MEDICAL ONLY
Medical Supplies N.Z. Ltd
Scientific Division
79 Carlton Gore Rd., Newmarket
P. O. Box 1234
Auckland
Tel: 75-289
Cable: DENTAL Auckland
Analytical/Medical Only
Medical Supplies N.Z. Ltd
P. O. Box 1994
147-161 Tory St
Wellington
Tel: 850-799
Telex: 3858
Cable: DENTAL Wellington
Analytical/Medical Only
Medical Supplies N.Z. Ltd
P. O. Box 309
239 Stanmore Road
Christchurch
Tel: 892-019
Cable: DENTAL Christchurch
Analytical/Medical Only
Medical Supplies N.Z. Ltd
303 Great King Street
P. O. Box 233
Dunedin
Tel: 88-817
Cable: DENTAL Dunedin
NIGERIA
The Electronics Instrumentations Ltd
NSB/770 Oyo Road
Oluseun House
P. M. B. 5402
Ibadan
Tel: 5137
Telex: 31231 TEIL Nigeria
Cable: THETEL Ibadan
The Electronics Instrumentations Ltd
1st Floor, Aggele Road, Mushi
P. O. Box 8645
Lagos
Cable: THETEL Lagos
PAKISTAN
Mushko & Company, Ltd.
Osman Chambers
Abdullah Haroon Road
Karachi-5
Tel: 511027, 512927
Cable: COOPERATOR Karachi
Mushko & Company Ltd
306, Satellite Town
Rawalpindi
Tel: 41924
Cable: FEMUS Rawalpindi
PHILIPPINES
The Online Advanced Systems Corporation
Rica House
Amorsolo cor. Herrera Str
Legaspi Village, Makati
Metro Manila
Tel: 85-35-81, 85-34-91
Cable: HEPPACK ONLINE

TAIWAN
Hewlett-Packard Far East Ltd.
Taiwan Branch
38 Chung Hsiao West Road
Sec. 1, 7th Floor
Taipei
Tel: 3819160-4
Cable: HEPPACK TAIPEI
Hewlett-Packard Far East Ltd.
Taiwan Branch
68-2, Chung Cheng 3rd. Road
Kaohsiung
Tel: (07) 242318-Kaohsiung
Analytical Only
San Kwang Instruments Co., Ltd.
No. 20, Yung Sur Road
Taipei
Tel: 371571-4 (5 lines)
Telex: 22894 SANKWANG
Cable: SANKWANG TAIPEI

TANZANIA
Medical Only
International Aeradio (E.A.), Ltd
P. O. Box 861
Dar es Salaam
Tel: 21251 Ext. 265
Telex: 41030

THAILAND
UNIMESA Co., Ltd.
Elcom Research Building
2538 Sukumvit Ave
Bangkok
Tel: 3932387, 3930338
Cable: UNIMESA Bangkok

UGANDA
Medical Only
International Aeradio (E.A.), Ltd.
P. O. Box 2577
Kampala
Tel: 54388
Cable: INTAERIO Kampala

ZAMBIA
Hewlett-Packard Intercomtel
3000 Highway Ave
Palo Alto, California 94304
Tel: (415) 493-1501
TWX: 910-373-1267
Cable: HEPPACK Palo Alto

FOR CANADIAN AREAS NOT LISTED, CONTACT
Hewlett-Packard Intercomtel
3000 Highway Ave
Palo Alto, California 94304
Tel: (415) 493-1501
TWX: 910-373-1267
Cable: HEPPACK Palo Alto

CANADA

ALBERTA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
11620A - 169th Street
Edmonton T5M 3T9
Tel: (403) 452-3670
TWX: 610-831-2431
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
210, 7220 Fisher St. S.E.
Calgary T2H 2H8
Tel: (403) 253-2713
TWX: 610-821-6141

BRITISH COLUMBIA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
837 E. Cordova Street
Vancouver V6A 3R2
Tel: (604) 254-0531
TWX: 610-922-5059

MANITOBA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
513 Century St.
St. James
Winnipeg R3H 0L8
Tel: (204) 786-7581
Cable: AARIS Winnipeg
Tel: 0462-24-3531

NOVA SCOTIA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
800 Windmill Road
Dartmouth B3B 1L1
Tel: (902) 469-7820
TWX: 610-271-4482 HFX

ONTARIO
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
1020 Morrison Dr.
Ottawa K2H 8K7
Tel: (613) 820-5483
TWX: 610-563-1636
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
6877 Goreway Drive
Mississauga L4V 1M8
Tel: (416) 678-9430
TWX: 610-492-4246

QUEBEC
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
275 Hymus Blvd
Pointe Claire H9R 1G7
Limo 1
Tel: (514) 697-4232
TWX: 610-422-3022
TLX: 05-821521 HPCL

ALBERTA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
11620A - 169th Street
Edmonton T5M 3T9
Tel: (403) 452-3670
TWX: 610-831-2431
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
210, 7220 Fisher St. S.E.
Calgary T2H 2H8
Tel: (403) 253-2713
TWX: 610-821-6141

BRITISH COLUMBIA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
837 E. Cordova Street
Vancouver V6A 3R2
Tel: (604) 254-0531
TWX: 610-922-5059

MANITOBA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
513 Century St.
St. James
Winnipeg R3H 0L8
Tel: (204) 786-7581
Cable: AARIS Winnipeg
Tel: 0462-24-3531

NOVA SCOTIA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
800 Windmill Road
Dartmouth B3B 1L1
Tel: (902) 469-7820
TWX: 610-271-4482 HFX

ONTARIO
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
1020 Morrison Dr.
Ottawa K2H 8K7
Tel: (613) 820-5483
TWX: 610-563-1636
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
6877 Goreway Drive
Mississauga L4V 1M8
Tel: (416) 678-9430
TWX: 610-492-4246

QUEBEC
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
275 Hymus Blvd
Pointe Claire H9R 1G7
Limo 1
Tel: (514) 697-4232
TWX: 610-422-3022
TLX: 05-821521 HPCL

ALBERTA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
11620A - 169th Street
Edmonton T5M 3T9
Tel: (403) 452-3670
TWX: 610-831-2431
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
210, 7220 Fisher St. S.E.
Calgary T2H 2H8
Tel: (403) 253-2713
TWX: 610-821-6141

BRITISH COLUMBIA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
837 E. Cordova Street
Vancouver V6A 3R2
Tel: (604) 254-0531
TWX: 610-922-5059

MANITOBA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
513 Century St.
St. James
Winnipeg R3H 0L8
Tel: (204) 786-7581
Cable: AARIS Winnipeg
Tel: 0462-24-3531

NOVA SCOTIA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
800 Windmill Road
Dartmouth B3B 1L1
Tel: (902) 469-7820
TWX: 610-271-4482 HFX

ONTARIO
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
1020 Morrison Dr.
Ottawa K2H 8K7
Tel: (613) 820-5483
TWX: 610-563-1636
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
6877 Goreway Drive
Mississauga L4V 1M8
Tel: (416) 678-9430
TWX: 610-492-4246

QUEBEC
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
275 Hymus Blvd
Pointe Claire H9R 1G7
Limo 1
Tel: (514) 697-4232
TWX: 610-422-3022
TLX: 05-821521 HPCL

ALBERTA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
11620A - 169th Street
Edmonton T5M 3T9
Tel: (403) 452-3670
TWX: 610-831-2431
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
210, 7220 Fisher St. S.E.
Calgary T2H 2H8
Tel: (403) 253-2713
TWX: 610-821-6141

BRITISH COLUMBIA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
837 E. Cordova Street
Vancouver V6A 3R2
Tel: (604) 254-0531
TWX: 610-922-5059

MANITOBA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
513 Century St.
St. James
Winnipeg R3H 0L8
Tel: (204) 786-7581
Cable: AARIS Winnipeg
Tel: 0462-24-3531

NOVA SCOTIA
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
800 Windmill Road
Dartmouth B3B 1L1
Tel: (902) 469-7820
TWX: 610-271-4482 HFX

ONTARIO
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
1020 Morrison Dr.
Ottawa K2H 8K7
Tel: (613) 820-5483
TWX: 610-563-1636
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
6877 Goreway Drive
Mississauga L4V 1M8
Tel: (416) 678-9430
TWX: 610-492-4246

QUEBEC
Hewlett-Packard (Canada) Ltd.
275 Hymus Blvd
Pointe Claire H9R 1G7
Limo 1
Tel: (514) 697-4232
TWX: 610-422-3022
TLX: 05-821521 HPCL

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA

ARGENTINA
Hewlett-Packard Argentina S.A.
Av. Leandro N. Alem 822 - 12
1001 Buenos Aires
Tel: 31-8093, 4-5-6 and 7
Telex: 122443 AR CIGY
Cable: HEPPACK ARG

BOLIVIA
Casa Kavlin S.A.
Calle Potosi 1130
P. O. Box 500
La Paz
Tel: 41530, 53221
Telex: CWG BX 5298, ITT 3560082
Cable: KAVLIN

BRAZIL
Hewlett-Packard do Brasil
1 E. C. Ltda.
Rua Padre Chagas, 32
80000-Porto Alegre-RS
Tel: (0512) 22-2998, 22-5621
Cable: HEPPACK Porto Alegre
Hewlett-Packard do Brasil
1 E. C. Ltda.
Rua Siqueira Campos, 53
Copacabana
20000-Rio de Janeiro
Tel: 257-80-94, DDD (021)
Telex: 338-212-1905 HEWP-BR
Cable: HEPPACK
Rio de Janeiro
CHILE
Calcagno y Metcalfe Ltda
Alameda 580-Of. 807
Casilla 2118
Santiago, 1
Tel: 398813
Telex: 3520001 CALMET
Cable: CALMET Santiago

COLOMBIA
Instrumentación
Henrik A. Langebaek & Kier S.A.
Avenida 2, Calle 5
Carrera 7 No. 48-75
Apartado Aéreo 8287
Bogotá, D.E.
Tel: 69-88-77
Cable: AARIS Bogotá
Telex: 044-400

COSTA RICA
Centricos Costarricense S.A.
Avenida 2, Calle 5
San Pedro de Montes de Oca
Apartado 10159
San José
Tel: 24-38-20, 24-08-19
Tel: (002) 786-7581
Cable: GALGUR CR
Cable: GALGUR

ECUADOR
Calculators Only
Computadores y Equipos
Electrónicos
P. O. Box 6423 CCJ
Eloy Alfaro #1924, 3 Piso
Quito
Tel: 453482
Telex: 02-2113 Sagita Ed
Cable: Sagita-Quito
EL SALVADOR
Instrumentación y Procesamiento
Electrónico de El Salvador
Bulevar de los Heroes 11-48
San Salvador
Tel: 252787

GUATEMALA
IPESA
Avenida La Reforma 3-48
Zona 9
Guatemala City
Tel: 63627, 64786
Telex: 4192 Teletro Gu

MEXICO
Hewlett-Packard Mexicana,
S.A. de C.V.
Av. Periferico Sur No. 6501
Tepepan, Xochimilco
Mexico 23, D.F.
Tel: 905-676-4500
Hewlett-Packard Mexicana,
S.A. de C.V.
Ave. Constitución No. 2184
Monterrey, N.L.
Tel: 48-71-32, 48-71-84
Telex: 038-410
NICARAGUA
Roberto Terán G.
Apartado Postal 689
Edificio Terán
Managua
Tel: 25114, 23412, 23454
Cable: ROTERAN Managua
PANAMA
Electrónico Balboa, S.A.
P. O. Box 4929
Calle Samuel Lewis
Ciudad de Panamá
Tel: 64-2700
Telex: 3483103 Curunda,
Canal Zone
Cable: ELECTRON Panama

ARGENTINA
Hewlett-Packard Argentina S.A.
Av. Leandro N. Alem 822 - 12
1001 Buenos Aires
Tel: 31-8093, 4-5-6 and 7
Telex: 122443 AR CIGY
Cable: HEPPACK ARG

BOLIVIA
Casa Kavlin S.A.
Calle Potosi 1130
P. O. Box 500
La Paz
Tel: 41530, 53221
Telex: CWG BX 5298, ITT 3560082
Cable: KAVLIN

BRAZIL
Hewlett-Packard do Brasil
1 E. C. Ltda.
Rua Padre Chagas, 32
80000-Porto Alegre-RS
Tel: (0512) 22-2998, 22-5621
Cable: HEPPACK Porto Alegre
Hewlett-Packard do Brasil
1 E. C. Ltda.
Rua Siqueira Campos, 53
Copacabana
20000-Rio de Janeiro
Tel: 257-80-94, DDD (021)
Telex: 338-212-1905 HEWP-BR
Cable: HEPPACK
Rio de Janeiro
CHILE
Calcagno y Metcalfe Ltda
Alameda 580-Of. 807
Casilla 2118
Santiago, 1
Tel: 398813
Telex: 3520001 CALMET
Cable: CALMET Santiago

COLOMBIA
Instrumentación
Henrik A. Langebaek & Kier S.A.
Avenida 2, Calle 5
Carrera 7 No. 48-75
Apartado Aéreo 8287
Bogotá, D.E.
Tel: 69-88-77
Cable: AARIS Bogotá
Telex: 044-400

COSTA RICA
Centricos Costarricense S.A.
Avenida 2, Calle 5
San Pedro de Montes de Oca
Apartado 10159
San José
Tel: 24-38-20, 24-08-19
Tel: (002) 786-7581
Cable: GALGUR CR
Cable: GALGUR

ECUADOR
Calculators Only
Computadores y Equipos
Electrónicos
P. O. Box 6423 CCJ
Eloy Alfaro #1924, 3 Piso
Quito
Tel: 453482
Telex: 02-2113 Sagita Ed
Cable: Sagita-Quito
EL SALVADOR
Instrumentación y Procesamiento
Electrónico de El Salvador
Bulevar de los Heroes 11-48
San Salvador
Tel: 252787

GUATEMALA
IPESA
Avenida La Reforma 3-48
Zona 9
Guatemala City
Tel: 63627, 64786
Telex: 4192 Teletro Gu

MEXICO
Hewlett-Packard Mexicana,
S.A. de C.V.
Av. Periferico Sur No. 6501
Tepepan, Xochimilco
Mexico 23, D.F.
Tel: 905-676-4500
Hewlett-Packard Mexicana,
S.A. de C.V.
Ave. Constitución No. 2184
Monterrey, N.L.
Tel: 48-71-32, 48-71-84
Telex: 038-410
NICARAGUA
Roberto Terán G.
Apartado Postal 689
Edificio Terán
Managua
Tel: 25114, 23412, 23454
Cable: ROTERAN Managua
PANAMA
Electrónico Balboa, S.A.
P. O. Box 4929
Calle Samuel Lewis
Ciudad de Panamá
Tel: 64-2700
Telex: 3483103 Curunda,
Canal Zone
Cable: ELECTRON Panama

ARGENTINA
Hewlett-Packard Argentina S.A.
Av. Leandro N. Alem 822 - 12
1001 Buenos Aires
Tel: 31-8093, 4-5-6 and 7
Telex: 122443 AR CIGY
Cable: HEPPACK ARG

BOLIVIA
Casa Kavlin S.A.
Calle Potosi 1130
P. O. Box 500
La Paz
Tel: 41530, 53221
Telex: CWG BX 5298, ITT 3560082
Cable: KAVLIN

BRAZIL
Hewlett-Packard do Brasil
1 E. C. Ltda.
Rua Padre Chagas, 32
80000-Porto Alegre-RS
Tel: (0512) 22-2998, 22-5621
Cable: HEPPACK Porto Alegre
Hewlett-Packard do Brasil
1 E. C. Ltda.
Rua Siqueira Campos, 53
Copacabana
20000-Rio de Janeiro
Tel: 257-80-94, DDD (021)
Telex: 338-212-1905 HEWP-BR
Cable: HEPPACK
Rio de Janeiro
CHILE
Calcagno y Metcalfe Ltda
Alameda 580-Of. 807
Casilla 2118
Santiago, 1
Tel: 398813
Telex: 3520001 CALMET
Cable: CALMET Santiago

COLOMBIA
Instrumentación
Henrik A. Langebaek & Kier S.A.
Avenida 2, Calle 5
Carrera 7 No. 48-75
Apartado Aéreo 8287
Bogotá, D.E.
Tel: 69-88-77
Cable: AARIS Bogotá
Telex: 044-400

COSTA RICA
Centricos Costarricense S.A.
Avenida 2, Calle 5
San Pedro de Montes de Oca
Apartado 10159
San José
Tel: 24-38-20, 24-08-19
Tel: (002) 786-7581
Cable: GALGUR CR
Cable: GALGUR

ECUADOR
Calculators Only
Computadores y Equipos
Electrónicos
P. O. Box 6423 CCJ
Eloy Alfaro #1924, 3 Piso
Quito
Tel: 453482
Telex: 02-2113 Sagita Ed
Cable: Sagita-Quito
EL SALVADOR
Instrumentación y Procesamiento
Electrónico de El Salvador
Bulevar de los Heroes 11-48
San Salvador
Tel: 252787

GUATEMALA
IPESA
Avenida La Reforma 3-48
Zona 9
Guatemala City
Tel: 63627, 64786
Telex: 4192 Teletro Gu

MEXICO
Hewlett-Packard Mexicana,
S.A. de C.V.
Av. Periferico Sur No. 6501
Tepepan, Xochimilco
Mexico 23, D.F.
Tel: 905-676-4500
Hewlett-Packard Mexicana,
S.A. de C.V.
Ave. Constitución No. 2184
Monterrey, N.L.
Tel: 48-71-32, 48-71-84
Telex: 038-410
NICARAGUA
Roberto Terán G.
Apartado Postal 689
Edificio Terán
Managua
Tel: 25114, 23412, 23454
Cable: ROTERAN Managua
PANAMA
Electrónico Balboa, S.A.
P. O. Box 4929
Calle Samuel Lewis
Ciudad de Panamá
Tel: 64-2700
Telex: 3483103 Curunda,
Canal Zone
Cable: ELECTRON Panama

ARGENTINA
Hewlett-Packard Argentina S.A.
Av. Leandro N. Alem 822 - 12
1001 Buenos Aires
Tel: 31-8093, 4-5-6 and 7
Telex: 122443 AR CIGY
Cable: HEPPACK ARG

BOLIVIA
Casa Kavlin S.A.
Calle Potosi 1130
P. O. Box 500
La Paz
Tel: 41530, 53221
Telex: CWG BX 5298, ITT 3560082
Cable: KAVLIN

BRAZIL
Hewlett-Packard do Brasil
1 E. C. Ltda.
Rua Padre Chagas, 32
80000-Porto Alegre-RS
Tel: (0512) 22-2998, 22-5621
Cable: HEPPACK Porto Alegre
Hewlett-Packard do Brasil
1 E. C. Ltda.
Rua Siqueira Campos, 53
Copacabana
20000-Rio de Janeiro
Tel: 257-80-94, DDD (021)
Telex: 338-212-1905 HEWP-BR
Cable: HEPPACK
Rio de Janeiro
CHILE
Calc

EUROPE, NORTH AFRICA AND MIDDLE EAST

AUSTRIA
Hewlett-Packard Ges m b H
Handelskai 52
P O Box 7
A-1205 Vienna
Tel (0222) 351621 to 27
Cable: HEWPAK Vienna
Telex 75923 Hewpak a

BELGIUM
Hewlett-Packard Benelux
S A N V
Avenue de Col-Vert, 1.
(Groenkraaglaan)
B-1170 Brussels
Tel (02) 672 22 40
Cable: PALOBEN Brussels
Telex 23 494 paloben br

CYPRUS
Kyprouncs
19 Gregorios & Xenopoulos Rd
P O Box 1152
Cyprus
Tel 45628/29
Cable: KYPRONICS PANDEHIS
Telex 3018

CZECHOSLOVAKIA
Vývojova a Provozní Závadna
Výzkumných Ústavů v Bechovicích
ČSSR-25097 Bechovice u Práhy
Tel 69 59 50
Telex 121333
Institute of Medical Biophysics
Vyskumny Ústav Lekarskej Biomiky
Jedlova 6
CS-68346 Bratislava-Kramare
Tel 44-55145-541

DDR
Entwicklungs-labor der TU Dresden
Forschungsinstitut Mensberg
DDR-7305
Waldheim/Meißenberg
Tel 37 567
Telex 112145
Export-Contact AG Zuerich
Guenther Forger
Schlegelstrasse 15
1040 Berlin
Tel 42 74 12
Telex 111869

DENMARK
Hewlett-Packard A/S
Datavej 52
DK-3460 Birkerød
Tel (02) 81 66 40
Cable: HEWPAK AS
Telex 37409 hpas dk
Hewlett-Packard A/S
Navegvej 1
DK-8600 Silkeborg
Tel (06) 82 71 66
Telex 37409 hpas dk
Cable: HEWPAK AS

FINLAND
Hewlett-Packard Oy
Nankkousentie 5
P O Box 6
SF-00211 Helsinki 21
Tel (90) 623031
Cable: HEWPAK OY Helsinki
Telex 12-1563 HEWPA SF

FRANCE
Hewlett-Packard France
Quartier de Courtabouff
Boite Postale No 6
F-91401 Courcouronnes
Tel (1) 907 78 25
Cable: HEWPAK Orsay
Telex 60048
Hewlett-Packard France
Agence Régionale
"Le Saguen"
Chemin des Mouilles
B.P. 162
F-69130 Ecully
Tel (78) 33 81 25
Cable: HEWPAK Ecully
Telex 31 06 17

GERMAN FEDERAL REPUBLIC
Hewlett-Packard GmbH
Bertelsmannstrasse
Bernerstrasse 117
Postfach 560 140
D-6000 Frankfurt 56
Tel (0611) 50 04-1
Cable: HEWPAKSA Frankfurt
Tel (0611) 50 04-1
Cable: HEWPAKSA Frankfurt
Telex 04 13249 hpfdm
Hewlett-Packard GmbH
Technisches Büro Böblingen
Hernerbergstrasse 110
D-7030 Böblingen, Württemberg
Tel (07031) 567-1
Cable: HEWPAK Böblingen
Tel (07031) 567-1
Hewlett-Packard GmbH
Technisches Büro Düsseldorf
Emanuel-Leutze-Str. 1 (Seestert)
D-4000 Düsseldorf 11
Tel: (0211) 597-11
Telex: 085096 533 hpdd d
Hewlett-Packard GmbH
Technisches Büro Hamburg
Wendenstrasse 23
D-2000 Hamburg 1
Tel (040) 24 13 33
Cable: HEWPAKSA Hamburg
Telex 21 63 032 hpgh d
Hewlett-Packard GmbH
Technisches Büro Hannover
Am Grossmarkt 6
D-3000 Hannover 91
Tel (0511) 46 80 01
Telex 092 3259

HUNGARY
MIA
Műszaki és Mérnökinformatikai
Lenn Krt. 67
1301 Budapest VI
Tel 42 03 38
Telex 22 51 14

ICELAND
Medical Only
Elding Trading Company Inc.
Hafnarhöfði - Tryggvatönn
IS-Reykjavik
Tel: 1 58 20
Cable: ELDING Reykjavik

IRAN
Hewlett-Packard Iran Ltd
No. 13, Fourteenth St.
Mirmad Avenue
P O Box 412419
IR-Tehran
Tel 851082-7
Telex 21 25 74 khm ir

IRAQ
Hewlett-Packard Trading Co
4/1/8 Mansour City
Baghdad
Tel: 5517827
Telex: 2455 hparaq ik
Cable: HEWPAK/DAD,
Baghdad Iraq

IRELAND
Hewlett-Packard Ltd
King Street Lane
GB-Winnerah, Wokingham
Berks. RG11 5AR
Tel (0734) 78 47 74
Telex: 847178/848179

ITALY
Hewlett-Packard Italiana S P A
Via Amerigo Vesputcci 2
Casella postale 3645
I-20100 Milano
Tel (2) 6251 (10 lines)
Cable: HEWPAK/IT Milano
Telex 32046
Hewlett-Packard Italiana S P A
Via G. Arimondi 10
(ang. Via Ventini)
I-51100 Padova
Tel (49) 66 48 88
Telex 41612 Hewpack:
Medical only
Hewlett-Packard Italiana S P A
Via d'Aghardi, 7
I-56100 Pisa
Tel (050) 2 32 04
Telex 32046 via Milano
Hewlett-Packard Italiana S P A
Tel (051) 24 90 86
Telex 18 3405 hpbln d
GREECE
Kostas Karayannis
88, Omirou Street
GR-Athens 133
Tel 3237731
Cable: RAKAR Athens
Telex 21 59 62 rkar gr
Analytical Only
"INTECO" G. Papatheanissou & Co
Marin 17
GR-Athens 103
Tel 522 1915
Cable: INTEK/NTA Athens
Telex 21 5329 INTE GR
Medical Only
Technomed Hellas Ltd
52, Skoufa Street
P.O. Box: 918
I-40137 Thessaloniki
Tel 362 6972 363 3830
Cable: ETALAK Athens
Telex 21-4693 ETAL GR

KUWAIT
Al-Khalidiya Trading &
Contracting Co
P O Box 830-Saft
Kuwait
Tel 424910-411726
Telex 2481 areg ik
Cable: VISCOUNT
Telex 22 51 14

LUXEMBURG
Hewlett-Packard Benelux
S A N V
Avenue de Col-Vert, 1.
(Groenkraaglaan)
B-1170 Brussels
Tel (02) 672 22 40
Cable: PALOBEN Brussels
Telex 23 494

MOROCCO
Gen. 13, Fourteenth St.
190, Blvd. Brahim Roudani
Casablanca
Tel 25-16-76/25-90-99
Cable: Dereg-Casa
Telex 23739

NETHERLANDS
Hewlett-Packard Benelux N V
Van Heuven Goedhartlaan 121
P O Box 667
NL-1134 Amstelveen
Tel (020) 47 20 21
Tel (020) 683 80
Telex: 13 216 hpnl n

NORWAY
Hewlett-Packard Norge A/S
Nevsveien 13
NO-149
N-1344 Haslum
Tel (02) 283 80
Telex: 16621 hpnas n

POLAND
Biuro Informatyki Technicznej
Hewlett-Packard
Ul. Stawki 2, 6P
00-950 Warszawa
Tel 395962/395187
Telex 81 24 53 hepa pl
UNIPAN
Zaklad Doswiadczalny
Budowy Aparatury Naukowej
Ul. Krowczy Razy Narodowej 51/55
00-800 Warszawa
Tel 36190
Telex 81 46 48
Zaklady Naprawcze Sprzetu
Medycznego
Plac Komuny Paryskiej 6
90-007 Ldz
Tel 334-41 337-83

PORTUGAL
Teleca-Empresa Técnica de
Equipamentos Eléctricos S a r l
Rua Rodrigo da Fonseca 103
P O Box 2531
P-Lisbon 1
Tel (19) 68 60 72
Cable: TELETRA Lisbon
Telex 12598
Medical only
Munster
Intercambio Mundial de Comercio
S a r l
Av A A de Aguiar 138
P O Box 2761
P - Lisbon
Tel (19) 53 21 31 7
Cable: INTERCAMBIO Lisbon
Telex 10440

RUMANIA
Hewlett-Packard Representanta
80 N Balcescu 16
Bucharest
Tel 158023-138885
Telex 30143
Tel (081) 33 77 11
I I R U C
Intreprinderea Pentru
Intretinere
S-a Reparatrice Utilajelor de Calcul
B-dul prof. Dimitrie Pompei 6
Bucharest-Sectorul 2
Tel 12 64 30
Telex 11716

SAUDI ARABIA
Modern Electronic Establishment
King Abdul Aziz str (head office)
P O Box 1228
Jeddah
Tel 31173-332201
Cable: ELECTRA
P O Box 2728 (Service center)
Riyadh
Tel 62996-66232
Cable: RADUFCCO

SPAIN
Hewlett-Packard Española, S A
Jeréz, Calle 3
E-Madrid 16
Gen. 11, 458 26 00 (10 lines)
Telex: 23515 npe
Hewlett-Packard Española, S A
Mianesado 21-23
E-Barcelona 17
Tel (3) 203 6200 (5 lines)
Telex: 62603 hpae e
Hewlett-Packard Española, S A
Av Ramon y Cajal, 1
Edificio Sevilla, planta 5.
E-Sevilla 5
Tel 64 44 5458
Hewlett-Packard Española S A
Edificio Altra II 7
E-Bilbao
Tel 23 83 06/23 82 06
Naveoslos Only
Hewlett-Packard Española S A
Gran Via Fernando El Católico, 67
E-Sevilla 8
Tel 326 67 28/326 65 55

SWEDEN
Hewlett-Packard Sverige AB
Engelstevägen 1
S-161 20 Bromma 20
Tel (08) 730 05 50
Cable: MEASUREMENTS
Stockholm
Hewlett-Packard Sverige AB
Ostra Vintergatan 22
S-702 40 Örebro
Tel (019) 14 07 20
Hewlett-Packard Sverige AB
Frolingsgatan 30
S-421 37 Västra Frolunda
Tel (031) 49 09 50
Telex 10721 Via Bromma Office

SWITZERLAND
Hewlett-Packard (Schweiz) AG
Zürcherstrasse 20
P O Box 307
CH-8952 Schlieren-Zürich
Tel (01) 730 52 40/730 18 21
Cable: HPAG CH
Telex 53933 hpag ch
Hewlett-Packard (schweiz) AG
Château Bloc 19
CH-1219 Le Lignon-Geneva
Tel (022) 96 03 22
Cable: HEWPAKAG Geneva
Tel (02) 73 33 hpag ch

SYRIA
Medical/Calculator only
Sawah & Co
2C, Avonim Industrial Estate
B P 2308
SYR-Damascus
Tel 16367 19697 14268
Cable: SAWAH Damascus
Telex 10440

TURKEY
Telekom Engineering Bureau
P O Box 437
Beyoğlu
TR-Istanbul
Tel 49 40 40
Cable: TELEKOM Istanbul
Telex 23609
Medical only
E M A
Mühendislik Kollektif Sirket
Adakale Sokak 41/6
TR-Ankara
Tel 175622
Analytical only
Yilmaz Dzyu-ek
Mili Müdafaa Cad No 16/6
Kizilay
TR-Ankara
Tel 25 03 09
Telex 42576 ozek tr

UNITED KINGDOM
Hewlett-Packard Ltd
King Street Lane
GB-Winnerah, Wokingham
Berks RG11 5AR
Tel (0734) 78 47 74
Cable: Hewpe London
Telex 847178/9

UNITED STATES
Hewlett-Packard Ltd
Trafalgar House,
Navigation Road
Aldrichham
Cheshire WA14 1HU
Tel (061) 928 6422
Telex 686068
Hewlett-Packard Ltd
Lygon Court
Hewarwood Road
Dudley Road
Halesowen,
West Midlands B62 8SD
Tel (021) 550 9911
Telex 339105

USSR
Hewlett-Packard
Representative Office USSR
Moskowsky Boulevard 4-17 KW 12
P.O. Box 101000
Tel 294 2024
Cable: INFORMATION Istanbul
Telex 23609
YUGOSLAVIA
Iskra-standards/Hewlett-Packard
Mikloševića 38/VII
61000 Ljubljana
Telb. 31 58 79 32 16 74
Telex 31583

UNITED STATES

ALABAMA
2290 Whitesburg Dr., S.E.
P O Box 4207
Huntsville 35802
Tel (205) 881-4591
Medical Only
226 W. Valley Ave.,
Room 220
Birmingham 35209
Tel (205) 942-2081/2

ARIZONA
2336 E. Magnolia St
Phoenix 85034
Tel (602) 244-1361
2424 East Aragon Rd
Tucson 85708
Tel (602) 294-3148

ARKANSAS
Medical Service Only
P O Box 5646
Brady Station
Little Rock 72215
Tel (501) 376-1844

CALIFORNIA
1430 East Orangefhorpe Ave
Fullerton 92631
Tel (714) 870-1000
3939 Lankershim Boulevard
North Hollywood 91604
Tel (213) 877-1282
TWX 910-499-2671
5400 West Rosecrans Blvd
P O Box 92105
World Way Postal Center
Los Angeles 90009
Tel (213) 870-7500
*Los Angeles
Tel (213) 776-7500
3903 Scott Boulevard
Santa Clara 95050
Tel (408) 249-7090
TWX 910-338-0518

FLORIDA
*Ridgecrest
Tel (714) 446-6165
646 W North Market Blvd
Sacramento 95834
Tel (916) 929-7222
9606 Aero Drive
P O Box 23333
San Diego 92123
Tel (619) 479-3200

COLORADO
5600 South Ulster Parkway
Englewood 80110
Tel (303) 771-3455

CONNECTICUT
12 Lunar Drive
New Haven 06525
Tel (203) 389-8551
TWX 710-465-2029

FLORIDA
P O Box 24210
2806 W Oakland Park Blvd
Ft. Lauderdale 33311
Tel (305) 731-2020
*Jacksonville
Medical Service Only
Tel (904) 398-0683
6177 Lake Eleanor Dr.
Orlando 32809
Tel (305) 859-2900
P O Box 12826
Pensacola 32575
Tel (904) 476-8422

GEORGIA
P O Box 105005
Atlanta 30348
Tel (404) 955-1590
TWX 810-746-4800
Medical Service Only
*Augusta 30903
Tel (404) 736-0592
P O Box 2103
Warner Robins 31098
Tel (912) 922-0449

HAWAII
2875 So. King Street
Honolulu 96814
Tel (808) 955-4455
Telex 723-705

ILLINOIS
2201 Tolliver Dr
Rolling meadows 60008
Tel (312) 255-9809
TWX 810-687-2260

INDIANA
7301 North Shadeland Ave
Indianapolis 46250
Tel (317) 842-1000
TWX 810-260-1797

IOWA
2415 Heinz Road
Lowe City 52240
Tel (319) 338-9466

KENTUCKY
Medical Only
Atkinson Square
3901 Atkinson Dr.
Suite 407 Atkinson Square
Louisville 40218
Tel (502) 456-1573

LOUISIANA
P O Box 840
3229-39 Williams Boulevard
Kenner 70063
Tel (504) 443-6201

MARYLAND
6707 Whitestone Road
Baltimore 21207
Tel (301) 944-5400
TWX 710-862-8157
2 Choke Cherry Road
Rockville 20850
Tel (301) 948-6370
TWX 710-828-9684

MASSACHUSETTS
32 Hartwell Ave
Lexington 02173
Tel (617) 861-8960
TWX 710-326-6904

MICHIGAN
23855 Research Drive
Farmington Hills 48024
Tel (313) 476-6400
724 West Centre Ave.
Kalamazoo 49002
Tel (605) 323-8362

MINNESOTA
2400 N. Prior Ave
St. Paul 55113
Tel (612) 763-8000
TWX 612-636-0700

MISSISSIPPI
*Jackson
Medical Service Only
Tel (601) 982-9363

MISSOURI
11131 Colorado Ave.
Kansas City 64137
Tel (816) 763-8000
TWX 910-771-2087
1024 Executive Parkway
St. Louis 63141
Tel (314) 878-0200

NEBRASKA
Medical Only
717 Mercy Road
Suite 10
Omaha 68106
Tel (402) 392-0948

NEW JERSEY
W 120 Century Rd
Paramus 07652
Tel (201) 265-5000
TWX 910-990-4951
Crystal Brook Professional
Building
Eatontown 07724
Tel (201) 542-1384

NEW MEXICO
P O Box 11634
Station E
Albuquerque 87123
Tel (505) 292-1300
TWX 910-989-1185

NEW YORK
6 Automation Lane
Computer Park
Albany 12205
Tel (518) 458-1550
201 South Avenue
Poughkeepsie 12601
Tel (914) 454-7330
TWX 510-253-5981
656 Perinton Hill Office Park
Fairport 14450
Tel (716) 223-9950
5858 East Molloy Road
Syracuse 13211
Tel (315) 454-2486
TWX 710-541-0482
1 Crossways Park West
Woodbury 11797
Tel (516) 921-0300
TWX 710-990-4951

NORTH CAROLINA
P O Box 5188
1923 North Main Street
High Point 27602
Tel (919) 885-8101

OHIO
16500 Sprague Road
Cincinnati 45130
Tel (216) 243-7300
TWX 810-423-9430
300 Progress Rd
Dayton 45449
Tel (513) 859-8202
1041 Kingsmill Parkway
Columbus 43229
Tel (614) 436-1041

OKLAHOMA
P O Box 32008
Oklahoma City 73132
Tel (405) 721-0200

OREGON
17830 SW Lower Boones
Ferry Road
Tualatin 97062
Tel (503) 620-3350

PENNSYLVANIA
111 Zeta Drive
Pittsburgh 15238
Tel (412) 787-0400
1021 8th Avenue
King of Prussia Industrial Park
King of Prussia 19406
Tel (215) 265-7000
TWX 610-560-2670

SOUTH CAROLINA
6941 O N Trenton Road
Columbia 29260
Tel (803) 782-6493

TENNESSEE
*Knoxville
Medical Service Only
Tel (615) 523-5022
3027 Vanguard Dr
Director's Plaza
Memphis 38131
Tel (901) 346-8370

TEXAS
P O Box 1270
201 E Arapaho Rd
Richardson 75080
Tel (214) 231-6101

UTAH
2160 South 3270 West Street
Salt Lake City 84119
Tel (801) 972-4711

VIRGINIA
P O Box 12276
No 7 Koger Exec Center
Suite 212
Norton 23502
Tel (804) 461-4025/6
P O Box 9669
12041 Hungary Springs Road
Richmond 23228
Tel (804) 285-3431

WASHINGTON
Bellevue Office Plc
12303 114th Ave S E
Bellevue 98004
Tel (206) 454-3971
TWX 910-443-2446

WEST VIRGINIA
Medical Analytical Only
Charleston
Tel (304) 345-1640

WISCONSIN
9004 West Lincoln Ave
West Allis 53227
Tel (414) 541-0550

FOR U.S. AREAS NOT LISTED:
Contact the regional office
nearest you Atlanta, Georgia
North Hollywood, California
Rockville, Maryland
Rolling Meadows, Illinois
Their complete
addresses are listed above